

# zenon driver manual <sub>Kuka32</sub>

v.7.60



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## 1. Welcome to COPA-DATA help

### ZENON VIDEO-TUTORIALS

You can find practical examples for project configuration with zenon in our YouTube channel (https://www.copadata.com/tutorial\_menu). The tutorials are grouped according to topics and give an initial insight into working with different zenon modules. All tutorials are available in English.

#### **GENERAL HELP**

If you cannot find any information you require in this help chapter or can think of anything that you would like added, please send an email to documentation@copadata.com (mailto:documentation@copadata.com).

#### **PROJECT SUPPORT**

You can receive support for any real project you may have from our Support Team, who you can contact via email at support@copadata.com (mailto:support@copadata.com).

#### LICENSES AND MODULES

If you find that you need other modules or licenses, our staff will be happy to help you. Email sales@copadata.com (mailto:sales@copadata.com).

## 2. Kuka32

Driver for robot controllers from KUKA Roboter GmbH. The driver accesses a KUKA interface via com, called **Cross3Krc**. This makes the connection to the PLCs. The interface is preinstalled by KUKA on the computers on which the driver runs.



## 3. KUKA32 - Data sheet

General:	
Driver file name	KUKA32.exe
Driver name	Driver for Kuka Robots
PLC types	Kuka robots with robot control software Cross3KRC
PLC manufacturer	Kuka Robotics;

Driver supports:	
Protocol	Cross3KRC;
Addressing: Address-based	
Addressing: Name-based	X
Spontaneous communication	x
Polling communication	X
Online browsing	
Offline browsing	
Real-time capable	
Blockwrite	
Modem capable	
Serial logging	
RDA numerical	
RDA String	
Hysteresis	
extended API	
Supports status bit WR-SUC	
alternative IP address	



Requirements:	
Hardware PC	
Software PC	Cross3KRC
Hardware PLC	
Software PLC	
Requires v-dll	

Platforms:	
Operating systems	Windows 7, 8, 8.1, 10, Server 2008R2, Server 2012, Server 2012R2, Server 2016;
CE platforms	-;

## 4. Driver history

Date	Driver version	Change
23.11.12	3898	Driver documentation was created newly.
25.09.15	22358	New driver object type: KUKA dynamic communication name
		Switch to spontaneous communication

### DRIVER VERSIONING

The versioning of the drivers was changed with zenon 7.10. There is a cross-version build number as of this version. This is the number in the 4th position of the file version,

For example: **7.10.0.4228** means: The driver is for version **7.10** service pack **0**, and has the build number **4228**.

Expansions or error rectifications will be incorporated into a build in the future and are then available from the next consecutive build number.



## Example

A driver extension was implemented in build **4228**. The driver that you are using is build number **8322**. Because the build number of your driver is higher than the build number of the extension, the extension is included. The version number of the driver (the first three digits of the file version) do not have any significance in relation to this. The drivers are version-agnostic

## 5. Requirements

This chapter contains information on the requirements that are necessary for use of this driver.

## 5.1 PC

KUKA interface on the computers on which the driver is running.

## 6. Configuration

In this chapter you will learn how to use the driver in a project and which settings you can change.

## Information

Find out more about further settings for zenon variables in the chapter Variables (main.chm::/15247.htm) of the online manual.



## 6.1 Creating a driver

In the **Create driver** dialog, you create a list of the new drivers that you want to create.

Create driver				
Available drivers	Driver information Description:			
Sprether Automation     Sprether Automation     Sprether Automation     Sprether Automation     Adds     A	The composition of the second programs on file basis. Values are read from a file and displayed resp. archived in zenon. Values can also be written file a file by zenon. Supported PLC types:			
	OK Cancel Hep			



Parameter	Description
Available drivers	List of all available drivers.
	The display is in a tree structure: [+] expands the folder structure and shows the drivers contained therein. [-] reduces the folder structure
	Default: no selection
Driver name	Unique <b>Identification</b> of the driver.
	Default: Empty The input field is pre-filled with the pre-defined <b>Identification</b> after selecting a driver from the list of available drivers.
Driver information	Further information on the selected driver. Default: Empty The information on the selected driver is shown in this area after selecting a driver.

#### **CLOSE DIALOG**

Q

Option	Description
ок	Accepts all settings and opens the driver configuration dialog of the selected driver.
Cancel	Discards all changes and closes the dialog.
Help	Opens online help.

## Information

The content of this dialog is saved in the file called Treiber\_[Language].xml. You can find this file in the following folder: C: \ProgramData\COPA-DATA\zenon[version number].

#### CREATE NEW DRIVER

In order to create a new driver:

 Right-click on Driver in the Project Manager and select New driver in the context menu. Optional: Select the New driver button from the toolbar of the detail view of the Variables. The Create driver dialog is opened.



2. The dialog offers a list of all available drivers.

Available drivers     Image: Specifier Automation     Image: Automatio		Create driver
<pre>s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s</pre>	Available drivers	Driver information
<pre>s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s</pre>	ISprecher Automation	
Ads   Ads   Ads   Ads-badey   Ads-badey   Ads-badey   Ads-badey   Ads-badey   Ads-badey   Ads-badey   Ads-badey   Adson   Adson </th <th></th> <th></th>		
Ackered   Backred		
Wen-Badky		
Arken   B- Arina   B- Bahmann   B- Bahnann   B- Dababase   B- Dababase   B- Dababase   B- Dababase   B- Dababase   B- Dababase   B- Bahnann		
Arkens   Bachman   Bachman  <		
Both Ashnag   Both Ramon   Both Ramon   Both Ramon   Both Reards		
Boddmann   Boddm		
BACnet   Bebarber   Bernekor + Rainer   Ber		
Beckhoff Beckho		
Bernecker + Rainer Bernecker + Rainer Bernec		
Pi-Bit-Tyto Flow Control   Pi-Database   Pi-Database <		
Bodh Revolt Bodh		
Budersen   Budersen   CAN   CAN   Convoit   <		
Buderus   Concolo   Concolo   Contronic   C		
CAN CAN COPADATA COP		
Image: Control Control Controls   Image: Control Control Controls   Image: Control Control Controls   Image: Control Control Control Controls   Image: Control Control Controls   Image: Control Control Control Controls   Image: Control Control Controls   Image: Control Control Cont		
CORACATA   Controlic   Controlic   Danier   Dabbase   Dabbase </td <td>🗄 – 🧰 CAN</td> <td></td>	🗄 – 🧰 CAN	
Goodbo       Goodbo <td< td=""><td>CIMON</td><td></td></td<>	CIMON	
Cockels	I COPA-DATA	
Gottonic   Gottonic   Gottonic   Database   Datab		
Image: State of the state		
Image: States		
Image: Stablase       Image		
Debeen   Debeen <td></td> <td></td>		
Pre3		
Image: Series of the series of th		
BB BB Bau SA SA Bahrer Barrer Barrer CAtomatonSControls C		
Bolu       Stand       Stand <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td></tr<>		
Staf       Staf <td></td> <td></td>		
Seer       Image: Seer		
Image: Submer in the submer		
Image: Sector		
Image: Beas       Image: Get Automation&Controls       Image: Get Automation&Controls <td></td> <td></td>		
Image: Source of Multin Source of Sourc		
Image: Automaton&Controls       Image: Childin       <		
Image: Set Multin       Image		
Image: Source Metrawatt       Image: Historic       <		
I Hicker       I Hicker       I Hicker       I Hicker       I Hicker       I Hicker       I I I Hicker       I I I Hicker       I I I I Hicker       I I I I I Hicker       I I I I I I I Hicker       I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		
Itscher		
Indext       Indext       Indext       Indext       Indext		
the frame ✓		
IBH     v       kiver name     v		
Xiver name		
	BH v	
	Driver name	
OK Cancel Help		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OK Cancel Help		
		OK Cancel Help

- Select the desired driver and name it in the Driver name input field. This input field corresponds to the Identification property. The name of the selected driver is automatically inserted into this input field by default. The following is applicable for the Driver name:
  - The Driver name must be unique.
     If a driver is used more than once in a project, a new name has to be given each time.
     This is evaluated by clicking on the OK button. If the driver is already present in the project, this is shown with a warning dialog.
  - The **Driver name** is part of the file name. Therefore it may only contain characters which are supported by the operating system. Invalid characters are replaced by an underscore (\_).
  - Attention: This name cannot be changed later on.
- Confirm the dialog by clicking on the **OK** button. The configuration dialog for the selected driver is opened.

**Note:** The language of driver names cannot be switched. They are always shown in the language in which they have been created, regardless of the language of the Editor. This also applies to driver object types.



### DRIVER NAME DIALOG ALREADY EXISTS

If there is already a driver in the project, this is shown in a dialog. The warning dialog is closed by clicking on the **OK** button. The driver can be named correctly.

zenon Energy Edition				
	driver name already exists! se enter an unique driver name!			
	ОК			

#### <CD\_PRODUCNTAME> PROJECT

The following drivers are created automatically for newly-created projects:

- Intern
- MathDr32
- SysDrv



Only the required drivers need to be present in a zenon project. Drivers can be added at a later time if required.

## 6.2 Settings in the driver dialog

You can change the following settings of the driver:



## 6.2.1 General

The configuration dialog is opened when a driver is created. In order to be able to open the dialog later for editing, double click on the driver in the list or click on the **Configuration** property.

Configuration				
General				
		ОК		
Mode:		Cancel		
Hardware	•	Help		
Hardward		Пар		
Keep update list in memory				
Outputs writeable				
Variable image remanent				
Stopped on Standby-Server				
Update time global				
Global updatetime in ms:				
1000				
Priority normal: 1000	ms			
high: 500	ms			
higher: 300	ms			
highest: 100	ms			



Option	Description
Mode	Allows to switch between hardware mode and simulation mode
	<ul> <li>Hardware:</li> <li>A connection to the control is established.</li> </ul>
	Simulation - static: No communication between to the control is established, the values are simulated by the driver. In this modus the values remain constant or the variables keep the values which were set by zenon Logic. Each variable has its own memory area. E.g. two variables of the type marker with offset 79 can have different values in the Runtime and do not influence each other. Exception: The simulator driver.
	Simulation – counting: No communication between to the control is established, the values are simulated by the driver. In this modus the driver increments the values within a value range automatically.
	Simulation – programmed: No communication is established to the PLC. The values are calculated by a freely programmable simulation project. The simulation project is created with the help of the zenon Logic Workbench and runs in a zenon Logic Runtime which is integrated in the driver. For details see chapter Driver simulation (main.chm::/25206.htm).
Keep update list in the memory	Variables which were requested once are still requested from the control even if they are currently not needed. This has the advantage that e.g. multiple screen switches after the screen was opened for the first time are executed faster because the variables need not be requested again. The disadvantage is a higher load for the communication to the control.
Output can be written	Active: Outputs can be written.
	Inactive: Writing of outputs is prevented.
	Note: Not available for every driver.
Variable image remanent	This option saves and restores the current value, time stamp and the states of a data point.
	Fundamental requirement: The variable must have a valid value and time stamp.
	The variable image is saved in mode hardware if:
	<ul> <li>one of the states S_MERKER_1(0) up to S_MERKER8(7), REVISION(9), AUS(20) or ERSATZWERT(27) is active</li> </ul>
	The variable image is always saved if:



	the variable is of the driver object type Communication details
	<ul> <li>the driver runs in simulation mode. (not programmed simulation)</li> </ul>
	The following states are not restored at the start of the Runtime:
	SELECT(8)
	▶ WR-ACK(40)
	▶ WR-SUC(41)
	The mode <b>Simulation - programmed</b> at the driver start is not a criterion in order to restore the remanent variable image.
Stop on Standby Server	Setting for redundancy at drivers which allow only one communication connection. For this the driver is stopped at the Standby Server and only started at the upgrade.
	<b>Attention:</b> If this option is active, the gapless archiving is no longer guaranteed.
	Active: Sets the driver at the not-process-leading Server automatically in a stop-like state. In contrast to stopping via driver command, the variable does not receive status <b>switched off (statusverarbeitung.chm::/24150.htm)</b> but an empty value. This prevents that at the upgrade to the Server irrelevant values are created in the AML, CEL and Historian.
	<b>Note:</b> Not available if the CE terminal serves as a data server. You can find further information in the zenon Operator manual in the CE terminal as a data server chapter.
Global Update time	Active: The set Global update time in ms is used for all variables in the project. The priority set at the variables is not used. Inactive: The set priorities are used for the individual variables.
Priority	The polling times for the individual priority classes are set here. All variables with the according priority are polled in the set time.
	The variables are allocated separately in the settings of the variable properties. The communication of the individual variables can be graded according to importance or required topicality using the priority classes. Thus the communication load is distributed better.
	Attention: Priority classes are not supported by each driver For example, drivers that communicate spontaneously do not support it.



#### **CLOSE DIALOG**

Options	Description
ок	Applies all changes in all tabs and closes the dialog.
Cancel	Discards all changes in all tabs and closes the dialog.
Help	Opens online help.

#### UPDATE TIME FOR CYCLICAL DRIVERS

The following applies for cyclical drivers:

For **Set value**, **advising** of variables and **Requests**, a read cycle is immediately triggered for all drivers - regardless of the set update time. This ensures that the value is immediately available for visualization after writing. Update times can therefore be shorter than pre-set for cyclical drivers.

## 7. Creating variables

This is how you can create variables in the zenon Editor:

## 7.1 Creating variables in the Editor

Variables can be created:

- as simple variables
- ▶ in arrays (main.chm::/15262.htm)
- ▶ as structure variables (main.chm::/15278.htm)

#### VARIABLE DIALOG

To create a new variable, regardless of which type:



Workspace 'C:\WSP6_PRJ      VARIABLE (Start pr	۰ 🍋	🌢   🖻	🖻 🖦 🗙   🕮 🔹	• • • •	mi ta ta	🏹 🗕 🌠	🖌 ્ર 🤻	<b>f</b> 🕖	
😑 🔷 Variables	Status	Name $ riangle$		nnit Unit	Net address	Data block	Offset	Bit num	Alignm
≣≩ Driver → A Datatypes			Filter text	Filter	Filter text 🗹 Fi	ilter text 🛛 🔽	Filter text	Filter	Filter
Beaction m		drv_a <sup>rith</sup>			0	0	0	0	0
Allocations		drv_C	Variable new		Ins	0	0	0	0
		drv_E	Create standard f	function		0	0	0	0
Units		drv_N	the test of a test of a test of a			0	0	0	0
🕀 🛒 Screens		drv_N	Linked elements		•	0	0	0	0
Functions		drv_N	Сору		Ctrl+C	0	0	0	0
🛛 🙀 Language table		drv_N	Paste		Ctrl+V	0	0	0	0
Recipes		drv_N				0	0	0	0
Time control		drv_S	Delete		Del	0	0	0	0
🕀 🍪 Programming interfa	+-	+ Interr	Expand/collapse	node	•	0	0	0	0
- 5 straton (IEC 6113	+-	Interr		node	,	0	0	0	0
Production & Facilit	+-	Interr	Activate all			0	0	0	0
Interlockings			Activate						
			Deactivate						
Message Control			Export XML selec	tad					
Menus				leu					
- 👔 Report Generator			Import XML						
🗈 😫 User administrati			Extended import/	export	•				
			Extended filter		•				
			Remove all filter						
	۲.		Edit selected cell		F2				Þ
	42 t	otal / 11	Edit selected cell		F 2	able			

1. Select the **New variable** command in the **Variables** node in the context menu

The dialog for configuring variables is opened

2. Configure the variable



Create variable			×
Settings Name: S Variable			
S_Variable			
Driver			
SIMUL32 - SIMUL_WIZ		•	
Driver object type			
PLC marker		•	
Datatype			
REAL			
Array settings			
Start index is 0			
Start index is 1			
Dim 1	Dim 2	Dim 3	
0	0	0	
Addressing options			
Automatic addressing     Automatic add			
Addressing according to	o data type offset and	l start offset	
Manual addressing			
Each datatype starts w	ith new offset		
Automatic addressing			
Activate all elements			
Activate element manu	ally		
Back	Finish	Cancel He	lp

3. The settings that are possible depends on the type of variables

Property	Description
Name	Distinct name of the variable. If a variable with the same name already exists in the project, no additional variable can be created with this name.
	Maximum length: 128 characters
	Attention: The characters <b>#</b> and @ are not permitted in variable names. If non-permitted characters are used, creation of variables cannot be completed and the <b>Finish</b> button remains inactive. <b>Note:</b> For some drivers, the addressing is possible over the property <b>Symbolic address</b> , as well.
Drivers	Select the desired driver from the drop-down list.
	Note: If no driver has been opened in the project, the driver for internal variables (Intern.exe (Main.chm::/Intern.chm::/Intern.htm)) is automatically loaded.
Driver Object Type (cti.chm::/28685.htm)	Select the appropriate driver object type from the drop-down list.



Data Type	Select the desired data type. Click on the button to open the selection dialog.
Array settings	Expanded settings for array variables. You can find details in the Arrays chapter.
Addressing options	Expanded settings for arrays and structure variables. You can find details in the respective section.
Automatic element activation	Expanded settings for arrays and structure variables. You can find details in the respective section.

#### SYMBOLIC ADDRESS

The **Symbolic address** property can be used for addressing as an alternative to the **Name** or **Identification** of the variables. Selection is made in the driver dialog; configuration is carried out in the variable property. When importing variables of supported drivers, the property is entered automatically.

Maximum length: 1024 characters.

#### **INHERITANCE FROM DATA TYPE**

Measuring range, Signal range and Set value are always:

- derived from the datatype
- Automatically adapted if the data type is changed

**Note for signal range**: If a change is made to a data type that does not support the set **signal range**, the **signal range** is amended automatically. For example, for a change from **INT** to **SINT**, the **signal range** is changed to 127. The amendment is also carried out if the **signal range** was not inherited from the data type. In this case, the **measuring range** must be adapted manually.



## 7.2 Addressing

Group/Property	Description	
General	General variable properties.	
Name	Freely definable name.	
	Attention: For every zenon project the name must be unambiguous.	
	The variables of the driver are only addressed using the variable names. This means that the zenon variable name must be identical to the name in the controller.	
	Exception: Use of dynamic addresses.	
Identification	Freely assignable identification, e.g. for resources label, comment	
Addressing		
Net address	not used for this driver	
Data block	not used for this driver	
Offset	not used for this driver	
Alignment	not used for this driver	
Bit number	not used for this driver	
String length	not used for this driver	
Driver connection/Driver Object Type	Object type of the variables. Depending on the driver used, is selected when the variable is created and can be changed here.	
Driver connection/Data Type	Data type of the variable. Is selected during the creation of the variable; the type can be changed here.	
	Attention: If you change the data type later, all other properties of the variable must be checked and adjusted, if necessary.	
Driver connection/Priority	not used for this driver The driver does not support cyclically-poling communication in priority classes.	

The control units also support arrays (1-based) and structures. The variable name corresponds to the formatting of variable names common in zenon:

- Arrays with "[]"
   For Example: **\$OUT[3]**
- Structures with ".", For Example: \$AA.BB

Two variables are needed in order to use dynamic name issuing:

► The first "PLC marker" driver object type or "KUKA system variable" is the variable that communicates with the controller. The second variables configures the communication names of the first variable.



The second variable is is a "KUKA dynamic communication name" variable and has the same name as the first variables with the additional prefix "DYNNAME\_". The communication name for the first variable, followed by the new data type, is to be written to this variable.

#### Syntax:

Communication name=BOOL|DINT|REAL|STRING

## Attention

When configuring the "KUKA dynamischer Kommunikationsname" driver object variables, it must be ensured that there is sufficiently-large string length.

#### Note capitalization!

If the data type suffix is left out, the data type of the first variable is used. The writing of an empty string switches back to the original communication name.

## Example

For the variable "mySTRING01" with driver object type PLC marker" and the STRING data type, a second variable, "DYNNAME\_mySTRING01", and the driver object type "KUKA dynamic communication name" is created. By writing the set value "myINT01=DINT" to the "DYNNAME\_mySTRING01" variable, the "mySTRING01" variable communicates with the "myINT01" PLC variable. In doing so, there is a data type conversion from DINT to STRING.

## 7.3 Driver objects and datatypes

Driver objects are areas available in the PLC, such as markers, data blocks etc. Here you can find out which driver objects are provided by the driver and which IEC data types can be assigned to the respective driver objects.

## 7.3.1 Driver objects

The following driver object types are available in this driver:



Driver Object Type	Channel type	Read	Write	Supported data types	Description
PLC marker	8		x	BOOL, DINT, REAL, STRING	Control variable
KUKA system variable	64	x	x	BOOL, DINT, REAL, STRING	System driver variable
KUKA dynamic communication	65		x	STRING	Dynamic communication name
name					Please consider also the note at the end of this table.
Communication details	35	x	X	BOOL, INT, REAL, STRING	Variables for the static analysis of the communication; is transferred between driver and Runtime (not to the PLC).
					<b>Note</b> : The addressing and the behavior is the same for most zenon drivers.
					You can find detailed information on this in the Communication details (Driver variables) (on page 30) chapter.

### Key:

X => supported

-- => not supported

### DRIVER OBJECT TYPE KUKA DYNAMIC COMMUNICATION NAME

Please note:

- ► In order to show enumerations for this driver object type, the data type **DINT** has to be used.
- Variables of driver object typeKUKA dynamischer Kommunikationsname are read-protected (write-only). They always have an empty value in the display to the Runtime. Hence, it is not allowed to use the variables for requests (Requests).

**Example:** Logging of old value in the Chronological Event List - CEL.



## 7.3.2 Mapping of the data types

All variables in zenon are derived from IEC data types. The following table compares the IEC datatypes with the datatypes of the PLC.

PLC	zenon	Data type
BOOL	BOOL	8
-	USINT	9
-	SINT	10
-	UINT	2
-	INT	1
-	UDINT	4
INT	DINT	3
-	ULINT	27
-	LINT	26
REAL	REAL	5
-	LREAL	6
CHAR Arrays	STRING	12
-	WSTRING	21
-	DATE	18
-	TIME	17
-	DATE_AND_TIME	20
-	TOD (Time of Day)	19

**Data type:** The property **Data type** is the internal numerical name of the data type. It is also used for the extended DBF import/export of the variables.

## 7.4 Creating variables by importing

Variables can also be imported by importing them. The XML and DBF import is available for every driver.

## Information

You can find details on the import and export of variables in the Import-Export (main.chm::/13028.htm) manual in the Variables (main.chm::/13045.htm) section.



## 7.4.1 XML import

During XML import of variables or data types, these are first assigned to a driver and then analyzed. Before import, the user decides whether and how the respective element (variable or data type) is to be imported:

- Import: The element is imported as a new element.
- Overwrite: The element is imported and overwrites a pre-existing element.
- ▶ Do not import: The element is not imported.

Note: The actions and their durations are shown in a progress bar during import.

#### REQUIREMENTS

The following conditions are applicable during import:

Backward compatibility

At the XML import/export there is no backward compatibility. Data from older zenon versions cannot be taken over. The handover of data from newer to older versions is not supported.

Consistency

The XML file to be imported has to be consistent. There is no plausibility check on importing the file. If there are errors in the import file, this can lead to undesirable effects in the project.

Particular attention must be paid to this, primarily if not all properties exist in the XML file and these are then filled with default values. E.g.: A binary variable has a limit value of 300.

Structure data types

Structure data types must have the same number of structure elements. Example: A structure data type in the project has 3 structure elements. A data type with the same name in the XML file has 4 structure elements. Then none of the variables based on this data type in the export file are imported into the project.



You can find further information on XML import in the **Import - Export** manual, in the **XML import (main.chm::/13046.htm**) chapter.



## 7.4.2 DBF Import/Export

Data can be exported to and imported from dBase.

## Information

Import and Export via CSV or dBase supported; no driver specific variable settings, such as formulas. Use export/import via XML for this.

### **IMPORT DBF FILE**

To start the import:

- 1. right-click on the variable list
- 2. in the drop-down list of Extended export/import... select the Import dBase command
- 3. follow the import assistant

The format of the file is described in the chapter File structure.

## Information

Note:

0

- Driver object type and data type must be amended to the target driver in the DBF file in order for variables to be imported.
- dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at import.

#### EXPORT DBF FILE

To start the export:

- 1. right-click on the variable list
- 2. in the drop-down list of Extended export/import... select the Export dBase... command
- 3. follow the export assistant



## Attention

DBF files:

- must correspond to the 8.3 DOS format for filenames (8 alphanumeric characters for name, 3 character suffix, no spaces)
- must not have dots (.) in the path name. e.g. the path C:\users\John.Smith\test.dbf is invalid. Valid: C:\users\JohnSmith\test.dbf
- must be stored close to the root directory in order to fulfill the limit for file name length including path: maximum 255 characters

The format of the file is described in the chapter File structure.

## Information

dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at export.

### FILE STRUCTURE OF THE DBASE EXPORT FILE

The dBaseIV file must have the following structure and contents for variable import and export:



## Attention

dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at export.

DBF files must:

- conform with their name to the 8.3 DOS format (8 alphanumeric characters for name, 3 characters for extension, no space)
- Be stored close to the root directory (Root)

### STRUCTURE

Identification	Тур e	Field size	Comment
KANALNAME	Char	128	Variable name.
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in <b>project.ini</b> .
KANAL_R	С	128	The original name of a variable that is to be replaced by the new name entered under "VARIABLENNAME" (field/column must be entered manually).
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in <b>project.ini</b> .
KANAL_D	Log	1	The variable is deleted with the 1 entry (field/column has to be created by hand).
TAGNR	С	128	Identification.
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in <b>project.ini</b> .
EINHEIT	С	11	Technical unit
DATENART	C	3	Data type (e.g. bit, byte, word,) corresponds to the data type.
KANALTYP	С	3	Memory area in the PLC (e.g. marker area, data area,) corresponds to the driver object type.
HWKANAL	Num	3	Net address
BAUSTEIN	N	3	Datablock address (only for variables from the data area of the PLC)
ADRESSE	N	5	Offset
BITADR	N	2	For bit variables: bit address For byte variables: 0=lower, 8=higher byte For string variables: Length of string (max. 63 characters)
ARRAYSIZE	N	16	Number of variables in the array for index variables ATTENTION: Only the first variable is fully available. All others are only available for VBA or the Recipegroup Manager



LES_SCHR	L	1	Write-Read-Authorization 0: Not allowed to set value. 1: Allowed to set value.	
MIT_ZEIT	R	1	time stamp in zenon (only if supported by the driver)	
OBJEKT	N	2	Driver-specific ID number of the primitive object comprises TREIBER-OBJEKTTYP and DATENTYP	
SIGMIN	Float	16	Non-linearized signal - minimum (signal resolution)	
SIGMAX	F	16	Non-linearized signal - maximum (signal resolution)	
ANZMIN	F	16	Technical value - minimum (measuring range)	
ANZMAX	F	16	Technical value - maximum (measuring range)	
ANZKOMMA	N	1	Number of decimal places for the display of the values (measuring range)	
UPDATERATE	F	19	Update rate for mathematics variables (in sec, one decimal possible) not used for all other variables	
MEMTIEFE	N	7	Only for compatibility reasons	
HDRATE	F	19	HD update rate for historical values (in sec, one decimal possible)	
HDTIEFE	N	7	HD entry depth for historical values (number)	
NACHSORT	R	1	HD data as postsorted values	
DRRATE	F	19	Updating to the output (for zenon DDE server, in [s], one decimal possible)	
HYST_PLUS	F	16	Positive hysteresis, from measuring range	
HYST_MINUS	F	16	Negative hysteresis, from measuring range	
PRIOR	N	16	Priority of the variable	
REAMATRIZE	С	32	Allocated reaction matrix	
ERSATZWERT	F	16	Substitute value, from measuring range	
SOLLMIN	F	16	Minimum for set value actions, from measuring range	
SOLLMAX	F	16	Maximum for set value actions, from measuring range	
VOMSTANDBY	R	1	Get value from standby server; the value of the variable is not requested from the server but from the Standby Server in redundant networks	
RESOURCE	С	128	Resources label. Free string for export and display in lists.	
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in <b>project.ini</b> .	
ADJWVBA	R	1	Non-linear value adaption: 0: Non-linear value adaption is used	



			1: Non-linear value adaption is not used
ADJZENON	С	128	Linked VBA macro for reading the variable value for non-linear value adjustment.
ADJWVBA	С	128	ed VBA macro for writing the variable value for non-linear value adjustment.
ZWREMA	N	16	Linked counter REMA.
MAXGRAD	N	16	Gradient overflow for counter REMA.

## ▲ Attention

When importing, the driver object type and data type must be amended to the target driver in the DBF file in order for variables to be imported.

### LIMIT VALUE DEFINITION

Limit definition for limit values 1 to 4, or status 1 to 4:



Identification	Туре	Field size	Comment
AKTIV1	R	1	Limit value active (per limit value available)
GRENZWERT1	F	20	technical value or ID number of a linked variable for a dynamic limit value (see VARIABLEx) (if VARIABLEx is 1 and here it is -1, the existing variable linkage is not overwritten)
SCHWWERT1	F	16	Threshold value for limit value
HYSTERESE1	F	14	Is not used
BLINKEN1	R	1	Set blink attribute
BTB1	R	1	Logging in CEL
ALARM1	R	1	Alarm
DRUCKEN1	R	1	Printer output (for CEL or Alarm)
QUITTIER1	R	1	Must be acknowledged
LOESCHE1	R	1	Must be deleted
VARIABLE1	R	1	Dyn. limit value linking the limit is defined by an absolute value (see field GRENZWERTx).
FUNC1	R	1	Functions linking
ASK_FUNC1	R	1	Execution via Alarm Message List
FUNC_NR1	N	10	ID number of the linked function (if "-1" is entered here, the existing function is not overwritten during import)
A_GRUPPE1	N	10	Alarm/event group
A_KLASSE1	N	10	Alarm/event class
MIN_MAX1	С	3	Minimum, Maximum
FARBE1	N	10	Color as Windows coding
GRENZTXT1	С	66	Limit value text
A_DELAY1	N	10	Time delay
INVISIBLE1	R	1	Invisible

Expressions in the column "Comment" refer to the expressions used in the dialog boxes for the definition of variables. For more information, see chapter Variable definition.



## 7.5 Communication details (Driver variables)

The driver kit implements a number of driver variables. This variables are part of the driver object type **Communication details**. These are divided into:

- Information
- Configuration
- Statistics and
- Error message

The definitions of the variables implemented in the driver kit are available in the import file **drvvar.dbf** (on the installation medium in the \Predefined\Variables folder) and can be imported from there.

**Note:** Variable names must be unique in zenon. If driver variables of the driver object type **Communication details** are to be imported from **drvvar.dbf** again, the variables that were imported beforehand must be renamed.

## Information

Not every driver supports all driver variables of the driver object type *Communication details*.

For example:

- > Variables for modem information are only supported by modem-compatible drivers
- Variables for the polling cycle only for pure polling drivers
- Connection-related information such as ErrorMSG only for drivers that only edit one connection at a a time



#### INFORMATION

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
MainVersion	UINT	0	Main version number of the driver.
SubVersion	UINT	1	Sub version number of the driver.
BuildVersion	UINT	29	Build version number of the driver.
RTMajor	UINT	49	zenon main version number
RTMinor	UINT	50	zenon sub version number
RTSp	UINT	51	zenon Service Pack number
RTBuild	UINT	52	zenon build number
LineStateIdle	BOOL	24.0	TRUE, if the modem connection is idle
LineStateOffering	BOOL	24.1	TRUE, if a call is received
LineStateAccepted	BOOL	24.2	The call is accepted
LineStateDialtone	BOOL	24.3	Dialtone recognized
LineStateDialing	BOOL	24.4	Dialing active
LineStateRingBack	BOOL	24.5	While establishing the connection
LineStateBusy	BOOL	24.6	Target station is busy
LineStateSpecialInfo	BOOL	24.7	Special status information received
LineStateConnected	BOOL	24.8	Connection established
LineStateProceeding	BOOL	24.9	Dialing completed
LineStateOnHold	BOOL	24.10	Connection in hold
LineStateConferenced	BOOL	24.11	Connection in conference mode.
LineStateOnHoldPendConf	BOOL	24.12	Connection in hold for conference
LineStateOnHoldPendTransfer	BOOL	24.13	Connection in hold for transfer
LineStateDisconnected	BOOL	24.14	Connection terminated.
LineStateUnknow	BOOL	24.15	Connection status unknown
ModemStatus	UDINT	24	Current modem status
TreiberStop	BOOL	28	Driver stopped
			For driver stop, the variable has the value TRUE and an OFF bit. After the driver has started, the variable has the value FALSE and no OFF bit.
SimulRTState	UDINT	60	Informs the status of Runtime for driver simulation.



ConnectionStates	STRING	61	Internal connection status of the driver to the PLC.
			Connection statuses:
			0: Connection OK
			1: Connection failure
			2: Connection simulated
			Formating:
			<netzadresse>:<verbindungszustand>;;;</verbindungszustand></netzadresse>
			A connection is only known after a variable has first signed in. In order for a connection to be contained in a string, a variable of this connection must be signed in once.
			The status of a connection is only updated if a variable of the connection is signed in. Otherwise there is no communication with the corresponding controller.

## CONFIGURATION

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
ReconnectInRead	BOOL	27	If TRUE, the modem is automatically reconnected for reading
ApplyCom	BOOL	36	Apply changes in the settings of the serial interface. Writing to this variable immediately results in the method SrvDrvVarApplyCom being called (which currently has no further function).
ApplyModem	BOOL	37	Apply changes in the settings of the modem. Writing this variable immediately calls the method SrvDrvVarApplyModem. This closes the current connection and opens a new one according to the settings <b>PhoneNumberSet</b> and <b>ModemHwAdrSet</b> .
PhoneNumberSet	STRING	38	Telephone number, that should be used
ModemHwAdrSet	DINT	39	Hardware address for the telephone number



GlobalUpdate	UDINT	3	Update time in milliseconds (ms).
BGlobalUpdaten	BOOL	4	TRUE, if update time is global
TreiberSimul	BOOL	5	TRUE, if driver in sin simulation mode
TreiberProzab	BOOL	6	TRUE, if the variables update list should be kept in the memory
ModemActive	BOOL	7	TRUE, if the modem is active for the driver
Device	STRING	8	Name of the serial interface or name of the modem
ComPort	UINT	9	Number of the serial interface.
Baudrate	UDINT	10	Baud rate of the serial interface.
Parity	SINT	11	Parity of the serial interface
ByteSize	USINT	14	Number of bits per character of the serial interface
			Value = 0 if the driver cannot establish any serial connection.
StopBit	USINT	13	Number of stop bits of the serial interface.
Autoconnect	BOOL	16	TRUE, if the modem connection should be established automatically for reading/writing
PhoneNumber	STRING	17	Current telephone number
ModemHwAdr	DINT	21	Hardware address of current telephone number
RxIdleTime	UINT	18	Modem is disconnected, if no data transfer occurs for this time in seconds (s)
WriteTimeout	UDINT	19	Maximum write duration for a modem connection in milliseconds (ms).
RingCountSet	UDINT	20	Number of ringing tones before a call is accepted
ReCallIdleTime	UINT	53	Waiting time between calls in seconds (s).
ConnectTimeout	UINT	54	Time in seconds (s) to establish a connection.



## STATISTICS

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
MaxWriteTime	UDINT	31	The longest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required for writing.
MinWriteTime	UDINT	32	The shortest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required for writing.
MaxBlkReadTime	UDINT	40	Longest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required to read a data block.
MinBlkReadTime	UDINT	41	Shortest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required to read a data block.
WriteErrorCount	UDINT	33	Number of writing errors
ReadSucceedCount	UDINT	35	Number of successful reading attempts
MaxCycleTime	UDINT	22	Longest time in milliseconds (ms) required to read all requested data.
MinCycleTime	UDINT	23	Shortest time in milliseconds (ms) required to read all requested data.
WriteCount	UDINT	26	Number of writing attempts
ReadErrorCount	UDINT	34	Number of reading errors
MaxUpdateTimeNormal	UDINT	56	Time since the last update of the priority group <b>Normal</b> in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHigher	UDINT	57	Time since the last update of the priority group <b>Higher</b> in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHigh	UDINT	58	Time since the last update of the priority group <b>High</b> in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHighest	UDINT	59	Time since the last update of the priority group <b>Highest</b> in milliseconds (ms).
PokeFinish	BOOL	55	Goes to 1 for a query, if all current pokes were executed

### ERROR MESSAGE

Name from import Type Offset Description	Name from import
--	------------------



ErrorTimeDW	UDINT	2	Time (in seconds since 1.1.1970), when the last error occurred.
ErrorTimeS	STRING	2	Time (in seconds since 1.1.1970), when the last error occurred.
RdErrPrimObj	UDINT	42	Number of the PrimObject, when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrStationsName	STRING	43	Name of the station, when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrBlockCount	UINT	44	Number of blocks to read when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrHwAdresse	DINT	45	Hardware address when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrDatablockNo	UDINT	46	Block number when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrMarkerNo	UDINT	47	Marker number when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrSize	UDINT	48	Block size when the last reading error occurred.
DrvError	USINT	25	Error message as number
DrvErrorMsg	STRING	30	Error message as text
ErrorFile	STRING	15	Name of error log file

## 8. Driver commands

This chapter describes standard functions that are valid for most zenon drivers. Not all functions described here are available for every driver. For example, a driver that does not, according to the data sheet, support a modem connection also does not have any modem functions.

Driver commands are used to influence drivers using zenon; start and stop for example. The engineering is implemented with the help of function **Driver commands**. To do this:

- create a new function
- ► select Variables -> Driver commands



## • The dialog for configuration is opened

Driver	×
Driver commands Settings Driver \$7TCP32\$7 TCP-IP	<u>O</u> K Cancel
Current status priver Driver command	Help
<no commando=""></no>	
Show this dialog in the Runtime	



Parameter	Description		
Drivers	Drop-down list with all drivers which are loaded in the project.		
Current status	Fixed entry which has no function in the current version.		
Driver command	Drop-down list for the selection of the command.		
<ul> <li>Start driver (online mode)</li> </ul>	Driver is reinitialized and started.		
> Stop driver (offline	Driver is stopped. No new data is accepted.		
mode)	Note: If the driver is in offline mode, all variables that were created for this driver receive the status switched off (OFF; Bit 20).		
Driver in simulation mode	Driver is set into simulation mode. The values of all variables of the driver are simulated by the driver. No values from the connected hardware (e.g. PLC, bus system,) are displayed.		
Driver in hardware mode	Driver is set into hardware mode. For the variables of the driver the values from the connected hardware (e.g. PLC, bus system,) are displayed.		
Driver-specific command	Enter driver-specific commands. Opens input field in order to enter a command.		
<ul> <li>Driver - activate set setpoint value</li> </ul>	Write set value to a driver is allowed.		
<ul> <li>Driver - deactivate set setpoint value</li> </ul>	Write set value to a driver is prohibited.		
<ul> <li>Establish connecton with modem</li> </ul>	Establish connection (for modem drivers) Opens the input fields for the hardware address and for the telephone number.		
Disconnect from modem	Terminate connection (for modem drivers)		
Show this dialog in the Runtime	The dialog is shown in Runtime so that changes can be made.		

#### **DRIVER COMMANDS IN THE NETWORK**

If the computer, on which the **driver command** function is executed, is part of the zenon network, additional actions are carried out. A special network command is sent from the computer to the project server, which then executes the desired action on its driver. In addition, the Server sends the same driver command to the project standby. The standby also carries out the action on its driver.

This makes sure that Server and Standby are synchronized. This only works if the Server and the Standby both have a working and independent connection to the hardware.



## 9. Error analysis

Should there be communication problems, this chapter will assist you in finding out the error.

## 9.1 Analysis tool

All zenon modules such as Editor, Runtime, drivers, etc. write messages to a joint log file. To display them correctly and clearly, use the Diagnosis Viewer (main.chm::/12464.htm) program that was also installed with zenon. You can find it under *Start/All programs/zenon/Tools* 7.60 -> *Diagviewer*.

zenon driver log all errors in the LOG files. LOG files are text files with a special structure. The default folder for the LOG files is subfolder **LOG** in the folder **ProgramData**. For example:

### %ProgramData%\COPA-DATA\LOG.

Attention: With the default settings, a driver only logs error information. With the Diagnosis Viewer you can enhance the diagnosis level for most of the drivers to "Debug" and "Deep Debug". With this the driver also logs all other important tasks and events.

In the Diagnosis Viewer you can also:

- ▶ Follow newly-created entries in real time
- customize the logging settings
- change the folder in which the LOG files are saved

#### Note:

- 1. The Diagnosis Viewer displays all entries in UTC (coordinated world time) and not in local time.
- 2. The Diagnosis Viewer does not display all columns of a LOG file per default. To display more columns activate property **Add all columns with entry** in the context menu of the column header.
- 3. If you only use **Error-Logging**, the problem description is in the column **Error text**. For other diagnosis level the description is in the column **General text**.
- 4. For communication problems many drivers also log error numbers which the PLC assigns to them. They are displayed in **Error text** or **Error code** or **Driver error parameter (1** and **2)**. Hints on the meaning of error codes can be found in the driver documentation and the protocol/PLC description.
- 5. At the end of your test set back the diagnosis level from **Debug** or **Deep Debug**. At **Debug** and **Deep Debug** there are a great deal of data for logging which are saved to the hard drive and which can influence your system performance. They are still logged even after you close the Diagnosis Viewer.



## Attention

In Windows CE errors are not logged per default due to performance reasons.

You can find further information on the Diagnosis Viewer in the Diagnose Viewer (main.chm::/12464.htm) manual.

## 9.2 Check list

Questions and hints for fault isolation:

#### **GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING**

- ▶ Is the PLC connected to the power supply?
- Analysis with the Diagnosis Viewers (on page 38):
   -> Which messages are displayed?
- Are you using the correct cable which is recommended by the manufacturer for the connection between the PLC and the PC?
- ► Id the **Cross3Krc** interface from KUKA present on the computer?
- Did you use the right object type for the variable?
   Example: Driver variables based on driver object type Communication details are purely statistics variables. They do not communicate with the PLC.
   You can find detailed information on this in the Communication details (Driver variables) (on page 30) chapter.Example: Driver variables are purely statistics variables. They do not communicate with the PLC.

#### SOME VARIABLES REPORT INVALID.

- INVALID bits always refer to a net address.
- At least one variable of the net address is faulty.

#### VALUES ARE NOT DISPLAYED, NUMERIC VALUES REMAIN EMPTY

Driver is not working. Check the:

- Installation of zenon
- ▶ the driver installation
- The installation of all components
   -> Pay attention to error messages during the start of the Runtime.



### VARIABLES ARE DISPLAYED WITH A BLUE DOT

The communication in the network is faulty:

- With a network project: Is the network project also running on the server?
- With a stand-alone project or a network project which is also running on the server: Deactivate the property Read from Standby Server only in node Driver connection/Addressing.

#### VALUES ARE DISPLAYED INCORRECTLY

Check the information for the calculation in node Value calculation of the variable properties.

#### DRIVER FAILS OCCASIONALLY

Analysis with the Diagnosis Viewer (on page 38): -> Which messages are displayed?