



**COPADATA**  
do it your way

# zenon manual

## Industrial Maintenance Manager (IMM)

v.7.50





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# 1. Welcome to COPA-DATA help

## GENERAL HELP

If you cannot find any information you require in this help chapter or can think of anything that you would like added, please send an email to [documentation@copadata.com](mailto:documentation@copadata.com) (<mailto:documentation@copadata.com>).

## PROJECT SUPPORT

You can receive support for any real project you may have from our Support Team, who you can contact via email at [support@copadata.com](mailto:support@copadata.com) (<mailto:support@copadata.com>).

## LICENSES AND MODULES

If you find that you need other modules or licenses, our staff will be happy to help you. Email [sales@copadata.com](mailto:sales@copadata.com) (<mailto:sales@copadata.com>).

# 2. Industrial Maintenance Manager (IMM)

The Industrial Maintenance Manager (IMM) administers machine and maintenance data. Service intervals can comfortably be planned and administered. You can see at a glance which device, equipment, machine, etc. has to be maintained today / this week / next month etc. Additionally service work done in the past is logged.



### License information

*Must be licensed for Editor and Runtime (single-user, Server, Standby and Client).*

### 3. Functionalities

- ▶ Devices can be copied and pasted; a consecutive number is added to the device name.
- ▶ The list view can be adjusted in the screen filter. Column selection, column width, column name and their order can be modified.
- ▶ Every list view can be displayed and printed as an HTML file via Stylesheet.
- ▶ The equipment identifier can only be created via the context menu in the tree.
- ▶ Multi-hierarchic equipment identifiers
- ▶ Devices can be created via the context menu in the tree or in the list, provided that an equipment was selected in the tree. This equipment is then automatically inserted in the device as equipment identifier.
- ▶ By clicking on the column button, the elements are sorted alphabetically.
- ▶ Multi-project capable
- ▶ Server-Client
- ▶ Deleting devices is subject to a userlevel, which allows to ways of deleting. On the one hand, deleting in the sense that data is retained in the database and history entries are not lost. For this method, the flag ACTIVE in the database is set to 0. Alternatively, a complete and final deletion: all data from the database, including the maintenance tasks and the history, are deleted.
- ▶ The checkboxes in the tree view for the equipment identifiers are a filter. If they are set, only devices, history entries and maintenance tasks belonging to this equipment identifier are displayed.

### 4. Limitations

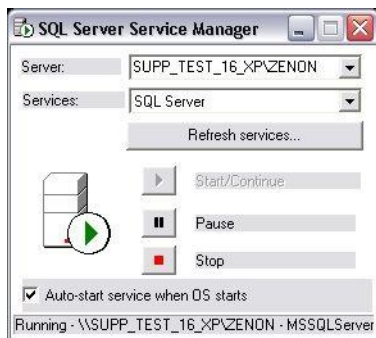
The module stores all data in a Microsoft SQL Server database (SQL Server 2000 and higher). The MS SQL Server is not included in zenon. However, you can use the SQL Server Express Edition which is installed with the zenon Editor.

Other SQL servers like Oracle are not supported.

## 5. Preparatory works

### 5.1 Database

Creating an own database:



Start a new instance of the command prompt (Cmd.exe).

Start the `osql .exe` service program.

`osql .exe -E -S computer name / instance name`

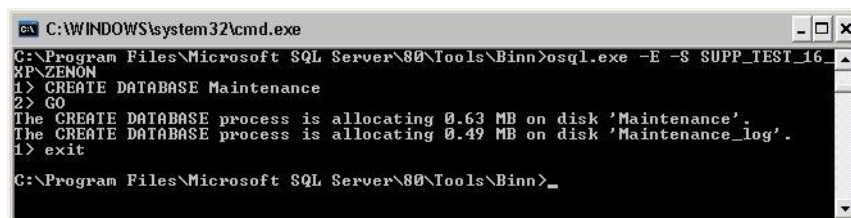
Instructions for the creation of a database

1> CREATE DATABASE database name

2> GO

Database name	Desired name of the database, e.g.: Maintenance

You exit the service program `osql .exe` with Exit.



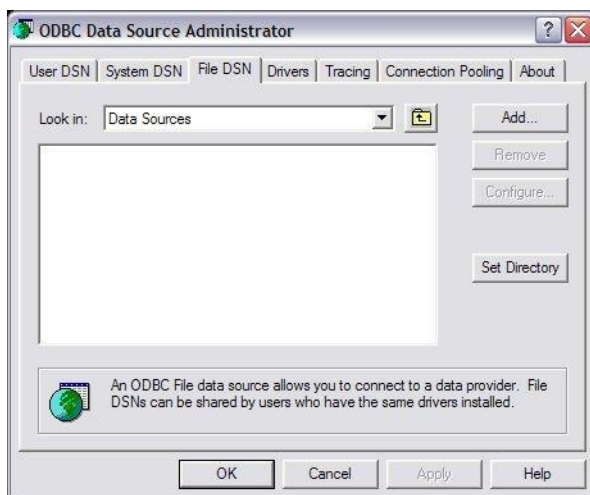
### 5.2 Engineering

Four tables are created in the database. The names of the tables are issued and fixed and correspond to the names that are used in the measuring point administration:

- ▶ **Table for devices:** Devices
- ▶ **Table for maint. works:** MaintenanceWorks
- ▶ **Table for history:** MaintenanceHistory
- ▶ **Table for documents:** Documents

## DATABASE CONNECTION

In the project properties, the ODBC string can be manually edited in the **Industrial Maintenance Manager** node by means of the **Database** property. Clicking on the ... button opens the dialog for configuration.



**New...** Click on this button to add a new file data source.



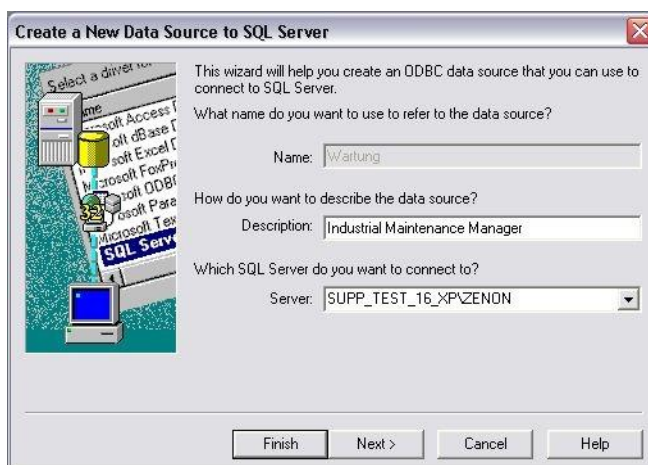
In the dialog field 'Create new data source' select the driver **SQL Server** and click on **Next** in order to enter the name or the storage place of the new DSN file.



Again, click on **Next** to display a summary of the new information.



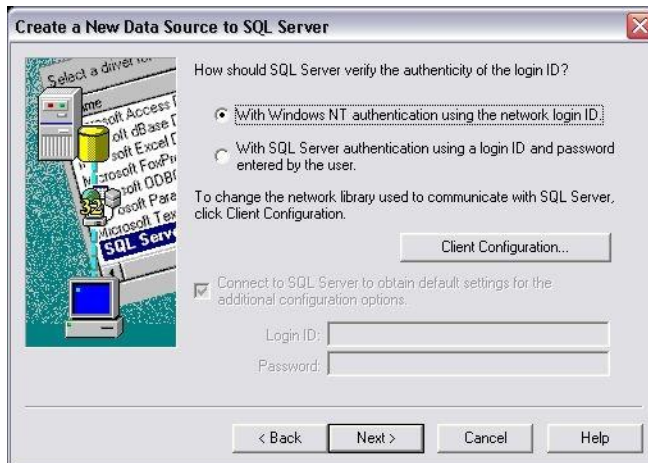
Click on **Finish** to open the driver specific setup dialog.



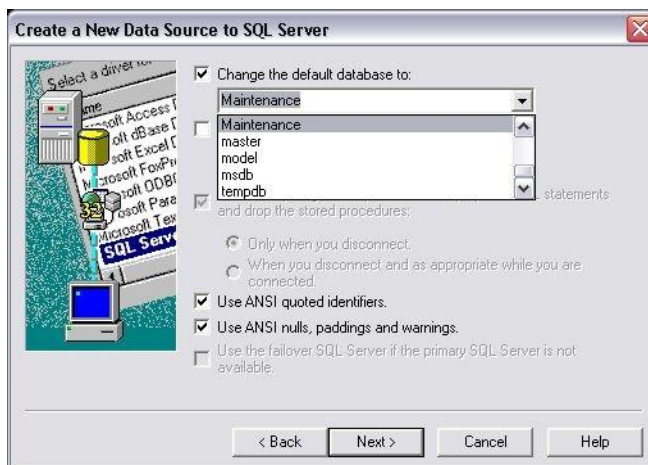


If you select a server name from the list, no further configuration settings are necessary.

Again click on **Next**.



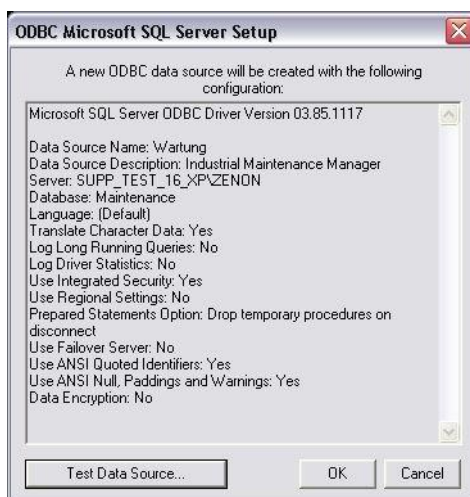
Again click on **Next**.



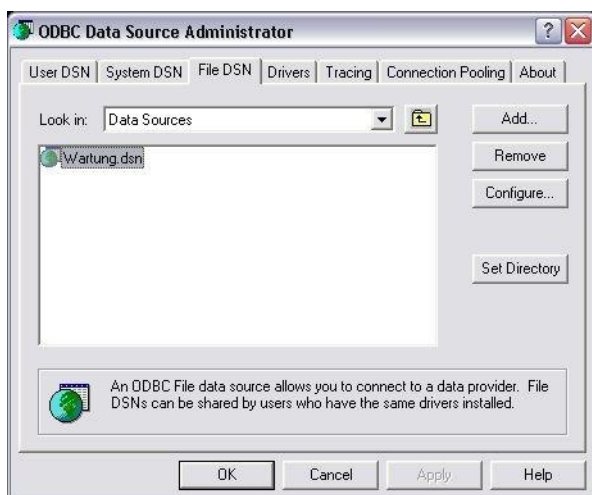
Now you can select the previously created database.



Click on **Finish**.



Now you can test the selected connection.



### Attention

When using **Native Client 10** and **11**, the password is not automatically carried over to the provider string. It must be entered manually

e.g.: ...;**User ID=sqlExampleUser1;Password=secretPassword;**...

## 6. Creating a screen of the type IMM

### ENGINEERING

Steps to create the screen:

1. Create a new screen:

In the tool bar or the context menu of the **Screens** node, select the **New screen** command.  
An empty *Standard* screen is created.

2. Change the properties of the screen:

- a) Name the screen in the **Name** property.
- b) Select *IMM* in the **Screen type** property.
- c) Select the desired frame in the **Frame** property.

3. Configure the content of the screen:

- a) select menu item **Control elements** from the menu bar
- b) Select *Insert template* in the drop-down list.  
The dialog to select pre-defined layouts is opened. Certain control elements are inserted into the screen at predefined positions.
- c) Remove elements that are not required from the screen.
- d) If necessary, select additional elements in the **Elements** drop-down list. Place these at the desired position in the screen.

#### 4. Create a screen switch function.

Filter...

Copy

Paste

Refresh search

In progress  
Typ: STATIC  
ID: 53644

Devices

Device new

Edit device

Device inactive

Maintenance / Repair

Edit maintenance

Execute maintenance

Execute repair

Exchange

Device exchange

Counter exchange

Print list

Print details

Parameters	Description
<b>Insert template</b>	<p>Opens the dialog for selecting a template for the screen type.</p> <p>Templates are shipped together with zenon and can also be created by the user.</p> <p>Templates add pre-defined control elements to pre-defined locations in the screen. Elements that are not necessary can also be removed individually once they have been created. Additional elements are selected from the drop-down list and placed in the screen. Elements can be moved on the screen and arranged individually.</p>
<b>List</b>	List (on page 15) of processes which are displayed in the Runtime.
<b>List functions</b>	Control elements to control the list.
<b>Filter</b>	Applies filter.
<b>New Equipment identification</b>	Creates a new equipment identifier.
<b>Delete equipment identification</b>	Deletes selected equipment identifier.
<b>Device</b>	Control elements for devices.
▶ <b>New</b>	Adds a new device.
▶ <b>Edit</b>	Makes it possible to edit the selected device.
▶ <b>Delete</b>	Deletes device.
▶ <b>Mark as inactive</b>	Switches device to inactive.
▶ <b>Replace</b>	Carries out device exchange.
<b>Copy</b>	Copies selected element to the clipboard.
<b>Paste</b>	Pastes the selected element from the clipboard.
<b>replace counter</b>	Carries out counter exchange.
<b>Edit maintenance</b>	Makes it possible to edit a maintenance.
<b>Execute maintenance</b>	Switches to carry out maintenance.
<b>Execute repair</b>	Switches to carry out repair.
<b>Print list</b>	Prints out list.
<b>Print details</b>	Prints out details.
<b>Refresh</b>	Refreshes view.
<b>Filter profiles</b>	Buttons for filter settings in Runtime.
<b>Profile selection</b>	Select profile from list.
<b>Save</b>	Saves current setting as a profile.
<b>Delete</b>	Deletes selected profile.
<b>Import</b>	Imports filter profiles from export file.

<b>Export</b>	Exports filter profiles in the file.
---------------	--------------------------------------

## 6.1 Display during Runtime

If you call up (on page 27) a screen of type IMM (on page 12) during Runtime, it is displayed divided in two areas.

Master data

☐

Main equipment

☐

Sub equipment

History

this week

this month

this year

free filter

Maintenance works

today

tomorrow

this week

next week

free filter

Device	free name	Equipment name	current hours c
Device 1		Main equipment	
Device 2		Main equipment	
Device 3		Main equipment	
Device 4		Sub equipment	
Device 5		Sub equipment	

### 6.1.1 Left side: Tree

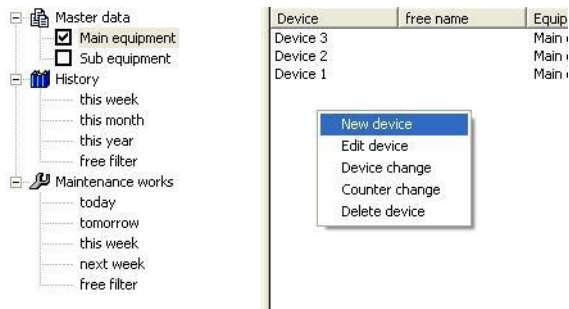
<div> <div>Master data</div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Main equipment           <input type="checkbox"/> Sub equipment         </div> <div>History</div> <div>Maintenance works</div> </div>
--

Parameters	Description
<b>Master data</b>	<p>The equipment identifications are used as nodes. These nodes have a checkbox to limit the selection. This selection defines the output in the list. In the master data, the maintenance tasks and the history only data belonging to the selected equipments are displayed.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Devices from the list can be moved to other equipment by means of Drag&amp;Drop.</p>
<b>History</b>	Here the history data is filtered on periods of time. With <b>free filter</b> a dialog for the selection of any period of time is opened.
<b>Maintenance works</b>	Here the 'current' maintenance tasks are filtered on periods of time. With <b>free filter</b> a dialog for the selection of any period of time is opened.

### 6.1.2 Right side: List

Here the selection from the tree view is displayed as a list. The list can be sorted ascending or descending on any column. Additionally there is a context menu in this view, which offers different functions depending on the selection in the tree view.

#### SELECTION MASTER DATA



Device	free name	Equip
Device 3		Main
Device 2		Main
Device 1		Main

- New device
- Edit device
- Device change
- Counter change
- Delete device



Command	Description
<b>Device new</b>	<p>Under <b>New device</b> new master data can be created. The definition is done in a dialog with three tabs. On the first page the data for the device is entered. On the page '<b>Maintenance tasks</b>' any number of maintenance tasks for this device can be created. For an overview the titles of the maintenance tasks are displayed in a list on this page. On the last page any number of documents can be assigned to the device. For an overview these are displayed in a list similar to the maintenance tasks. On doubleclicking a document the according document is opened, if the according program is installed.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> Devices can be moved to other equipment in the master data by means of Drag&amp;Drop.</p>
<b>Edit device</b>	<p>Similar to 'New device' with the only difference, that the fields are filled with the existing data. A device has to be selected.</p>
<b>Device exchange</b>	<p>The variables for operations and hours counters are changed here! The calculation for scheduling maintenances is based on these variables. If a device exchange is performed, a history entry is made. Additionally, the maintenance interval is reset and the new variable values are used as the initial values for the calculation of maintenances.</p> <p>The device data stays the same, only the linked variables are exchanged. These have to be entered in a dialog. If the variable does not exist, a warning is displayed, that in the moment no valid variables are linked with the device.</p>
<b>Counter exchange</b>	<p>If a counter is exchanged, the variable stays the same, but the counter reading (variable value) is changed. If a counter is exchanged, a history entry is made. You can choose whether the maintenance interval should be reset or not.</p> <p>A new start value for the exchanged device can be entered.</p>
<b>Delete device</b>	<p>The selected device can be deleted. All associated data (maintenance tasks, history data and documents) are deleted. For security reasons the user is asked again, if the data should really be deleted.</p>

## ENTER MASTER DATA

Master data new

Master data | Maintenance works | Documents

Name:

Equipment identification:

Name plate

Type:

Manufacture:

Serial number:

free description:

Date of implementation:

Variables

Switching cycle counter:  ...

Maximum counter reading:

Operating hours:  ...

Maximum counter reading:

Response variable:  ...

OK

Cancel

Parameters	Description
<b>Name</b>	Name of the device.
<b>Equipment identification</b>	Display of equipment identification.
<b>Name plate</b>	Name plate data: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▸ <b>Type</b></li> <li>▸ <b>Manufacture</b></li> <li>▸ <b>Serial number</b></li> </ul>
<b>Free description:</b>	Input field for free description.
<b>Date of implementation</b>	Entry of the date of putting into operation.
<b>Variables</b>	Configuration of the variables.
<b>Switching cycle counter</b>	Selection of the variables for the switching cycle counter. Click on button ... in order to open the dialog for selecting a variable. <b>Attention:</b> The counting range must be selected as large enough so that in operation there is always less than half the counter end value that elapses between the current counter status and the counter status of the last maintenance.
<b>Max. counter content</b>	Maximum permitted counter status.
<b>Operating hours</b>	Assignment of the variables for the operating hours. Click on button ... in order to open the dialog for selecting a variable. <b>Attention:</b> The counting range must be selected as large enough so that in operation between the current counter status and the counter status of the last maintenance, always less than half the counter end value elapses.
<b>Max. counter content</b>	Maximum permitted counter status.
<b>Response variable</b>	After maintenance work has been carried out, the value defined here is written to the linked variable. Click on button ... in order to open the dialog for selecting a variable.

## CONFIGURE MAINTENANCE WORK

Maintenance work new: ✕

Maintenance work **External**

Name:

Comment:

Authorization level:

**Maintenance interval**

☐ Period in days

Interval:

Warning level:

☐ Switching cycle counter

Interval:

Warning level:

☐ Operating hours

Interval:

Warning level:

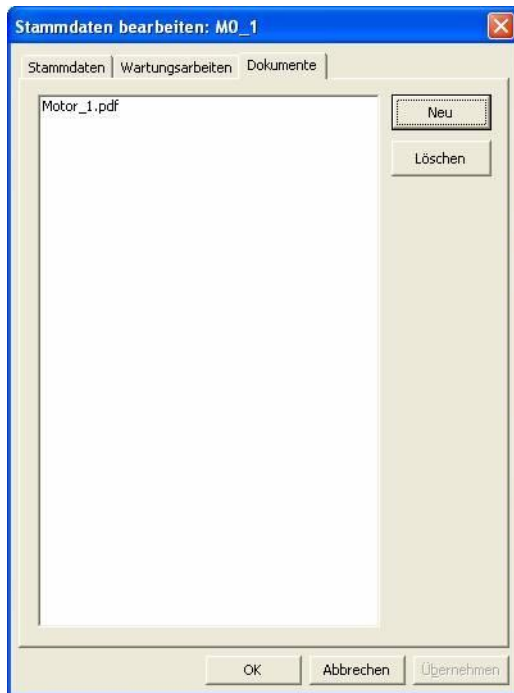
**Process interaction**

Response value:

Status variable:  ...

Parameters	Description
<b>Name</b>	Name for job.
<b>Comment</b>	Comments about the job.  <b>Note:</b> You can create a line break via shortcut <code>Ctrl+Return</code> .
<b>Authorization level</b>	Entry of the authorization levels that are required for execution.
<b>Maintenance interval</b>	Configuration of the maintenance interval for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ <b>Period in days</b></li> <li>▶ <b>Switching cycle counter</b></li> <li>▶ <b>Operating hours</b></li> </ul>
<b>Process interaction</b>	Properties for interaction.
<b>Return value</b>	Value that is written after maintenance work has been carried out on the device linked to the response variable.
<b>Status variable</b>	Variable that displays the status of the maintenance work. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ 0: Maintenance not due</li> <li>▶ 1: Maintenance due</li> </ul> Click on button ... in order to open the dialog for selecting a variable.  The variable is written when updating the IMM screen as well as when executing the <b>Determine open maintenances</b> function.

## EDIT DATA



The following access to files is supported:

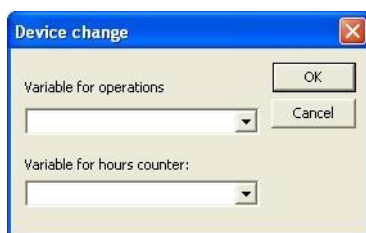
<b>Local drives</b>	Local harddisk
<b>UNC path</b>	e. g. \\Server name\release name
<b>Connected drives</b>	Released harddrive of a network computer



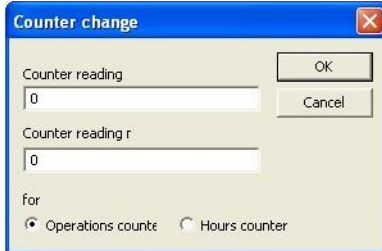
### Attention

*Requirement: To be able to display the documents, you must install an appropriated viewer. e.g. Adobe Acrobat Reader for .pdf files.*

### Device exchange



## Counter exchange



**Counter change**

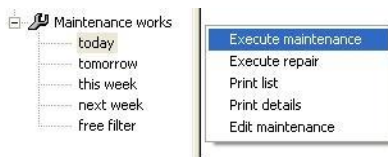
Counter reading:  OK Cancel

Counter reading r:

for

☒ Operations counte ☐ Hours counter

## Selection maintenance tasks



By doubleclicking a maintenance task the data of this maintenance task are displayed. But the data cannot be changed.

Execute repair	<p>If a repair is performed, a history entry is made first and the maintenance task is seen as not(!) completed for this interval and remains in the queue. An entry in the history is created.</p> <p>Similar to 'Execute maintenance' with the only difference, that the counter can be updated.</p>
Print list	



**Evaluation**

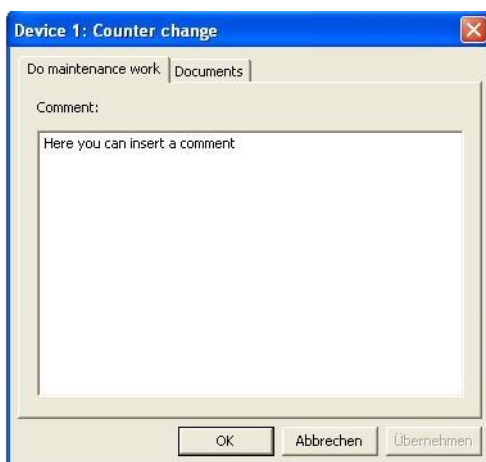
**Maintenance works: today**

User	Equipments	created
SYSTEM	Main equipment, Sub equipment	04.08.2006 09:02:51

Geraet	Bezeichnung	Wartungsarbeit	Status	Zaehlerstand	Zeitraum	Kommentar	Extern

The displayed list is written to an XML file as it is and displayed in a HTML browser with a stylesheet. This HTML file then can be saved or directly printed.

Print details	The data for the selected maintenance task are output.
Edit maintenance	Here the data of the selected maintenance task can be edited.
Execute maintenance	<p>If a maintenance is executed, the counters are updated and a history entry is generated. Additionally, the maintenance task is considered as done for this interval, and so it is removed from the queue.</p> <p>Under 'Documents' the linked documents are displayed in a list. With doubleclicking a file it is opened, if an according program is installed.</p>



Selection history

Here there is only one menu entry **Print list**. Same procedure as under maintenance task - **Print list**.

## 7. Maintenance task

The calculation of pending maintenance is the main task of IMM. Maintenance tasks can have three different maintenance intervals:

- a time span in days
- an hours counter or
- an operations counter.

The due date of the maintenances is calculated from these intervals.

If a maintenance comes into the warning zone, it shows up in the list for due maintenances, including a notice that it has reached the warning level. If it reaches the maintenance interval, the maintenance is set to due, which also shows up in the list of maintenances.



## THE FUNCTION 'DETERMINE MAINTENANCES'

With the function `Determine maintenances`, the list of all due maintenances in the selected time span is retrieved from the IMM. These due maintenances are then used to determine the equipment-specific status values as configured.

Numerical set values equalling the total number of due maintenances for equipment matching the selected filter criteria are sent to the according status variables.

If you create a new function `Determine maintenances` in the Editor, the following configuration dialog appears:

Period	Here you can select the period for which you want to determine due maintenances (see IMM).

### 7.1 Period

In the maintenance task data a time interval in days can be entered. In addition, an period of advance notice can be set, which means: the maintenance task should be evaluated as a 'current' maintenance task this many days before the end of the time interval. (message 'Maintenance due in xx days'.)

If the period of time or the counter value of the maintenance interval is reached, the maintenance is entered with the text 'Maintenance interval exceeded'.

The date of the last maintenance is updated for each execution. On creating the maintenance task this date is set to the current date.

### 7.2 Hours and operations counter

For the calculation of a 'current' maintenance the difference between the 'old' counter value at the last maintenance and the current one is divided by the number of the passed days since the last maintenance and added to the 'old' one. If this is higher than allowed, the maintenance is evaluated as 'current' and is displayed in the list.

If a variable has a lower value than at the last maintenance, a message is displayed.

## 8. Data input

The variable values are only entered in the maintenance data, if the maintenance task is newly created. Otherwise the old values stay.

If a device is created and no variables are linked, the initial value stays in the maintenance task. Also in this constellation the variable values in the maintenance task are not overwritten, if the variable is entered later. A message is displayed, if the variable needed for the maintenance calculation still has the initial value. The variable value only can be changed by executing a repair, a device exchange or a maintenance task.

## 9. Integration into the process

- ▶ **Notification of the success of the maintenance work:** The device can be assigned an integer variable. Furthermore, the response value of this variable must be defined in the maintenance work. If no distinction between the individual maintenance work is desired, the same value can always be entered here. If no value is given, no value is written to the variable.
- ▶ **Response in the process:** At each time of maintenance work, a variable that contains the status of the maintenance can be linked. (status OK 0 and Status Due 1)

## 10. Operating during Runtime

The following functions are available:

- ▶ **New device:** Create a new device. An equipment identifier must be selected.
- ▶ **Edit device:** Edit a device. A device has to be selected.
- ▶ **Device inactive:** Switch a device to inactive, i.e. data is no longer displayed but remains in the database.
- ▶ **Execute maintenance:** A maintenance must be selected to perform this.
- ▶ **Refresh:** The data from the database and the variables are refreshed.
- ▶ **Filters:** Loads the screen filter dialog to modify columns.

- ▶ **Print:** Generates an HTML file with the desired list view. The current view is captured as it is. The history and the upcoming maintenances can be printed.
- ▶ **Print details:** View the details of a maintenance task in HTML. A maintenance task must be selected.

## 11. Functions

### 11.1 Screen switch

When creating an IMM type screen switching function, the dialog to configure the column settings is shown. These can be configured separately for:

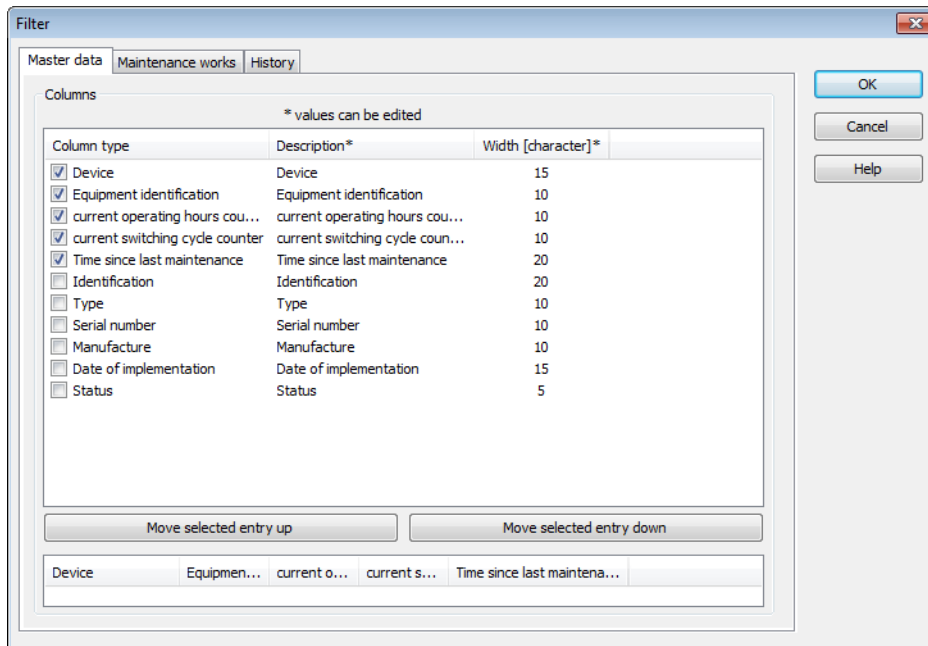
- ▶ Master data (on page 27)
- ▶ Maintenance tasks (on page 29)
- ▶ History (on page 30)

#### 11.1.1 Master data

Configuration of the history to be displayed:

- ▶ current operating hours counter
- ▶ current switching cycle counter
- ▶ Equipment identifier
- ▶ Description
- ▶ Brand
- ▶ Device
- ▶ Activation date
- ▶ Serial Number
- ▶ Status
- ▶ Type

► Time period since last maintenance

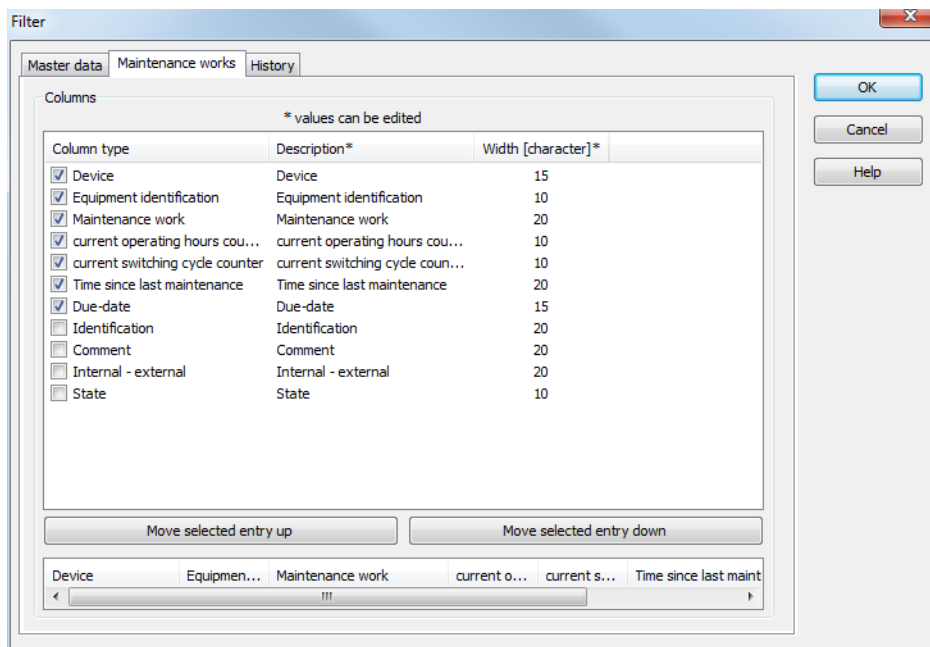


Parameters	Description
<b>Column type</b>	Definition via check box which columns should be displayed during Runtime. Label cannot be edited.  Active: Column is displayed in the Runtime.
<b>Description</b>	Defines the header of the respective column. You can configure it as language switchable. The value can be edited.
<b>Width</b>	Defines the width of the column in pixels.  You can also define the width of the column by clicking and dragging the column with the mouse in the list with the horizontal display of the column names. The value can be edited.
<b>Move selected entry up</b>	Moves the selected column up. You can also move the columns with drag&drop.
<b>Move selected entry down</b>	Moves the selected column down. You can also move the columns with drag&drop.
<b>Field with horizontal display of the column names</b>	Shows the columns which are active in the list. You can define the size of the columns by clicking and dragging the column borders with the mouse.

## 11.1.2 Maintenance tasks

Configuration of the maintenance work to be displayed:

- ▶ current operating hours counter
- ▶ current switching cycle counter
- ▶ Equipment identifier
- ▶ Description
- ▶ Due date
- ▶ Device
- ▶ Internal - external
- ▶ Comment
- ▶ Status
- ▶ Maintenance task
- ▶ Time period since last maintenance



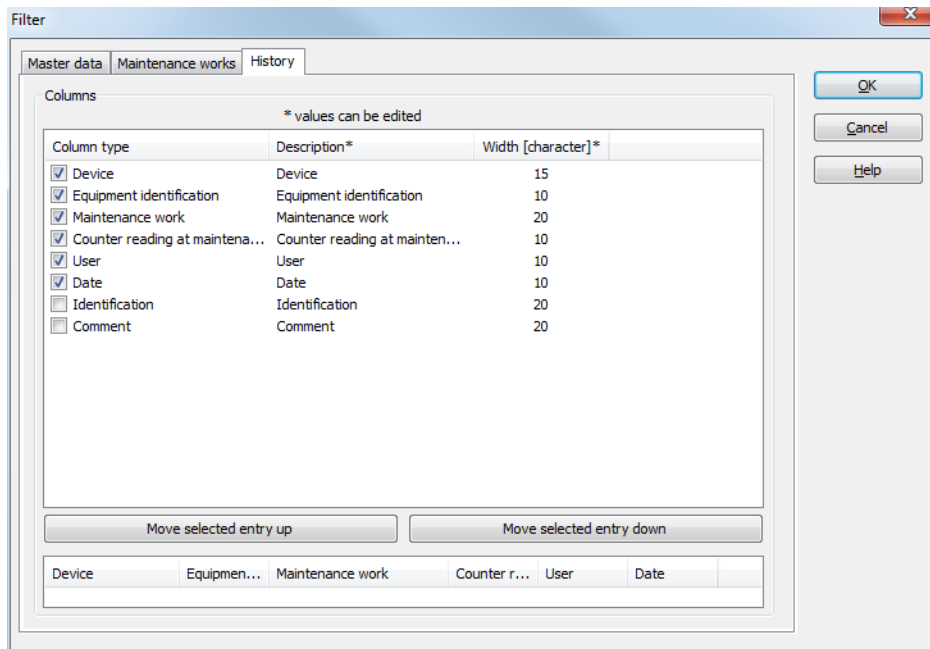
Parameters	Description
<b>Column type</b>	Definition via check box which columns should be displayed during Runtime. Label cannot be edited.  Active: Column is displayed in the Runtime.
<b>Description</b>	Defines the header of the respective column. You can configure it as language switchable. The value can be edited.
<b>Width</b>	Defines the width of the column in pixels.  You can also define the width of the column by clicking and dragging the column with the mouse in the list with the horizontal display of the column names. The value can be edited.
<b>Move selected entry up</b>	Moves the selected column up. You can also move the columns with drag&drop.
<b>Move selected entry down</b>	Moves the selected column down. You can also move the columns with drag&drop.
<b>Field with horizontal display of the column names</b>	Shows the columns which are active in the list. You can define the size of the columns by clicking and dragging the column borders with the mouse.

### 11.1.3 History

Configuration of the history to be displayed:

- ▶ Equipment identifier
- ▶ Users
- ▶ Description
- ▶ Date
- ▶ Device
- ▶ Comment
- ▶ Maintenance task

► Counter reading at maintenance



Parameters	Description
<b>Column type</b>	Definition via check box which columns should be displayed during Runtime. Label cannot be edited.  Active: Column is displayed in the Runtime.
<b>Description</b>	Defines the header of the respective column. You can configure it as language switchable. The value can be edited.
<b>Width</b>	Defines the width of the column in pixels.  You can also define the width of the column by clicking and dragging the column with the mouse in the list with the horizontal display of the column names. The value can be edited.
<b>Move selected entry up</b>	Moves the selected column up. You can also move the columns with drag&drop.
<b>Move selected entry down</b>	Moves the selected column down. You can also move the columns with drag&drop.
<b>Field with horizontal display of the column names</b>	Shows the columns which are active in the list. You can define the size of the columns by clicking and dragging the column borders with the mouse.

## 11.2 Determine open maintenances

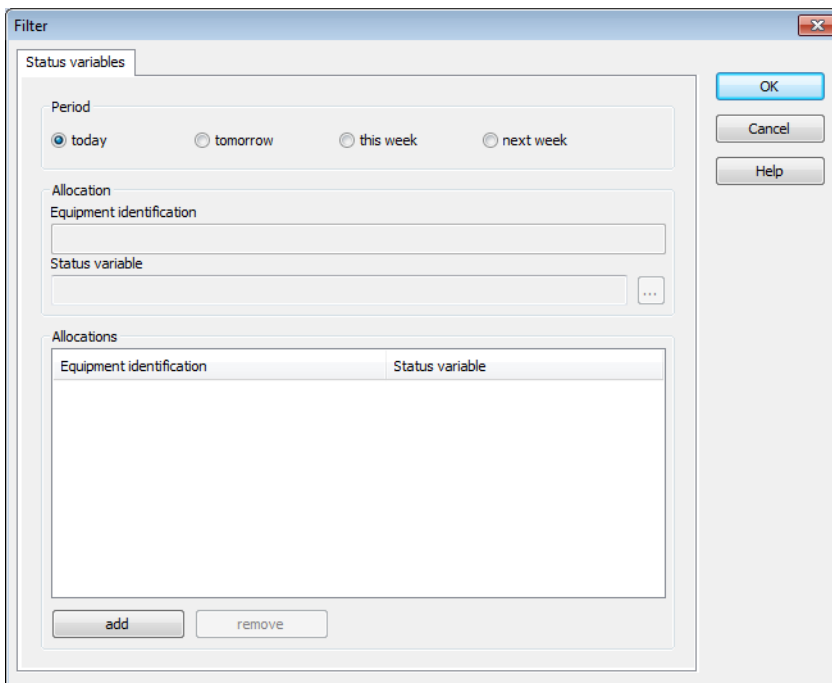
Function **Determine open maintenances** fetches the list of all pending maintenances from the IMM for a certain period of time. These are used to determine the equipment-specific status values as configured.

When carrying out the function:

- ▶ numeric set values are written to the corresponding status variables; these set values match the total of the pending maintenances which are in the equipment and which match the allocation of equipment IDs to status variables
- ▶ The status variables configured on the device and at the maintenance are updated

To configure the function:

- ▶ Select **New function...**
- ▶ open branch **Application**
- ▶ select **Determine open maintenance**
- ▶ The dialog for configuring the function opens



The dialog box is titled "Filter" and contains the following sections:

- Status variables**:
  - Period**: Radio buttons for **today** (selected), **tomorrow**, **this week**, and **next week**.
  - Allocation**:
    - Equipment identification**: A text input field.
    - Status variable**: A text input field with a dropdown arrow.
  - Allocations**: A table with two columns: **Equipment identification** and **Status variable**. The table is currently empty.
  - add** and **remove** buttons are located below the table.
- Buttons**: **OK**, **Cancel**, and **Help** buttons are located on the right side of the dialog.



Parameters	Description
<b>Period</b>	Period of time for which the pending maintenance was determined  <b>Note:</b> Time is saved as local time. For details see chapter Handling of date and time in chapter Runtime.
<b>Equipment label</b>	Enter the equipment label which should be allocated to a status variable.  Form: Equipment label are separated by comma and entered as lists. Equipment label may contain wildcards. (Wildcards are only allowed as prefix or suffix; e.g. *xxx or xxx*.)
<b>Status variable</b>	A numerical variable that contains the number of open maintenances of the equipment entered under <b>Equipment identifier</b> as a set value.
<b>Allocations</b>	List of allocations of equipment labels to status variables.
<b>Add</b>	Adds an allocation line.
<b>Remove</b>	Deletes the selected allocation.



### Example

2 maintenances are active in Equipment1 and 1 maintenance is active in Equipment2.

Equipment1 and Equipment2 are the only equipments in this example.

The function is engineered similar to the displayed screenshot.

The status variables contain the following set values:

Maintenances\_today\_all = 3

Maintenances\_today\_all2 = 3

Maintenances\_today\_equipment1\_2 = 3

Maintenances\_today\_equipment1 = 2

*Maintenances\_today\_equipment2 = 1*



### Information

*In network operation, the function is always executed on the server.*