

# zenon driver manual Phoenix32

v.7.20



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## 1. Welcome to COPA-DATA help

#### **GENERAL HELP**

If you cannot find any information you require in this help chapter or can think of anything that you would like added, please send an email to documentation@copadata.com (mailto:documentation@copadata.com).

#### **PROJECT SUPPORT**

You can receive support for any real project you may have from our Support Team, who you can contact via email at support@copadata.com (mailto:support@copadata.com).

#### LICENSES AND MODULES

If you find that you need other modules or licenses, our staff will be happy to help you. Email sales@copadata.com (mailto:sales@copadata.com).

## 2. Phoenix32

The Phoenix Contact Driver (phoenix32.exe) is used for connecting to all PLCs by Phoenix Contact based on the ProConOS protocol. This includes, for example, Inline Controllers (ILC), Remote Field Controllers (RFC), PC cards (FC) etc.



## 3. PHOENIX32 - Data sheet

General:	
Driver file name	PHOENIX32.exe
Driver name	Phoenix Contact driver
PLC types	All Control Systems from Phoenix Contact based on ProConOS, e.g. Inline Controller (ILC),Remote Field Controller (RFC), PC-Interface Cards (FC) etc. except: the serie 100 is not supported.
PLC manufacturer	Phoenix Contact; KW-Software; Kuka Robotics;

Driver supports:	
Protocol	ProConOS;
Addressing: Address-based	-
Addressing: Name-based	x
Spontaneous communication	-
Polling communication	x
Online browsing	x
Offline browsing	x
Real-time capable	-
Blockwrite	-
Modem capable	-
Serial logging	-
RDA numerical	-
RDA String	-



Requirements:	
Hardware PC	-
Software PC	-
Hardware PLC	-
Software PLC	-
Requires v-dll	-

Platforms:	
Operating systems	Windows CE 6.0; Windows CE 6.0, Embedded Compact 7; Windows 7, 8, 8.1 Server 2008R2, Server 2012, Server 2012R2;
CE platforms	x86; ARM;

## 4. Driver history

Date	Driver version	Change
1/28/200 9	100	Created driver documentation
2/27/201 4	10539	<b>Symbolic address</b> can be used as an alternative to the variable name and identification.

### DRIVER VERSIONING

The versioning of the drivers was changed with zenon 7.10. There is a cross-version build number as of this version. This is the number in the 4th position of the file version, For example: 7.10.0.4228 means: The driver is for version 7.10 service pack 0, and has the build number 4228.

Expansions or error rectifications will be incorporated into a build in the future and are then available form the next consecutive build number.



## Example

A driver extension was implemented in build **4228**. The driver that you are using is build number **8322**. Because the build number of your driver is higher than the build number of the extension, the extension is included. The version number of the driver (the first three digits of the file version) do not have any significance in relation to this. The drivers are version-agnostic

## 5. Configuration

In this chapter you will learn how to use the driver in a project and which settings you can change.

## Information

Find out more about further settings for zenon variables in the chapter Variables (main.chm::/15247.htm) of the online manual.

## 5.1 Creating a driver

In order to create a new driver:

1. Right-click on Driver in the Project Manage and select Driver new in the context menu.



finition of driver		
Available drivers		
🕞 - 📇 3S		<u> </u>
Codesys Arti NG SoftPLC driver	-	
Codesys Arti SoftPLC driver	=	
Codesys SoftPLC driver		
ABB		
AEG		
🗄 💼 Allen-Bradley		
Alstom		
I Apex		
Applicom		
Arcnet		
🗄 💮 Areva		
a Asfinag		
		-
Driver name		
Codesys Arti NG driver		
Driver information		
Description: Codesys Soft PLC driver "New Generation" for the C Interface) interface. The driver supports direct vari environment and replaces the Codesys Arti Soft PLC Supported PLC types: Codesys Soft PLCs, Moeller XControl PLCs XC200 ar MAX 4, C200, C400, C600, P600. Supported connection types: Ethernet; Local	iable import from the Codesys development C driver.	* III *
(	OK Cancel Help	

2. In the following dialog the control system offers a list of all available drivers.

- 3. Select the desired driver and give it a name:
  - The driver name has to be unique, i.e. if one and the same driver is to be used several times in one project, a new name has to be given each time.
  - The driver name is part of the file name. Therefore it may only contain characters which are supported by the operating system. Invalid characters are replaced by an underscore (\_).
  - Attention: This name cannot be changed later on.



4. Confirm the dialog with ox. In the following dialog the single configurations of the drivers are defined.

Only the respective required drivers need to be loaded for a project. Later loading of an additional driver is possible without problems.

Information		
For new projects and for existing projects which are converted to version 6.21 or higher, the following drivers are created automatically:		
Internal		
MathDr32		
SysDrv.		

## 5.2 Settings in the driver dialog

You can change the following settings of the driver:

### 5.2.1 General

The configuration dialog is opened when a driver is created. In order to be able to open the dialog later for editing, double click on the driver in the list or click on the **Configuration** property.

Configuration				
General				
	OK Cancel			
Mode:	Cancer			
Hardware	Help			
Keep update list in memory				
Outputs writeable				
🔲 Variable image remanent				
Stopped on Standby-Server				
☑ Update time global				
Global updatetime in ms:				
1000				
Priority normal: 1000 ms				
high: 500 ms				
higher: 300 ms				
highest: 100 ms				



Parameters	Description
Mode	Allows to switch between hardware mode and simulation mode <ul> <li>Hardware:</li> </ul>
	A connection to the control is established.
	Simulation static
	No communication between to the control is established, the values are simulated by the driver. In this modus the values remain constant or the variables keep the values which were set by zenon Logic. Each variable has its own memory area. E.g. two variables of the type marker with offset 79 can have different values in the Runtime and do not influence each other. Exception: The simulator driver.
	Simulation - counting
	No communication between to the control is established, the values are simulated by the driver. In this modus the driver increments the values within a value range automatically.
	Simulation - programmed
	N communication is established to the PLC. The values are calculated by a freely programmable simulation project. The simulation project is created with the help of the zenon Logic Workbench and runs in a zenon Logic Runtime which is integrated in the driver. For details see chapter Driver simulation (main.chm::/25206.htm).
Keep update list in the memory	Variables which were requested once are still requested from the control even if they are currently not needed. This has the advantage that e.g. multiple screen switches after the screen was opened for the first time are executed faster because the variables need not be requested again. The disadvantage is a higher load for the communication to the control.
Output can be written	Active: Outputs can be written.
	Inactive: Writing of outputs is prevented.
	Note: Not available for every driver.
Variable image remanent	This option saves and restores the current value, time stamp and the states of a data point.
	Fundamental requirement: The variable must have a valid value and time stamp.



	The variable image is saved in mode hardware if:
	<ul> <li>one of the states S_MERKER_1(0) up to S_MERKER8(7), REVISION(9), AUS(20) or ERSATZWERT(27) is active</li> </ul>
	The variable image is always saved if:
	the variable is of the object type Driver variable
	<ul> <li>the driver runs in simulation mode. (not programmed simulation)</li> </ul>
	The following states are not restored at the start of the Runtime:
	SELECT(8)
	▶ WR-ACK(40)
	▶ WR-SUC(41)
	The mode Simulation – programmed at the driver start is not a criterion in order to restore the remanent variable image.
Stop on Standby Server	Setting for redundancy at drivers which allow only on communication connection. For this the driver is stopped at the Standby Server and only started at the upgrade.
	<b>Attention:</b> If this option is active, the gapless archiving is no longer guaranteed.
	Active: Sets the driver at the not-process-leading Server automatically in a stop-like state. In contrast to stopping via driver command, the variable does not receive status switched off (statusverarbeitung.chm::/24150.htm) but an empty value. This prevents that at the upgrade to the Server irrelevant values are created in the AML, CEL and Historian.
	<b>Note:</b> Not available if the CE terminal serves as a data server. You can find further information in the zenon Operator manual in the CE terminal as a data server chapter.
Global Update time	Active: The set Global update time in ms is used for all variables in the project. The priority set at the variables is not used. Inactive: The set priorities are used for the individual variables.
Priority	The polling times for the individual priority classes are set here. All variables with the according priority are polled in the set time.
	The allocation to the variables takes place separately in the settings of the variable properties. The communication of the individual variables are graduated in respect of importance or necessary topicality using the priorities.



Thus the communication load is distributed better.
Attention: Priority classes are not supported by each driver For example, drivers that communicate spontaneously do not support it.

#### **CLOSE DIALOG**

Parameters	Description	
OK	Applies all changes in all tabs and closes the dialog.	
Cancel	Discards all changes in all tabs and closes the dialog.	
Help	Opens online help.	

#### UPDATE TIME FOR CYCLICAL DRIVERS

The following applies for cyclical drivers:

For Set value, Advising of variables and Requests, a read cycle is immediately triggered for all drivers - regardless of the set update time. This ensures that the value is immediately available for visualization after writing. Update times can therefore be shorter than pre-set for cyclical drivers.

## 5.2.2 Connection TCP/IP

You can configure the connections to the PLCs in the tab Connection TCP/IP:

	Config	uration	
eneral Conn. TCP/IP			
Variables access:			ОК
Variable name			Cancel
O Variable identification			
Symbolic address			Help
Connections		Edit connection	
Connection name	Net address	Net address	
Connection nume	Net Bulless	0	
		Connection name	
		IP-Address:	
		Save Cancel	
		Calicer	
New	elete Edit		
	Lon	1	



## TCP/IP CONNECTION DIALOG

#### VARIABLE ACCESS

Parameters	Description	
Variable access	Stipulation of how variables are accessed:	
	Variable name	
	Variable identification	
	<ul> <li>Symbolic address</li> </ul>	
Variable name	Active: Variable allocation is via the variable name.	
Variable identification	Active: Variable allocation is via the variable identification.	
Symbolic address	Active: Variable allocation is via the Symbolic address	

### CONNECTIONS

Parameters	Description
Connection list	Displays the connection names with the corresponding hardware addresses. When selecting a connection name with the mouse pointer, its connection parameters will be displayed.
New	Creates a new connection with default settings.
Delete	Deletes the connection selected in the connection list.
Edit	Opens an existing connection for editing.

#### EDIT CONNECTION

Parameters	Description
Net address	Corresponds to the <b>Net address</b> in the variable definition.
Connection name	Freely definable name.
IP address	IP address of PLC.
Save	Saves a new or edited connection.
Cancel	Cancels the editing of connection settings without saving changes.

### CLOSE DIALOG

ОК	Applies all changes in all tabs and closes the dialog.
Cancel	Discards all changes in all tabs and closes the dialog.



Help Opens online help.
-------------------------

#### **CREATE NEW CONNECTION**

- 1. click on the button New
- 2. Enter the connection parameters Net address, Connection name and IP address
- 3. Click on save

#### DISPLAY CONNECTION PARAMETERS OF A CONNECTION

- 1. select the desired connection in the connection list with the mouse pointer.
- 2. the parameters will be displayed

#### EDIT CONNECTION

- 1. select the connection in the connection list
- 2. Click on the Edit button
- 3. change the connection parameters
- 4. finish with save

### **DELETE CONNECTION**

- 1. select the connection in the connection list
- 2. click on the button Delete
- 3. the connection will be removed from the list

## 6. Creating variables

This is how you can create variables in the zenon Editor:

## 6.1 Creating variables in the Editor

Variables can be created:

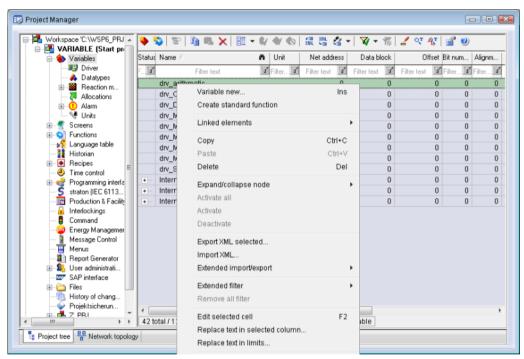


- as simple variables
- ▶ in arrays (main.chm::/15262.htm)
- ▶ as structure variables (main.chm::/15278.htm)

#### VARIABLE DIALOG

To create a new variable, regardless of which type:

1. Select the New variable command in the variables node in the context menu



- 2. The dialog for configuring variables is opened
- 3. configure the variable



ate variable	2
Settings	
Name: S Variable	
S_Variable	
Driver	
SIMUL32 - SIMUL_WIZ	
Driver object type	
PLC marker 👻	
Datatype	
REAL	
Start index is 1     Dim 1    Dim 2    Dim 3     0	
Addressing options	
Automatic addressing	
Addressing according to data type offset and start offset	
Manual addressing	
$\ensuremath{\overline{\checkmark}}$ Each datatype starts with new offset	
Automatic addressing	
Activate all elements	
<ul> <li>Activate element manually</li> </ul>	
Back Finish Cancel Help	0

4. The settings that are possible depends on the type of variables



Property	Description
Name	Distinct name of the variable. If a variable with the same name already exists in the project, no additional variable can be created with this name.
	Maximum length: 128 Zeichen
	Attention: The characters <b>#</b> and @ are not permitted in variable names. If non-permitted characters are used, creation of variables cannot be completed and the Finish button remains inactive. Note: For some drivers, the addressing is possible over the property Symbolic address, as well.
Driver	Select the desired driver from the drop-down list.
	<b>Note:</b> If no driver has been opened in the project, the driver for internal variables (Intern.exe (Main.chm::/Intern.chm::/Intern.htm)) is automatically loaded.
Driver object type (cti.chm::/28685.htm)	Select the appropriate driver object type from the drop-down list.
Data type	Select the desired data type. Click on the button to open the selection dialog.
Array settings	Expanded settings for array variables. You can find details in the Arrays chapter.
Addressing options	Expanded settings for arrays and structure variables. You can find details in the respective section.
Automatic element activation	Expanded settings for arrays and structure variables. You can find details in the respective section.

#### INHERITANCE FROM DATA TYPE

Measuring range, Signal range and Set value are always:

- derived from the datatype
- Automatically adapted if the data type is changed

**Note for signal range**: If a change is made to a data type that does not support the set **signal range**, the **signal range** is amended automatically. For example, for a change from **INT** to **SINT**, the **signal range** is changed to 127. The amendment is also carried out if the **signal range** was not inherited from the data type. In this case, the **measuring range** must be adapted manually.

## 6.2 Addressing

You define the addressing of the variables in the property window:



Group/Property	Description		
General			
Name	Property <b>Identification via the name</b> inactive: Name is freely selectable.		
	Property <b>Identification via the name</b> active: Name of the variables in the PLC.		
	Note: In order to use the same variables for different controllers in one project, a variable prefix in the form of [prefix]![variable name] can be used. The prefix and the exclamation mark are removed by the driver when the variable is requested by the control.		
Identification	You can enter a random identification if <b>Identification via name</b> is selected. Otherwise the variable name of the variable from the control is used as the identification. Again you can enter a prefix as with the properties <b>Name</b> .		
Addressing	Properties for the configuration of the addressing.		
Net address	Net address of the control is taken from the allocation file.		
Data block	not used for this driver		
Offset	not used for this driver		
Alignment	not used for this driver		
Symbolic address	From version 7.10, can be used optionally as an alternative to the variable name and identification. Selection in the TCP/IP connection (on page 12) driver dialog, configuration in the variable property.		
Bit number	not used for this driver		
String length	Only available for String variables: Maximum number of characters that the variable can take.		
Driver connection/Driver object type	Depending on the employed driver, an object type is selected during the creation of the variable; the type can be changed here later.		
Driver connection/Data type	Data type of the variable, which is selected during the creation of the variable; the type can be changed here later.		
	<b>Attention:</b> If you change the data type later, all other properties of the variable must be checked and adjusted, if necessary.		



## 6.3 Driver objects and datatypes

Driver objects are areas available in the PLC, such as markers, data blocks etc. Here you can find out which driver objects are provided by the driver and which IEC data types can be assigned to the respective driver objects.

## 6.3.1 Driver objects

The following object types are available in this driver:

Driver object type	Channel type	Read / Write	Supported data types	Description
PLC marker	8	R / W	BOOL, SINT, USINT, INT, UINT, DINT, UDINT, REAL, LREAL, STRING	
Driver variable	35	R / W	BOOL, SINT, USINT, INT, UINT, DINT, UDINT, REAL, STRING	Variables for the statistical analysis of communication. Find out more in the chapter about the Driver variables (on page 30)

## 6.3.2 Mapping of the data types

All variables in zenon are derived from IEC data types. The following table compares the IEC datatypes with the datatypes of the PLC.



Control	zenon	Data type
BOOL	BOOL	8
USINT	USINT	9
SINT	SINT	10
UINT	UINT	2
INT	INT	1
UDINT	UDINT	4
DINT	DINT	3
REAL	REAL	5
LREAL	LREAL	6
STRING	STRING	12

**Data type:** The property **Data type** is the internal numerical name of the data type. It is also used for the extended DBF import/export of the variables.

## 6.4 Creating variables by importing

Variables can also be imported by importing them. The XML and DBF import is available for every driver.

## Information

You can find details on the import and export of variables in the Import-Export (main.chm::/13028.htm) manual in the Variables (main.chm::/13045.htm) section.

## 6.4.1 XML import

For the import/export of variables the following is true:

- ► The import/export must not be started from the global project.
- The start takes place via:
  - Context menu of variables or data typ in the project tree
  - or context menu of a variable or a data type
  - or symbol in the symbol bar variables



## Attention

When importing/overwriting an existing data type, all variables based on the existing data type are changed.

#### Example:

There is a data type XYZ derived from the type INTwith variables based on this data type. The XML file to be imported also contains a data type with the name XYZ but derived from type STRING. If this data type is imported, the existing data type is overwritten and the type of all variables based on it is adjusted. I.e. the variables are now no longer INT variables, but STRING variables.

## 6.4.2 DBF Import/Export

Data can be exported to and imported from dBase.

### Information

Import and Export via CSV or dBase supported; no driver specific variable settings, such as formulas. Use export/import via XML for this.

#### **IMPORT DBF FILE**

To start the import:

0

- 1. right-click on the variable list
- 2. in the drop-down list of Extended export/import... select the Import dBase command
- 3. follow the import assistant



The format of the file is described in the chapter File structure.



Note:

- Driver object type and data type must be amended to the target driver in the DBF file in order for variables to be imported.
- dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at import.

#### EXPORT DBF FILE

To start the export:

- 1. right-click on the variable list
- 2. in the drop-down list of Extended export/import... select the Export dBase... command
- 3. follow the export assistant

### Attention

DBF files:

- must correspond to the 8.3 DOS format for filenames (8 alphanumeric characters for name, 3 character suffix, no spaces)
- must not have dots (.) in the path name. e.g. the path C:\users\John.Smith\test.dbf is invalid. Valid: C:\users\JohnSmith\test.dbf
- must be stored close to the root directory in order to fulfill the limit for file name length including path: maximum 255 characters

The format of the file is described in the chapter File structure.

### Information

Q

dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at export.

File structure of the dBase export file

The dBaseIV file must have the following structure and contents for variable import and export:



## Attention

dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at export.

DBF files must:

- conform with there name to the 8.3 DOS format (8 alphanumeric characters for name, 3 characters for extension, no space)
- Be stored close to the root directory (Root)

#### STRUCTURE

Description	Туре	Field size	Comment	
KANALNAME	Char	128	Variable name.	
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in project.ini.	
KANAL_R	С	128	The original name of a variable that is to be replaced by the new name entered under "VARIABLENNAME" (field/column must be entered manually).	
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in project.ini.	
KANAL_D	Log	1	The variable is deleted with the $1 $ entry (field/column has to be created by hand).	
TAGNR	С	128	Identification.	
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in project.ini.	
EINHEIT	С	11	Technical unit	
DATENART	С	3	Data type (e.g. bit, byte, word,) corresponds to the data type.	
KANALTYP	С	3	Memory area in the PLC (e.g. marker area, data area,) corresponds to the driver object type.	
HWKANAL	Num	3	Bus address	
BAUSTEIN	N	3	Datablock address (only for variables from the data area of the PLC)	
ADDRESS	N	5	Offset	
BITADR	N	2	For bit variables: bit address For byte variables: 0=lower, 8=higher byte For string variables: Length of string (max. 63 characters)	
ARRAYSIZE	N	16	Number of variables in the array for index variables ATTENTION: Only the first variable is fully available. All others are only available for VBA or the Recipe Group Manager	
LES_SCHR	R	1	Write-Read-Authorization	



			0: Not allowed to set value. 1: Allowed to set value.		
MIT_ZEIT	R	1	time stamp in zenon zenon (only if supported by the driver)		
OBJEKT	N	2	Driver-specific ID number of the primitive object comprises TREIBER-OBJEKTTYP and DATENTYP		
SIGMIN	Float	16	Non-linearized signal - minimum (signal resolution)		
SIGMAX	F	16	Non-linearized signal - maximum (signal resolution)		
ANZMIN	F	16	Technical value - minimum (measuring range)		
ANZMAX	F	16	Technical value - maximum (measuring range)		
ANZKOMMA	N	1	Number of decimal places for the display of the values (measuring range)		
UPDATERATE	F	19	Update rate for mathematics variables (in sec, one decimal possible) not used for all other variables		
MEMTIEFE	N	7	Only for compatibility reasons		
HDRATE	F	19	HD update rate for historical values (in sec, one decimal possib		
HDTIEFE	N	7	HD entry depth for historical values (number)		
NACHSORT	R	1	HD data as postsorted values		
DRRATE	F	19	Updating to the output (for zenon DDE server, in [s], one decim possible)		
HYST_PLUS	F	16	Positive hysteresis, from measuring range		
HYST_MINUS	F	16	Negative hysteresis, from measuring range		
PRIOR	N	16	Priority of the variable		
REAMATRIZE	С	32	Allocated reaction matrix		
ERSATZWERT	F	16	Substitute value, from measuring range		
SOLLMIN	F	16	Minimum for set value actions, from measuring range		
SOLLMAX	F	16	Maximum for set value actions, from measuring range		
VOMSTANDBY	R	1	Get value from standby server; the value of the variable is not requested from the server but from the Standby Server in redundant networks		
RESOURCE	С	128	Resources label. Free string for export and display in lists.		
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in project.ini.		
ADJWVBA	R	1	Non-linear value adaption: 0: Non-linear value adaption is used 1: Non-linear value adaption is not used		



ADJZENON	С	128	Linked VBA macro for reading the variable value for non-linear value adjustment.
ADJWVBA	С	128	ed VBA macro for writing the variable value for non-linear value adjustment.
ZWREMA	N	16	Linked counter REMA.
MAXGRAD	N	16	Gradient overflow for counter REMA.

## ▲ Attention

When importing, the driver object type and data type must be amended to the target driver in the DBF file in order for variables to be imported.

### LIMIT DEFINITION

Limit definition for limit values 1 to 4, and status 1 bis 4:



Description	Туре	Field size	Comment	
AKTIV1	R	1	Limit value active (per limit value available)	
GRENZWERT1	F	20	<ul> <li>technical value or ID number of a linked variable for a dynamic limit (see VARIABLEx)</li> <li>(if VARIABLEx is 1 and here it is -1, the existing variable linkage is not overwritten)</li> </ul>	
SCHWWERT1	F	16	Threshold value for limit	
HYSTERESE1	F	14	Is not used	
BLINKEN1	R	1	Set blink attribute	
BTB1	R	1	Logging in CEL	
ALARM1	R	1	Alarm	
DRUCKEN1	R	1	Printer output (for CEL or Alarm)	
QUITTIER1	R	1	Must be acknowledged	
LOESCHE1	R	1	Must be deleted	
VARIABLE1	R	1	Dyn. limit value linking the limit is defined by an absolute value (see field GRENZWERT	
FUNC1	R	1	Functions linking	
ASK_FUNC1	R	1	Execution via Alarm Message List	
FUNC_NR1	N	10	ID number of the linked function (if "-1" is entered here, the existing function is not overwritten during import)	
A_GRUPPE1	N	10	Alarm/event group	
A_KLASSE1	N	10	Alarm/event class	
MIN_MAX1	С	3	Minimum, Maximum	
FARBE1	N	10	Color as Windows coding	
GRENZTXT1	С	66	Limit text	
A_DELAY1	N	10	Time delay	
INVISIBLE1	R	1	Invisible	

### EXPRESSIONS IN THE COLUMN "COMMENT" REFER TO THE EXPRESSIONS USED IN THE DIALOG BOXES FOR THE DEFINITION OF VARIABLES. FOR MORE INFORMATION, SEE CHAPTER VARIABLE DEFINITION.

6.4.3 Online import



In order to create variables via the online import function:

- 1. select the driver in the detail view of the project manager
- 2. open the context menu with a right-click
- 3. click ON Import variables from driver
- 4. now the dialog for the online import opens.

Select	t a PLC		×
PL	.c		
[	Net Ad	Name	IP Address
	0	ILC370	192.168.0.243
	•		•
	PLC brows	-	
(	File brows		
		ОК	Cancel

- 5. select the PLC whose variables you want to look at
- 6. select PLC browsing
- 7. confirm this with or.
- 8. the variable list is read from the PLC and displayed in a selection dialog:

Address 🛆	Туре			<u> </u>
Filtertext	Filtertex	t 🍸	1	
LC370IVISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_Z	INT			<u>o</u> k
LC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_Y	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_X	INT			Abbrechen
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_RA	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_RA	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_Z	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_Y	INT			
ILC370IVISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_X	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_RA	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_RA	INT			
ILC370!PRG_LD.Contact_in1_7	BOOL			-
593/1				
Address /	Туре			Hinzufügen
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_Z	INT			
				Entfernen

9. Select the desired variables and add them to the zenon project using Add and or in the zenon project; the addressing is taken from the PLC.



## Information

To enable communication between the variables, the property **OPC** must be activated in *PCWORX*.

## 6.4.4 Offline import

To create variables using the online import function:

- 1. select the driver in the detail view of the project manager
- 2. open the context menu with a right-click
- 3. click ON Import variables from driver
- 4. now the dialog for the online import opens.

Selec	t a PLC			x
P	LC			
	Net Ad	Name	IP Address	
	0	ILC370	192.168.0.243	
	<		•	
	PLC brow File brows	-		
		ОК	Cancel	

- 5. select the PLC whose variables you want to look at
- 6. select File browsing
- 7. confirm this with or.
- 8. a file selection dialog opens
- 9. select the CSV file with the variable definitions
   (Default: sr.csv in the folder \Programname\C\STD\_CNF\R\STD\_RES\)



10. the dialog for selecting variables will be opened:

Variablenauswahl				×
Address 🛆	Туре		*	
Filtertext	Filtertext	7		
ILC370IVISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_Z	INT			<u>0</u> K
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_Y	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_X	INT			Abbrechen
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_RA	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_RA	INT			
ILC370IVISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_Z	INT			
ILC370IVISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_Y	INT			
ILC370IVISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_X	INT			
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_RA	INT			
ILC370/VISU.ROBOT_1.ROBOT_RA	INT			
ILC370!PRG_LD.Contact_in1_7	BOOL		*	
3593/1				
Address /	Туре			Hinzufügen
ILC370!VISU.ROBOT_2.ROBOT_Z	INT			
				Entfernen
				_
1/0				

11. select the desired variables and add them to the zenon project via Add and ox; the addressing is taken over from the PLC.

#### **OFFLINE IMPORT FROM PCWORX**

Offline import from PCWORX is only possible after the program has been compiled. In the course of this process the file sr.csv is created for the import and stored in the folder \Programname\C\STD\_CNF\R\STD\_RES\.

Attention: Structured data types and/or variables are not supported. They can also be imported flatly. For this you must activate opc at structures in POWERX.

#### Example code:

```
TYPE

machine :

STRUCT

x_pos : INT{OPC};

y_pos : INT{OPC};

depth : INT{OPC};

r_min : UINT{OPC};

END_STRUCT;

END_TYPE
```



## 6.5 Driver variables

The driver kit implements a number of driver variables. These are divided into:

- Information
- Configuration
- Statistics and
- Error message

The definitions of the variables defined in the driver kit are available in the import file drvvar.dbf (on the CD in the directory: CD\_Drive:/Predefined/Variables) and can be imported from there.

**Note:** Variable names must be unique in zenon. If driver variables are to be imported from drvvar.dbf again, the variables that were imported beforehand must be renamed.



## Information

Not every driver supports all driver variants.

For example:

- Variables for modem information are only supported by modem-compatible drivers
- Driver variables for the polling cycle only for pure polling drivers
- Connection-related information such as ErrorMSG only for drivers that only edit one connection at a a time

#### INFORMATION

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
MainVersion	UINT	0	Main version number of the driver.
SubVersion	UINT	1	Sub version number of the driver.
BuildVersion	UINT	29	Build version number of the driver.
RTMajor	UINT	49	zenon main version number
RTMinor	UINT	50	zenon sub version number
RTSp	UINT	51	zenon Service Pack number
RTBuild	UINT	52	zenon build number
LineStateIdle	BOOL	24.0	TRUE, if the modem connection is idle
LineStateOffering	BOOL	24.1	TRUE, if a call is received
LineStateAccepted	BOOL	24.2	The call is accepted
LineStateDialtone	BOOL	24.3	Dialtone recognized
LineStateDialing	BOOL	24.4	Dialing active
LineStateRingBack	BOOL	24.5	While establishing the connection
LineStateBusy	BOOL	24.6	Target station is busy



LineStateSpecialInfo	BOOL	24.7	Special status information received
LineStateConnected	BOOL	24.8	Connection established
LineStateProceeding	BOOL	24.9	Dialing completed
LineStateOnHold	BOOL	24.10	Connection in hold
LineStateConferenced	BOOL	24.11	Connection in conference mode.
LineStateOnHoldPendConf	BOOL	24.12	Connection in hold for conference
LineStateOnHoldPendTransfer	BOOL	24.13	Connection in hold for transfer
LineStateDisconnected	BOOL	24.14	Connection terminated.
LineStateUnknow	BOOL	24.15	Connection status unknown
ModemStatus	UDINT	24	Current modem status
TreiberStop	BOOL	28	Driver stopped
			For driver stop, the variable has the value TRUE and an OFF bit. After the driver has started, the variable has the value FALSE and no OFF bit.
SimulRTState	UDINT	60	Informs the status of Runtime for driver simulation.

### CONFIGURATION

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
ReconnectInRead	BOOL	27	If TRUE, the modem is automatically reconnected for reading
ApplyCom	BOOL	36	Apply changes in the settings of the serial interface. Writing to this variable immediately results in the method SrvDrvVarApplyCom being called (which currently has no further function).
ApplyModem	BOOL	37	Apply changes in the settings of the modem. Writing this variable immediately calls the method SrvDrvVarApplyModem. This closes the current connection and opens a new one according to the settings PhoneNumberSet and ModemHwAdrSet.



PhoneNumberSet	STRING	38	Telephone number, that should be used
ModemHwAdrSet	DINT	39	Hardware address for the telephone number
GlobalUpdate	UDINT	3	Update time in milliseconds (ms).
BGlobalUpdaten	BOOL	4	TRUE, if update time is global
TreiberSimul	BOOL	5	TRUE, if driver in sin simulation mode
TreiberProzab	BOOL	6	TRUE, if the variables update list should be kept in the memory
ModemActive	BOOL	7	TRUE, if the modem is active for the driver
Device	STRING	8	Name of the serial interface or name of the modem
ComPort	UINT	9	Number of the serial interface.
Baud rate	UDINT	10	Baud rate of the serial interface.
Parity	SINT	11	Parity of the serial interface
ByteSize	USINT	14	Number of bits per character of the serial interface
			Value = 0 if the driver cannot establish any serial connection.
StopBit	USINT	13	Number of stop bits of the serial interface.
Autoconnect	BOOL	16	TRUE, if the modem connection should be established automatically for reading/writing
PhoneNumber	STRING	17	Current telephone number
ModemHwAdr	DINT	21	Hardware address of current telephone number
RxIdleTime	UINT	18	Modem is disconnected, if no data transfer occurs for this time in seconds (s)



WriteTimeout	UDINT	19	Maximum write duration for a modem connection in milliseconds (ms).
RingCountSet	UDINT	20	Number of ringing tones before a call is accepted
ReCallIdleTime	UINT	53	Waiting time between calls in seconds (s).
ConnectTimeout	UINT	54	Time in seconds (s) to establish a connection.

## STATISTICS

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
MaxWriteTime	UDINT	31	The longest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required for writing.
MinWriteTime	UDINT	32	The shortest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required for writing.
MaxBlkReadTime	UDINT	40	Longest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required to read a data block.
MinBlkReadTime	UDINT	41	Shortest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required to read a data block.
WriteErrorCount	UDINT	33	Number of writing errors
ReadSucceedCount	UDINT	35	Number of successful reading attempts



MaxCycleTime	UDINT	22	Longest time in milliseconds (ms) required to read all requested data.
MinCycleTime	UDINT	23	Shortest time in milliseconds (ms) required to read all requested data.
WriteCount	UDINT	26	Number of writing attempts
ReadErrorCount	UDINT	34	Number of reading errors
MaxUpdateTimeNormal	UDINT	56	Time since the last update of the priority group Normal in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHigher	UDINT	57	Time since the last update of the priority group Higher in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHigh	UDINT	58	Time since the last update of the priority group High in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHighest	UDINT	59	Time since the last update of the priority group Highest in milliseconds (ms).
PokeFinish	BOOL	55	Goes to 1 for a query, if all current pokes were executed

### ERROR MESSAGE

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
ErrorTimeDW	UDINT	2	Time (in seconds since 1.1.1970), when the last error occurred.
ErrorTimeS	STRING	2	Time (in seconds since 1.1.1970), when the last error occurred.
RdErrPrimObj	UDINT	42	Number of the PrimObject, when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrStationsName	STRING	43	Name of the station, when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrBlockCount	UINT	44	Number of blocks to read when the last reading error occurred.



RdErrHwAdresse	DINT	45	Hardware address when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrDatablockNo	UDINT	46	Block number when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrMarkerNo	UDINT	47	Marker number when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrSize	UDINT	48	Block size when the last reading error occurred.
DrvError	USINT	25	Error message as number
DrvErrorMsg	STRING	30	Error message as text
ErrorFile	STRING	15	Name of error log file

## 7. Driver-specific functions

The driver supports the following functions:

## 8. Driver commands

This chapter describes standard functions that are valid for most zenon drivers. Not all functions described here are available for every driver. For example, a driver that does not, according to the data sheet, support a modem connection also does not have any modem functions.

Driver commands are used to influence drivers using zenon; start and stop for example. The engineering is implemented with the help of function **Driver** commands. To do this:

- create a new function
- ► select Variables -> Driver commands



## • The dialog for configuration is opened

Driver	<u> </u>
Driver commands	
Settings Driver S7TCP32	OK Cancel Help
Commando> Show this dialog in the Runtime	



Parameters		Description		
Drivers		Drop-down list with all drivers which are loaded in the project.		
Cu	rrent state	Fixed entry which has no function in the current version.		
Dr	iver commands	Drop-down list for the selection of the command.		
Start driver (online mode)		Driver is reinitialized and started.		
•	Stop driver (offline mode)	Driver is stopped. No new data is accepted.		
		Note: If the driver is in offline mode, all variables that were created for this driver receive the status switched off (OFF; Bit 20).		
•	Driver in simulation mode	Driver is set into simulation mode. The values of all variables of the driver are simulated by the driver. No values from the connected hardware (e.g. PLC, bus system,) are displayed.		
•	Driver in hardware mode	Driver is set into hardware mode. For the variables of the driver the values from the connected hardware (e.g. PLC, bus system,) are displayed.		
	Driver-specific command	Enter driver-specific commands. Opens input field in order to enter a command.		
	Activate driver write set value	Write set value to a driver is allowed.		
	Deactivate driver write set value	Write set value to a driver is prohibited.		
	Establish connection with modem	Establish connection (for modem drivers) Opens the input fields for the hardware address and for the telephone number.		
	Disconnect from modem	Terminate connection (for modem drivers)		
Sh	ow this dialog in the Runtime	The dialog is shown in Runtime so that changes can be made.		

#### **DRIVER COMMANDS IN THE NETWORK**

If the computer, on which the driver command function is executed, is part of the zenon network, additional actions are carried out. A special network command is sent from the computer to the project server, which then executes the desired action on its driver. In addition, the Server sends the same driver command to the project standby. The standby also carries out the action on its driver.

This makes sure that Server and Standby are synchronized. This only works if the Server and the Standby both have a working and independent connection to the hardware.



## 9. Error analysis

Should there be communication problems, this chapter will assist you in finding out the error.

## 9.1 Analysis tool

All zenon modules such as Editor, Runtime, drivers, etc. write messages to a joint log file. To display them correctly and clearly, use the Diagnosis Viewer (main.chm::/12464.htm) program that was also installed with zenon. You can find it under *Start/All programs/zenon/Tools 7.20 -> Diagviewer*.

zenon driver log all errors in the log files. The default folder for the log files is subfolder Log in directory ProgramData, example:

C:\ProgramData\COPA-DATA\LOG. Log files are text files with a special structure.

Attention: With the default settings, a driver only logs error information. With the Diagnosis Viewer you can enhance the diagnosis level for most of the drivers to "Debug" and "Deep Debug". With this the driver also logs all other important tasks and events.

In the Diagnosis Viewer you can also:

- ▶ follow currently created entries live
- customize the logging settings
- change the folder in which the log files are saved

#### Note:

- 1. In Windows CE even errors are not logged per default due to performance reasons.
- 2. The Diagnosis Viewer displays all entries in UTC (coordinated world time) and not in local time.
- 3. The Diagnosis Viewer does not display all columns of a log file per default. To display more columns activate property Add all columns with entry in the context menu of the column header.
- 4. If you only use Error logging, the problem description is in column Error text. For other diagnosis level the description is in column General text.
- 5. For communication problems many drivers also log error numbers which the PLC assigns to them. They are displayed in Error text and/or Error code and/or Driver error parameter (1 and 2). Hints on the meaning of error codes can be found in the driver documentation and the protocol/PLC description.
- 6. At the end of your test set back the diagnosis level from Debug Or Deep Debug. At Debug and Deep Debug there are a great deal of data for logging which are saved to the hard drive and which can influence your system performance. They are still logged even after you close the Diagnosis Viewer.



You can find further information on the Diagnosis Viewer in the Diagnose Viewer (main.chm::/12464.htm) chapter.

## 9.2 Check list

#### QUESTIONS FOR LOCATING ERRORS

- ► Is the PLC connected to the power supply?
- Are the participants available in the TCP/IP network?
- Can the PLC be reached via the Ping command?
- Can the PLC be reached via Telnet?
- Are the PLC and the PC connected with the right cable?
- Did you configure the net address correctly, both in the driver dialog and in the address properties of the variables?
- ▶ Does the name/the ID of the variable match the one in the PLC?
- ► Analysis with the Diagnosis Viewer (on page 39): Which messages are displayed?

#### ERROR MESSAGES

Import of variables from the PLC does not work:

Error message	Solution
Error message in th Diagnosis Viewer when trying to import variables from the PLC:	Reason: No variables were approved for communication. Solution:
ReceiveAnswer SYS_INIT_SEND failed (incorrect length) Configuration of PLC 1 could not be read!	Approve the variables in the PLC for OPC communication.