

zenon driver manual

v.7.11



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Contents

1.	Welcome to COPA-DATA help5				
2.	PCS812 6				
3.	PCS812 - Data sheet6				
4.	Drive	r history	,	7	
5.	Requi	irements	5	8	
	5.1	РС		8	
	5.2	Control .		9	
6.	Confi	guration	1	9	
	6.1	Creating	a driver	. 10	
	6.2	Settings	in the driver dialog	. 11	
		6.2.1	General	. 12	
		6.2.2	Com	. 15	
		6.2.3	PCS812 activation	. 16	
7.	Creat	ing varia	ıbles	18	
	7.1	Creating	variables in the Editor	. 18	
	7.2	Addressi	ing	. 20	
	7.3	Driver ol	bjects and datatypes	. 21	
		7.3.1	Driver objects	. 21	
		7.3.2	Mapping of the data types	. 23	
	7.4	Creating	variables by importing	. 25	
		7.4.1	XML import	. 25	
		7.4.2	DBF Import/Export	. 26	
	7.5	Driver va	ariables	. 32	
8.	Drive	r-specifi	c functions	37	
9.	Drive	r comma	ands	38	
10.	10. Error analysis				



10.1	Analysis tool	. 40
10.2	Error numbers	. 42
10.3	Check list	. 42



1. Welcome to COPA-DATA help

GENERAL HELP

If you cannot find any information you require in this help chapter or can think of anything that you would like added, please send an email to documentation@copadata.com (mailto:documentation@copadata.com).

PROJECT SUPPORT

You can receive support for any real project you may have from our Support Team, who you can contact via email at support@copadata.com (mailto:support@copadata.com).

LICENSES AND MODULES

If you find that you need other modules or licenses, our staff will be happy to help you. Email sales@copadata.com (mailto:sales@copadata.com).



2. PCS812

3. PCS812 - Data sheet

General:	
Driver file name	PCS812.exe
Driver name	Lauer PCS812
PLC types	Siemens S7-PLCs or compatible PLCs (e.g. VIPA) with MPI interface
PLC manufacturer	Lauer; MPI; Siemens; Vipa;

Driver supports:	
Protocol	MPI;
Addressing: Address-based	x
Addressing: Name-based	-
Spontaneous communication	-
Polling communication	x
Online browsing	-
Offline browsing	-
Real-time capable	-
Blockwrite	-
Modem capable	-
Serial logging	x



RDA numerical	x
RDA String	-

Requirements:	
Hardware PC	RS 232 serial interface + Lauer PCS812 Box or integrated module
Software PC	-
Hardware PLC	MPI cable from Box to PLC
Software PLC	-
Requires v-dll	-

Platforms:	
Operating systems	Windows CE 6.0, Embedded Compact 7; Windows Vista, 7, 8, 8.1 Server 2008/R2, Server 2012/R2;
CE platforms	x86; ARM;

4. Driver history

Date	Driver version	Change
07.07.08	2600	Created driver documentation

DRIVER VERSIONING

The versioning of the drivers was changed with zenon 7.10. There is a cross-version build number as of this version. This is the number in the 4th position of the file version,



For example: 7.10.0.4228 means: The driver is for version 7.10 service pack 0, and has the build number 4228.

Expansions or error rectifications will be incorporated into a build in the future and are then available form the next consecutive build number.

Example

A driver extension was implemented in build **4228**. The driver that you are using is build number **8322**. Because the build number of your driver is higher than the build number of the extension, the extension is included. The version number of the driver (the first three digits of the file version) do not have any significance in relation to this. The drivers are version-agnostic

5. Requirements

This chapter contains information on the requirements that are necessary for use of this driver.

5.1 PC

HARDWARE

Serial interface RS232

Protocol: MPI

A coupling is required between the PC and the PCS812 module.

Information

An adapter from a 25-pin to a 25-pin socket or from a 25-pin to a 9-pin socket is required.



PC	Coupling		PCS812
9-pin connector	9 pin socket socket	25 pin	25-pin connector
25-pin connector	25 pin socket socket	25 pin	25-pin connector

SOFTWARE

Copy the driver file PCS812.EXE to the current zenon directory (unless it is already there).

5.2 Control

Lauer PCS812

24V supply

In addition to the Lauer box, the following is required:

MPI cable from the box to the PLC;

24V power supply for the Lauer box

Coupling for the serial connector

6. Configuration

In this chapter you will learn how to use the driver in a project and which settings you can change.

Information

Find out more about further settings for zenon variables in the chapter Variables (main.chm::/15247.htm) of the online manual.



6.1 Creating a driver

In order to create a new driver:

- 1. Right-click on **Driver** in the Project Manage and select **Driver new** in the context menu.
- 2. In the following dialog the control system offers a list of all available drivers.

Definition of driver
Available drivers
📮 🚔 3S 🔺
Codesys Arti NG SoftPLC driver
Codesys Arti SoftPLC driver
Codesys SoftPLC driver
Allen-Bradley
E Applicom
Archet
E Areva
🗄 👘 Asfinag
Bachmann
🗄 🦳 BAConst
Driver name
Codesys Arti NG driver
Driver information
Description: Codesys Soft PLC driver "New Generation" for the Codesys 3S-ARTI (Asynchron Runtime Interface) interface. The driver supports direct variable import from the Codesys development environment and replaces the Codesys Arti Soft PLC driver.
Supported PLC types: Codesys Soft PLCs, Moeller XControl PLCs XC200 and XC600, and Elau PacDrive Controller MAX 4, C200, C400, C600, P600.
Supported connection types: Ethernet; Local
OK Cancel Help

3. Select the desired driver and give it a name:



- The driver name has to be unique, i.e. if one and the same driver is to be used several times in one project, a new name has to be given each time.
- The driver name is part of the file name. Therefore it may only contain characters which are supported by the operating system. Invalid characters are replaced by an underscore (_).
- Attention: This name cannot be changed later on.
- 4. Confirm the dialog with ox. In the following dialog the single configurations of the drivers are defined.

Only the respective required drivers need to be loaded for a project. Later loading of an additional driver is possible without problems.

Information

For new projects and for existing projects which are converted to version 6.21 or higher, the following drivers are created automatically:

- Internal
- MathDr32
- SysDrv.

6.2 Settings in the driver dialog

You can change the following settings of the driver:

Configuration



6.2.1 General

General		
		ок
V		Cancel
Mode:		
Hardware	~	Help
🔲 Keep updat	e list in memory	
Outputs wri	eable	
🔲 Variable ima	ge remanent	
Stopped on	Standby-Server	
🔽 Update time	global	
Global updatet	ne in ms:	
1000		
Priority		
no	mal: 1000 ms	
	igh: 500 ms	
hig	her: 300 ms	
	est: 100 ms	



Parameters	Description
Mode	 Allows to switch between hardware mode and simulation mode Hardware: A connection to the control is established. Simulation static No communication between to the control is established, the values are simulated by the driver. In this modus the values remain constant or the variables keep the values which were set by straton. Each variable has its own memory area. E.g. two variables of the type marker with offset 79 can have different values in the Runtime and do not influence each other. Exception: The simulator driver. Simulation - counting No communication between to the control is established, the values are simulated by the driver. In this modus the driver increments the values within a value range automatically. Simulation - programmed N communication is established to the PLC. The values are calculated by a freely programmable simulation project. The simulation project is created with the help of the straton Workbench and runs in a straton Runtime which is integrated in the driver. For details see chapter Driver simulation (main.chm::/25206.htm).
Keep update list in the memory	Variables which were requested once are still requested from the control even if they are currently not needed. This has the advantage that e.g. multiple screen switches after the screen was opened for the first time are executed faster because the variables need not be requested again. The disadvantage is a higher load for the communication to the control.
Outputs writeable	Active: Outputs can be written. Inactive: Writing of outputs is prevented.
	Note: Not available for every driver.



Variable image remanent	This option saves and restores the current value, time stamp and the states of a data point.
	Fundamental requirement: The variable must have a valid value and time stamp.
	The variable image is saved in mode hardware if:
	 one of the states S_MERKER_1(0) up to S_MERKER8(7), REVISION(9), AUS(20) or ERSATZWERT(27) is active
	The variable image is always saved if:
	the variable is of the object type Driver variable
	the driver runs in simulation mode. (not programmed simulation)
	The following states are not restored at the start of the Runtime:
	SELECT(8)
	▶ WR-ACK(40)
	WR-SUC(41)
	The mode Simulation – programmed at the driver start is not a criterion in order to restore the remanent variable image.
Stopped on Standby Server	Setting for redundancy at drivers which allow only on communication connection. For this the driver is stopped at the Standby Server and only started at the upgrade.
	Attention: If this option is active, the gapless archiving is no longer guaranteed.
	Active: Sets the driver at the not-process-leading Server automatically in a stop-like state. In contrast to stopping via driver command, the variable does not receive status switched off (statusverarbeitung.chm::/24150.htm) but an empty value. This prevents that at the upgrade to the Server irrelevant values are created in the AML, CEL and Historian.
Update time global	Active: The set Update time global in ms is used for all variables in the project. The priority set at the variables is not used. Inactive: The set priorities are used for the individual variables.
Priority	Here you set the polling times for the individual priorities. All variables with the according priority are polled in the set time. The allocation is taken



	place for each variable separately in the settings of the variable properties. The communication of the individual variables are graduated in respect of importance or necessary topicality using the priorities. Thus the communication load is distributed better.
ОК	Accepts settings in all tabs and closes dialog.
Cancel	Discards all changes and closes the dialog.
Help	Opens online help.

UPDATE TIME FOR CYCLICAL DRIVER

The following applies for cyclical drivers:

For Set value, Advising of variables and Requests, a read cycle is immediately triggered for all drivers - regardless of the set update time. This ensures that the value is immediately available for visualization after writing. Update times can therefore be shorter than pre-set for cyclical drivers.

6.2.2 Com

Configuration	
General Com PCS812-settings	ОК
<i>7</i> •	<u>C</u> ancel
Com: COM 1	



Parameters	Description
Com	Select serial interface
	COM1 – COM16
Default configuration	Com: COM1
PCS812 settings	

6.2.3 PCS812 activation

Configuration		
General Com PCS812-se	ttings	
Timeout:	500	ОК
HSA:	15 💌	<u>C</u> ancel
MPI-Baudrate:	187,5 kBaud 🔹	
Blocklen E/A read: MPI-addresses	16 Bytes	
Module:	5	
Connected Devices:	2;	
Char string without header		



Parameters	Description		
Timeout	Timeout of the PCS812 module, default: 2000ms		
	(Protocol timeout is always the maximum MPI timeout = 500ms)		
HSA	Highest Station address		
MPI Baud rate	Baud rate in the MPI net, default: 187kBaud		
Blocklen E/A read: 0 -> standard value 16	 The maximum block length that will be used for a request. Example: Driver setting: Blocklen E/A read: 2 Bytes Hardware: 2 E/A assembly groups E 0.0 - E 0.15 exist E 1.0 - E 1.15 do not exist ! E 2.0 - E 2.15 exist requested variables: E 0.5; E 0.8; E 0.14; E 2.2; E 2.9 The driver requests data in the following way. 1. from E 0.5 to E 0.14 2. from E 2.2 to E 2.9 This way, only existing data ranges will be requested and the previous communication failure will no longer occur. 		
Module	 MPI address of the box in the net, Default: 5. MPI addresses of Siemens devices: 0 -> Programming device (PG) 1 -> Operation Panel (OP) 2 -> new PLC We recommend to configure MPI address 1, because this corresponds to an OP by definition. However, you can use any MPI address lower than HSA. 		
Connected devices	MPI address of the PLC in the net. Here, you can specify up to 5 different PLC addresses, separated with ";". Example: ;2;3;		



7. Creating variables

This is how you can create variables in the zenon Editor:

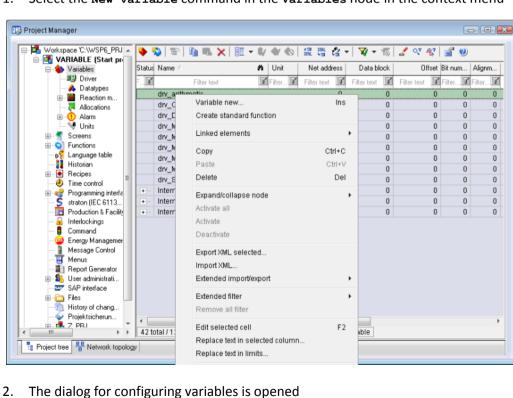
7.1 Creating variables in the Editor

Variables can be created:

- as simple variables
- ▶ in arrays (main.chm::/15262.htm)
- ▶ as structure variables (main.chm::/15278.htm)

VARIABLE DIALOG

To create a new variable, regardless of which type:



1. Select the New variable command in the variables node in the context menu



- 3. configure the variable
- 4. The settings that are possible depends on the type of variables

e variable			
Settings			
Name: S_Variable			
S Variable			
Driver			
SIMUL32 - SIMUL_WIZ			•
Driver object type			
PLC marker			•
Datatype			
REAL			
Array settings Start index is 0 Start index is 1 Dim 1 0	Dim 2	Dim 3	A .
Addressing options Automatic addressing			
Addressing according to	o data type offset a	and start offset	
Manual addressing			
Each datatype starts w	ith new offset		
Automatic addressing			
Activate all elements			
Activate element manual	ally		
Back	Finish	Cancel	He

Parameters	Description
Name	Distinct name of the variable. If a variable with the same name already exists in the project, no additional variable can be created with this name.
	Maximum length: 128 characters
	Attention: The characters # and @ are not permitted in variable names. If non-permitted characters are used, creation of variables cannot be completed and the Finish button remains inactive.
Drivers	Select the desired driver from the drop-down list.
	Note: If no driver has been opened in the project, the driver for internal variables (Intern.exe (Main.chm::/Intern.chm::/Intern.htm)) is automatically loaded.
Driver object type (cti.chm::/28685.h tm)	Select the appropriate driver object type from the drop-down list.



Data type	Select the desired data type. Click on the button to open the selection dialog.
Array settings	Expanded settings for array variables. You can find details in the Arrays chapter.
Addressing options	Expanded settings for arrays and structure variables. You can find details in the respective section.
Automatic element activation	Expanded settings for arrays and structure variables. You can find details in the respective section.

INHERITANCE FROM DATA TYPE

Measuring range, Signal range and Set value are always:

- derived from the datatype
- Automatically adapted if the data type is changed

Note for signal range: If a change is made to a data type that does not support the set signal range, the signal range is amended automatically. For example, for a change from INT to SINT, the signal range is changed to 127. The amendment is also carried out if the signal range was not inherited from the data type. In this case, the measuring range must be adapted manually.

7.2 Addressing

STANDARD SETTING DIL SWITCH

•	•	OFF=	
•		ON=	
1			
10	•	N.C.=	•
2=		N.C.	-
30		N.C.=	-
40		NC.=	-
50		NC.=	-
60		N.C.ª	-
7=		N.C.=	-
8=		NSAI-	-
90		NSA2=	•
10=		ON-RESET-+OFF-RUN=	•
110	•	ON-NORMAL-FOFF-PROG-MODE=	-
129		N.C.P	-



HSA = HIGHEST STATION ADRESS

DIL 8	DIL 9	HSA
OFF	OFF	127
OFF	ON	31
ON	OFF	63
ON	ON	15

Available in version PG812.100.2 and above

7.3 Driver objects and datatypes

Driver objects are areas available in the PLC, such as markers, data blocks etc. Here you can find out which driver objects are provided by the driver and which IEC data types can be assigned to the respective driver objects.

7.3.1 Driver objects

The following object types are available in this driver:



Driver object type	Channel type	Read / Write	Supported data types	Comment
Output	11	R / W	USINT, BOOL, SINT, UINT, INT	
Input	10	R	USINT, BOOL, SINT, UINT, INT	
Ext. Data block	34	R / W	REAL, BOOL, DINT, UDINT, USINT, INT, UINT, SINT, STRING	
PLC marker	8	R / W	BOOL, UDINT, DINT, USINT, UINT, INT, SINT	
Counters	23	R/W	UINT	
Time	22	R	REAL	
Driver variable	35	R / W	BOOL, SINT, USINT, INT, UINT, DINT, UDINT, REAL, STRING	Variables for the statistical analysis of communication. Find out more in the chapter about the Driver variables (on page 32)

OBJECTS FOR PROCESS VARIABLES IN ZENON

Object	Read	Write	Comment
Configuration			
BitMarker	Y	Y	Offset & 8£BitNr£15 = Offset+1 & BitNr-8
ByteMarker	Y	Y	Offset & of higher value = Offset+1 & of lower value
WordMarker	Y	Y	
DWordMarker	Y	Y	
DataBit	Y	Y	Offset & 8£BitNr£15 = Offset+1 & BitNr-8
DateByte	Y	Y	Offset & of higher value = Offset+1 & of lower value



DataWord	Y	Y	
Data double word	Y	Y	
DataFloat	Y	Y	
DataString	Y	Y	
Input bit	Y	N	Offset & 8£BitNr£15 = Offset+1 & BitNr-8
InputByte	Y	N	Offset & of higher value = Offset+1 & of lower value
InputWord	Y	N	
Output Bit	Y	N	Offset & 8£BitNr£15 = Offset+1 & BitNr-8
Output byte	Y	N	Offset & of higher value = Offset+1 & of lower value
Output Word	Y	N	
Timer float	Y	N	Value of the timer in seconds.
Counter WORD	Y	Y	Value range from 0 to 999.

7.3.2 Mapping of the data types

All variables in zenon are derived from IEC data types. The following table compares the IEC datatypes with the datatypes of the PLC.

EXAMPLE FOR ALL POSSIBLE ZENON DATA TYPES

PLC	zenon
Marker	
M 2.3	Bit marker offset 2 bit 3
	Offset 1 Bit 11
MB 35	Byte marker offset 35 low-order
	or Offset 34 high-order



					1						
MW	24				Word m	harker of	fset 24				
MD	16				Double	Word Of	fset 16				
Data b	locks										
Bit:	DB 100 6	Byte	4	Bit	Data bit	DB	100	Offset	4	Bit	6
					or	DB	100	Offset	3	Bit	14
Byte:	DB 100	Byte	2		Data by	te	DB	100	Offset	2	low-order
					or	DB	100	Offset	1	high-or	der
Word:	DB 100	Byte	6 to 7		Data wo	ord	DB	100	Offset	6	
Dword:	DB 100	Byte	8 to 11		Data do	uble wor	ď	DB	100	Offset	8
Float:	DB 100	Byte	20 to 23	3	Data flo	at	DB	100	Offset	20	
String:	DB 100	Byte	26 to 33	3	Data str	ring	DB	100	Offset	26	Length 8
Inputs											
E	2.5				Input bi	it	Offset	2	Bit	5	
					or	Offset	1	Bit	13		
EB	35				Input by	yte	Offset	35	low-orc	ler	
						or	Offset	34	high-or	der	
EW	24				Input w	ord	Offset	24			
Output	s										
А	2.5				Output	bit	Offset	2	Bit	5	
					or	Offset	1	Bit	13		
AB	35				Output	byte	Offset	35	low-orc	ler	
						or	Offset	34	high-or	der	
AW	24				Output	word	Offset	24			

Data type: The property Data type is the internal numerical name of the data type. It is also used for the extended DBF import/export of the variables.



7.4 Creating variables by importing

Variables can also be imported by importing them. The XML and DBF import is available for every driver.

Information

You can find details on the import and export of variables in the Import-Export (main.chm::/13028.htm) manual in the Variables (main.chm::/13045.htm) section.

7.4.1 XML import

For the import/export of variables the following is true:

- The import/export must not be started from the global project.
- The start takes place via:
 - Context menu of variables or data typ in the project tree
 - or context menu of a variable or a data type
 - or symbol in the symbol bar variables

Attention

When importing/overwriting an existing data type, all variables based on the existing data type are changed.

Example:

There is a data type XYZ derived from the type INTwith variables based on this data type. The XML file to be imported also contains a data type with the name XYZ but derived from type STRING. If this data type is imported, the existing data type is overwritten and the type of all variables based on it is adjusted. I.e. the variables are now no longer INT variables, but STRING variables.



7.4.2 DBF Import/Export

Data can be exported to and imported from dBase.

Information

Import and Export via CSV or dBase supported; no driver specific variable settings, such as formulas. Use export/import via XML for this.

IMPORT DBF FILE

To start the import:

- 1. right-click on the variable list
- 2. in the drop-down list of Extended export/import... select the Import dBase command
- 3. follow the import assistant

The format of the file is described in the chapter File structure.

Information

Note:

- Driver object type and data type must be amended to the target driver in the DBF file in order for variables to be imported.
- ▶ dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at import.

EXPORT DBF FILE

To start the export:

- 1. right-click on the variable list
- 2. in the drop-down list of Extended export/import... select the Export dBase... command
- 3. follow the export assistant



Attention

DBF files:

- must correspond to the 8.3 DOS format for filenames (8 alphanumeric characters for name, 3 character suffix, no spaces)
- must not have dots (.) in the path name.
 e.g. the path C:\users\John.Smith\test.dbf is invalid.
 Valid: C:\users\JohnSmith\test.dbf
- must be stored close to the root directory in order to fulfill the limit for file name length including path: maximum 255 characters

The format of the file is described in the chapter File structure.

Information

Ô

dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at export.

File structure of the dBase export file

The dBaseIV file must have the following structure and contents for variable import and export:



Attention

dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at export.

DBF files must:

- conform with there name to the 8.3 DOS format (8 alphanumeric characters for name, 3 characters for extension, no space)
- Be stored close to the root directory (Root)

STRUCTURE

Description	Туре	Field size	Comment
KANALNAME	Char	128	Variable name.
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in project.ini.
KANAL_R	С	128	The original name of a variable that is to be replaced by the new name entered under "VARIABLENNAME" (field/column must be entered manually).
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in project.ini.
KANAL_D	Log	1	The variable is deleted with the $1\ {\rm entry}$ (field/column has to be created by hand).
TAGNR	С	128	Identification.
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in project.ini.
Unit	С	11	Technical unit
DATENART	С	3	Data type (e.g. bit, byte, word,) corresponds to the data type.
KANALTYP	с	3	Memory area in the PLC (e.g. marker area, data area,) corresponds to the driver object type.
HWKANAL	Num	3	Bus address
BAUSTEIN	N	3	Datablock address (only for variables from the data area of the PLC)
ADDRESS	N	5	Offset



BITADR	N	2	For bit variables: bit address For byte variables: 0=lower, 8=higher byte For string variables: Length of string (max. 63 characters)		
ARRAYSIZE	N	16	Number of variables in the array for index variables ATTENTION: Only the first variable is fully available. All others are only available for VBA or the Recipe Group Manager		
LES_SCHR	R	1	Write-Read-Authorization 0: Not allowed to set value. 1: Allowed to set value.		
MIT_ZEIT	R	1	time stamp in zenon zenon (only if supported by the driver)		
OBJEKT	N	2	Driver-specific ID number of the primitive object comprises TREIBER-OBJEKTTYP and DATENTYP		
SIGMIN	Float	16	Non-linearized signal - minimum (signal resolution)		
SIGMAX	F	16	Non-linearized signal - maximum (signal resolution)		
ANZMIN	F	16	Technical value - minimum (measuring range)		
ANZMAX	F	16	Technical value - maximum (measuring range)		
ANZKOMMA	N	1	Number of decimal places for the display of the values (measuring range)		
UPDATERATE	F	19	Update rate for mathematics variables (in sec, one decimal possible) not used for all other variables		
MEMTIEFE	N	7	Only for compatibility reasons		
HDRATE	F	19	HD update rate for historical values (in sec, one decimal possible)		
HDTIEFE	N	7	HD entry depth for historical values (number)		
NACHSORT	R	1	HD data as postsorted values		
DRRATE	F	19	Updating to the output (for zenon DDE server, in [s], one decimal possible)		
HYST_PLUS	F	16	Positive hysteresis, from measuring range		
HYST_MINUS	F	16	Negative hysteresis, from measuring range		
PRIOR	N	16	Priority of the variable		
REAMATRIZE	С	32	Allocated reaction matrix		



ERSATZWERT	F	16	Substitute value, from measuring range
SOLLMIN	F	16	Minimum for set value actions, from measuring range
SOLLMAX	F	16	Maximum for set value actions, from measuring range
VOMSTANDBY	R	1	Get value from standby server; the value of the variable is not requested from the server but from the Standby Server in redundant networks
RESOURCE	С	128	Resources label. Free string for export and display in lists. The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in project.ini.
ADJWVBA	R	1	Non-linear value adaption: 0: Non-linear value adaption is used 1: Non-linear value adaption is not used
ADJZENON	С	128	Linked VBA macro for reading the variable value for non-linear value adjustment.
ADJWVBA	С	128	ed VBA macro for writing the variable value for non-linear value adjustment.
ZWREMA	N	16	Linked counter REMA.
MAXGRAD	N	16	Gradient overflow for counter REMA.
l			

Attention

When importing, the driver object type and data type must be amended to the target driver in the DBF file in order for variables to be imported.

LIMIT DEFINITION

Limit definition for limit values 1 to 4, and status 1 bis 4:



Description	Туре	Field size	Comment	
AKTIV1	R	1	Limit value active (per limit value available)	
GRENZWERT1	F	20	hnical value or ID number of a linked variable for a dynamic lim (see VARIABLEx) (if VARIABLEx is 1 and here it is -1, the existing variable linkage is not overwritten)	
SCHWWERT1	F	16	Threshold value for limit	
HYSTERESE1	F	14	Is not used	
BLINKEN1	R	1	Set blink attribute	
BTB1	R	1	Logging in CEL	
ALARM1	R	1	Alarm	
DRUCKEN1	R	1	Printer output (for CEL or Alarm)	
QUITTIER1	R	1	Must be acknowledged	
LOESCHE1	R	1	Must be deleted	
VARIABLE1	R	1	Dyn. limit value linking the limit is defined by an absolute value (see field GRENZWERTx	
FUNC1	R	1	Functions linking	
ASK_FUNC1	R	1	Execution via Alarm Message List	
FUNC_NR1	N	10	ID number of the linked function (if "-1" is entered here, the existing function is not overwritten during import)	
A_GRUPPE1	N	10	Alarm/event group	
A_KLASSE1	N	10	Alarm/event class	
MIN_MAX1	С	3	Minimum, Maximum	
FARBE1	N	10	Color as Windows coding	
GRENZTXT1	С	66	Limit value text	
A_DELAY1	N	10	Time delay	
INVISIBLE1	R	1	Invisible	



EXPRESSIONS IN THE COLUMN "COMMENT" REFER TO THE EXPRESSIONS USED IN THE DIALOG BOXES FOR THE DEFINITION OF VARIABLES. FOR MORE INFORMATION, SEE CHAPTER VARIABLE DEFINITION.

7.5 Driver variables

The driver kit implements a number of driver variables. These are divided into:

- Information
- Configuration
- Statistics and
- Error messages

The definitions of the variables defined in the driver kit are available in the import file drvvar.dbf (on the CD in the directory: CD Drive:/Predefined/Variables) and can be imported from there.

Note: Variable names must be unique in zenon. If driver variables are to be imported from drvvar.dbf again, the variables that were imported beforehand must be renamed.

Information

Not every driver supports all driver variants.

For example:

- > Variables for modem information are only supported by modem-compatible drivers
- Driver variables for the polling cycle only for pure polling drivers
- Connection-related information such as ErrorMSG only for drivers that only edit one connection at a a time



INFORMATION

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
MainVersion	UINT	0	Main version number of the driver.
SubVersion	UINT	1	Sub version number of the driver.
BuildVersion	UINT	29	Build version number of the driver.
RTMajor	UINT	49	zenon main version number
RTMinor	UINT	50	zenon sub version number
RTSp	UINT	51	zenon service pack number
RTBuild	UINT	52	zenon build number
LineStateIdle	BOOL	24.0	TRUE, if the modem connection is idle
LineStateOffering	BOOL	24.1	TRUE, if a call is received
LineStateAccepted	BOOL	24.2	The call is accepted
LineStateDialtone	BOOL	24.3	Dialtone recognized
LineStateDialing	BOOL	24.4	Dialing active
LineStateRingBack	BOOL	24.5	While establishing the connection
LineStateBusy	BOOL	24.6	Target station is busy
LineStateSpecialInfo	BOOL	24.7	Special status information received
LineStateConnected	BOOL	24.8	Connection established
LineStateProceeding	BOOL	24.9	Dialing completed
LineStateOnHold	BOOL	12:00 AM	Connection in hold
LineStateConferenced	BOOL	12:00 AM	Connection in conference mode.
LineStateOnHoldPendConf	BOOL	12:00 AM	Connection in hold for conference
LineStateOnHoldPendTransfer	BOOL	24.13	Connection in hold for transfer
LineStateDisconnected	BOOL	24.14	Connection terminated.
LineStateUnknow	BOOL	24.15	Connection status unknown



ModemStatus	UDINT	24	Current modem status
TreiberStop	BOOL	28	Driver stopped For driver stop, the variable has the value TRUE and an OFF bit. After the driver has started, the variable has the value FALSE and no OFF bit.
SimulRTState	UDINT	60	Informs the status of Runtime for driver simulation.

CONFIGURATION

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
ReconnectInRead	BOOL	27	If TRUE, the modem is automatically reconnected for reading
ApplyCom	BOOL	36	Apply changes in the settings of the serial interface. Writing to this variable immediately results in the method SrvDrvVarApplyCom being called (which currently has no further function).
ApplyModem	BOOL	37	Apply changes in the settings of the modem. Writing this variable immediately calls the method SrvDrvVarApplyModem. This closes the current connection and opens a new one according to the settings PhoneNumberSet and ModemHwAdrSet.
PhoneNumberSet	STRING	38	Telephone number, that should be used
ModemHwAdrSet	DINT	39	Hardware address for the telephone number
GlobalUpdate	UDINT	3	Update time in milliseconds (ms).
BGlobalUpdaten	BOOL	4	TRUE, if update time is global
TreiberSimul	BOOL	5	TRUE, if driver in sin simulation mode
TreiberProzab	BOOL	6	TRUE, if the variables update list should be



			kept in the memory
ModemActive	BOOL	7	TRUE, if the modem is active for the driver
Device	STRING	8	Name of the serial interface or name of the modem
ComPort	UINT	9	Number of the serial interface.
Baud rate	UDINT	10	Baud rate of the serial interface.
Parity	SINT	11	Parity of the serial interface
ByteSize	USINT	14	Number of bits per character of the serial interface
			Value = 0 if the driver cannot establish any serial connection.
StopBit	USINT	13	Number of stop bits of the serial interface.
Autoconnect	BOOL	16	TRUE, if the modem connection should be established automatically for reading/writing
PhoneNumber	STRING	17	Current telephone number
ModemHwAdr	DINT	21	Hardware address of current telephone number
RxIdleTime	UINT	18	Modem is disconnected, if no data transfer occurs for this time in seconds (s)
WriteTimeout	UDINT	19	Maximum write duration for a modem connection in milliseconds (ms).
RingCountSet	UDINT	20	Number of ringing tones before a call is accepted
ReCallIdleTime	UINT	53	Waiting time between calls in seconds (s).
ConnectTimeout	UINT	54	Time in seconds (s) to establish a connection.



STATISTICS

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
MaxWriteTime	UDINT	31	The longest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required for writing.
MinWriteTime	UDINT	32	The shortest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required for writing.
MaxBlkReadTime	UDINT	40	Longest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required to read a data block.
MinBlkReadTime	UDINT	41	Shortest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required to read a data block.
WriteErrorCount	UDINT	33	Number of writing errors
ReadSucceedCount	UDINT	35	Number of successful reading attempts
MaxCycleTime	UDINT	22	Longest time in milliseconds (ms) required to read all requested data.
MinCycleTime	UDINT	23	Shortest time in milliseconds (ms) required to read all requested data.
WriteCount	UDINT	26	Number of writing attempts
ReadErrorCount	UDINT	34	Number of reading errors
MaxUpdateTimeNormal	UDINT	56	Time since the last update of the priority group Normal in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHigher	UDINT	57	Time since the last update of the priority group Higher in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHigh	UDINT	58	Time since the last update of the priority group High in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHighest	UDINT	59	Time since the last update of the priority group Highest in milliseconds (ms).
PokeFinish	BOOL	55	Goes to 1 for a query, if all current pokes were executed



ERROR MESSAGES

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
ErrorTimeDW	UDINT	2	Time (in seconds since 1.1.1970), when the last error occurred.
ErrorTimeS	STRING	2	Time (in seconds since 1.1.1970), when the last error occurred.
RdErrPrimObj	UDINT	42	Number of the PrimObject, when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrStationsName	STRING	43	Name of the station, when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrBlockCount	UINT	44	Number of blocks to read when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrHwAdresse	DINT	45	Hardware address when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrDatablockNo	UDINT	46	Block number when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrMarkerNo	UDINT	47	Marker number when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrSize	UDINT	48	Block size when the last reading error occurred.
DrvError	USINT	25	Error message as number
DrvErrorMsg	STRING	30	Error message as text
ErrorFile	STRING	15	Name of error log file

8. Driver-specific functions

The driver supports the following functions:

ZENON6.INI ENTRIES

The driver has a so-called "Hardware simulation" mode. In this mode, the hardware will be simulated in the memory instead of treating every variable separately (like in simulation mode). The mode can be activated with an entry in the zenon6.ini file:

[PCS812]



SIMUL=1

UPDATE FIRMWARE

Requirement: PC with MS-DOS (no DOS windows!), serial interface (COM 1)

The update consists of 4 files. Copy the files into a subdirectory.

Set DIL 11 to OFF (PROG. MOD).

Execute "Otrans.bat".

After the transmission has finished without errors, set DIL 11 to ON (NORMAL).

9. Driver commands

This chapter describes standard functions that are valid for most zenon drivers. Not all functions described here are available for every driver. For example, a driver that does not, according to the data sheet, support a modem connection also does not have any modem functions.

Driver commands are used to influence drivers using zenon; start and stop for example. The engineering is implemented with the help of function **Driver** commands. To do this:

- create a new function
- ► select Variables -> Driver commands
- The dialog for configuration is opened

Driver	_
Driver commands Settings Driver S7TCP32	K ancel Help
Driver command <no commando=""></no>	



Parameters	Description
Drivers	Drop-down list with all drivers which are loaded in the project.
Current state	Fixed entry which has no function in the current version.
Driver commands	Drop-down list for the selection of the command.
 Start driver (o mode) 	nline Driver is reinitialized and started.
 Stop driver (offline mode) 	fline Driver is stopped. No new data is accepted.
	Note: If the driver is in offline mode, all variables that were created for this driver receive the status switched off (OFF; Bit 20).
 Driver in simul mode 	ation Driver is set into simulation mode. The values of all variables of the driver are simulated by the driver. No values from the connected hardware (e.g. PLC, bus system,) are displayed.
 Driver in hardwa 	Driver is set into hardware mode. For the variables of the driver the values from the connected hardware (e.g. PLC, bus system,) are displayed.
 Driver-specific command 	Enter driver-specific commands. Opens input field in order to enter a command.
 Activate driver set value 	write Write set value to a driver is allowed.
 Deactivate driv write set value 	·
 Establish conne with modem 	Establish connection (for modem drivers) Opens the input fields for the hardware address and for the telephone number.
 Disconnect from 	modem Terminate connection (for modem drivers)
Show this dialog i Runtime	In the The dialog is shown in Runtime so that changes can be made.

DRIVER COMMANDS IN THE NETWORK

If the computer, on which the driver command function is executed, is part of the zenon network, additional actions are carried out. A special network command is sent from the computer to the project



server, which then executes the desired action on its driver. In addition, the Server sends the same driver command to the project standby. The standby also carries out the action on its driver.

This makes sure that Server and Standby are synchronized. This only works if the Server and the Standby both have a working and independent connection to the hardware.

10. Error analysis

Should there be communication problems, this chapter will assist you in finding out the error.

10.1 Analysis tool

All zenon modules such as Editor, Runtime, drivers, etc. write messages to a joint log file. To display them correctly and clearly, use the Diagnosis Viewer (main.chm::/12464.htm) program that was also installed with zenon. You can find it under *Start/All programs/zenon/Tools* 7.11 -> *Diagviewer*.

zenon driver log all errors in the log files. The default folder for the log files is subfolder Log in directory ProgramData, example: C:\ProgramData\zenon\zenon7.11\LOG for zenon Version 7.11. Log files are text files with a special structure.

Attention: With the default settings, a driver only logs error information. With the **Diagnosis Viewer** you can enhance the diagnosis level for most of the drivers to "Debug" and "Deep Debug". With this the driver also logs all other important tasks and events.

In the Diagnosis Viewer you can also:

- follow currently created entries live
- customize the logging settings
- change the folder in which the log files are saved

Hints:

1. In Windows CE even errors are not logged per default due to performance reasons.



- 2. The Diagnosis Viewer displays all entries in UTC (coordinated world time) and not in local time.
- 3. The Diagnosis Viewer does not display all columns of a log file per default. To display more columns activate property Add all columns with entry in the context menu of the column header.
- 4. If you only use Error logging, the problem description is in column Error text. For other diagnosis level the description is in column General text.
- 5. For communication problems many drivers also log error numbers which the PLC assigns to them. They are displayed in Error text and/or Error code and/or Driver error parameter (1 and 2). Hints on the meaning of error codes can be found in the driver documentation and the protocol/PLC description.
- 6. At the end of your test set back the diagnosis level from Debug Or Deep Debug. At Debug and Deep Debug there are a great deal of data for logging which are saved to the hard drive and which can influence your system performance. They are still logged even after you close the Diagnosis Viewer.

Information

You can find further information on the Diagnosis Viewer in the Diagnose Viewer (main.chm::/12464.htm) chapter.



10.2 Error numbers

Error number	Description
1	Read error. Address to be read is unknown in the network.
2	Read error. Connection to the specified address cannot be established.
3	Write error. Address unknown in the network.
4	Write error. Connection to the specified address cannot be established.
5	Write error. Write confirmation not received.
6	While restarting, the network participants could not be defined on the PCS812 box. This indicates a communication problem with the PCS812 box.
8	No connection to the network participants could be established when opening the interface.
9	While writing, the connection to a network participant could not be re-established.

10.3 Check list

Is the PLC connected to the power supply?

Are the participants available in the TCP/IP network?

Can the PLC be reached via the PING command?

Can the PLC be reached via TELNET?

Are the PLC and the PC connected with the right cable?

Did you select the right COM port?

Do the communication parameters match (Baud rate, parity, start/stop bits,...)?

Is the COM port blocked by another application?



Did you configure the net address correctly, both in the driver dialog and in the address properties of the variable?

Did you use the right object type for the variable?

Does the offset addressing of the variable match the one in the PLC?

Use the DiagViewer for further analysis -> Which messages does it show?