

# **zenon driver manual** DNP3\_NG

v.8.00



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# 1. Welcome to COPA-DATA help

#### ZENON VIDEO-TUTORIALS

You can find practical examples for project configuration with zenon in our YouTube channel (https://www.copadata.com/tutorial\_menu). The tutorials are grouped according to topics and give an initial insight into working with different zenon modules. All tutorials are available in English.

#### **GENERAL HELP**

If you cannot find any information you require in this help chapter or can think of anything that you would like added, please send an email to documentation@copadata.com.

#### **PROJECT SUPPORT**

You can receive support for any real project you may have from our Support Team, who you can contact via email at support@copadata.com.

#### LICENSES AND MODULES

If you find that you need other modules or licenses, our staff will be happy to help you. Email sales@copadata.com.

# 2. DNP3\_NG

Driver for the protocol in accordance with IEEE1815 Distributed Network Protocol (DNP3).

The driver is the master at protocol level and supports serial communication with several outstations, as well as IP communication via TCP.

#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

In order for you to understand this document better, please find the definition of important terms in the following list.



Term	Definition
Event Class	A type of grouping in the outstation.
	There are <b>Event Classes</b> 1,2, 3 and the <b>Static Class</b> 0. An <b>Event Class</b> is assigned as a rule a buffer, in which value changes are stored for configured object groups with the variation configured in the <b>Outstation</b> .
	A master can request all value changes of this <b>Event Class</b> of the <b>Outstation</b> by means of a harvest inquiry for for example <b>Class</b> 1.
	The <b>Static Class</b> 0 has an own task. It redelivers the last value in a harvest inquiry of the <b>master</b> respectively for nearly all <b>Points</b> . In the <b>Outstation</b> can be configured as a rule, which <b>Points</b> belong and/or which <b>Object Group</b> to which <b>Event Class</b> . There is no exact definition, however <b>Class</b> 1 is generally used for important messages, such as binary inputs for alarms.
Event poll	Read query from the <b>master</b> to the <b>outstation</b> , whereby the <b>master</b> requests the <b>outstation</b> to only send the amended values for a certain <b>event class</b> or for all <b>event classes</b> (1, 2 and 3).
Integrity Poll	Read query from the <b>master</b> to the <b>outstation</b> for the <b>static class</b> 0. The <b>Master</b> requests an initial display of all <b>points</b> with this query.
Master	Controlling station. A <b>master</b> sends read queries and control queries to the <b>outstation</b> .
Objekt Group	Data type or data type in the <b>outstation</b> with a defined functionality. <b>Object Group</b> 30 stands for a static analog input, for example. A value change for an analog input is assigned to <b>object group</b> 32. <b>Object group</b> 40 serves, for example, for the reading of an analog output, <b>object group</b> 41 for writing to an analog output.
Outstation	SPS or RTU in DNP3. An outstation is a slave at protocol level and sends data to the <b>master</b> on request.
Point	Equivalent of a variable in the Outstation. A <b>Point</b> is addressed with one <b>Point</b> <b>Number</b> (Offset) per <b>Object Group</b> with e.g. <b>Point</b> 12 for <b>Object group</b> 30 and <b>Point</b> 12 for <b>Object Group</b> 32 both have the same analog input as a basis, however <b>point</b> 12 for <b>object group</b> 1 is a completely independent binary input. The general term for a value, time or status change is <b>DNP object</b> .
Unsolicited Response	Message from value changes of an <b>event class</b> that is spontaneously sent from the <b>outstation</b> to the <b>master</b> . to do this, the <b>master</b> must however first activate <b>unsolicited responses</b> in the <b>outstation</b> . The <b>outstation</b> must support <b>unsolicited responses</b> and these must be configured for it.
Variation	Format, in which the <b>outstation</b> saves a static value or a value change in <b>class</b> 0 or <b>class</b> 1, 2 or 3. It can be configured in the <b>outstation</b> for each <b>object group</b> or for each <b>point</b> . The <b>variation</b> determines if a static value ( <b>class</b> 0) or a value change is an integer or a floating point. Or whether a time stamp is saved or not, or whether object flags are saved or not.

Find out more information in the chapter **DNP3/IEEE1815-2012 standard**. You can acquire this documentation of the IEEE. You get also access if you join the **DNP3 user group** : http://www.dnp.org/ (http://www.dnp.org/).

#### **DEVICE PROFILE**

Device profile is a standard document that describes, which functionality is supported with the DNP3 standard. For the DNP3\_NG driver, you find the XML Device profile after zenon installation in the folder C:\ProgramData\COPA-DATA\zenonxxx\CommunicationProfiles\Dnp3\Driver\DNP3\_NG .xml (xxx corresponds the current zenon version number).

#### INFORMATION ON THE DNP332, DNP3\_NG AND DNP\_NG DRIVER

The DNP332 driver and the DNP3\_NG will be replaced by the DNP3\_TG from version 7.20. For reasons of compatibility, the DNP3\_NG and the older DNP332 drivers are still included in the setup, but are no longer displayed in the driver selection list by default. Existing projects that are converted use the driver that was originally configured as before. The old driver can continue to be used normally in converted projects. However a switch to the new DNP3\_TG driver is also possible.

#### DISPLAYING THE DNP332/DNP3\_NG IN THE DRIVER LIST

If you want to use the DNP332/DNP3\_NG driver in a new project in 7.20, the driver must be added to the driver list again:

- 1. Start the program **Driverinfo.exe** from the zenon installation medium; subfolder \AdditionalSoftware\COPA-DATA DriverXML Editor.
- Open the driver XML file using the program called Driverinfo.
   Example: TREIBER\_EN.XML from the folder C:\ProgramData\COPA-DATA\zenon7200.
   In doing so, EN is the code for the language in the Editor and 7200 for the installed version, version 7.20.
- 3. Go to the DNP3 folder and select New Driver in the context menu.
- 4. Enter **DNP332** or **DNP3\_NG** in all three fields of the dialog and confirm by clicking on **OK**.
- 5. Save the changes by clicking on the **Save** symbol in the toolbar. The driver can now be selected again in the Editor.
- 6. Repeat this step for each language that you use in the Editor.

#### SWITCH TO THE NEW DNP3\_TG DRIVER

The DNP3\_TG driver is compatible with the old DNP3\_NG driver and DNP332 driver in principle. The **Replace driver** function in the Editor can also be used to switch from the DNP332 driver or from the DNP3\_NG driver to the DNP3\_NG driver. After the driver replacement, some settings need to be made



again manually. Some functions in the DNP3\_TG driver are implemented differently and require a change to the project configuration.

When planning to replace a driver, please note the following:

General:

- Back up your project first
- Note the driver configuration of the old driver. These must be entered again once the driver has been replaced.
- Writing to a Frozen Counter variable no longer leads to an Immediate Freeze No Ack. This function can be achieved using a Commando variable.

DNP332 to DNP3\_TG:

- If you use Select Before Operate with the DNP332 driver for the Command Processing, deactivate the Select Before Operate property for the variable. Instead, select the Auto-SBO entry for Binary Output and Analog Output variables in the Command Mode property.
- If, you have used driver data types for Analog Inputs or Counter with DNP332 and these no longer exist in the DNP3\_NG driver, then you must amend the data types of the variables before the change. Background: With the DNP332 driver, it was possible to select data types that were not envisaged by the DNP3 standard. These data types can no longer be used with DNP3\_NG.

DNP3\_NG to DNP3\_TG:

- The Command Mode property for Analog Output and Binary Output variables must be set manually. Alternatively, it is possible to export the variables in XML format before the driver switch and to import them again after the switch. The DNP3\_TG driver also supports, in addition to Direct Operate and Auto SBO, Direct Operate No Ack.
- ► The property variation for the variable has been removed. Instead of configuring the variation for the variable, the variable can be excluded from the class poll with the Classless Read check box and explicitly read with the desired version with a user-defined command.
- The "class scan" variable scan no longer exists for the DNP3\_TG. It is best to delete variables of this type before the driver switch. To trigger a class poll, explicit reading or also a Cold Restart, create Command variables from the DNP3\_TG driver variables.

►



# 3. Driver history

Date	Driver version	Change
11/9/201 2	3754	Created driver documentation

#### DRIVER VERSIONING

The versioning of the drivers was changed with zenon 7.10. There is a cross-version build number as of this version. This is the number in the 4th position of the file version,

For example: **7.10.0.4228** means: The driver is for version **7.10** service pack **0**, and has the build number **4228**.

Expansions or error rectifications will be incorporated into a build in the future and are then available from the next consecutive build number.

### Example

A driver extension was implemented in build **4228**. The driver that you are using is build number **8322**. Because the build number of your driver is higher than the build number of the extension, the extension is included. The version number of the driver (the first three digits of the file version) do not have any significance in relation to this. The drivers are version-agnostic

# 4. DNP3\_NG - Data sheet

General:	
Driver file name	DNP3_NG.exe
Driver name	DNP3 Driver Next Generation
PLC types	DNP3 / IEEE 1815 Outstations
PLC manufacturer	DNP3; GE Harris;



Driver supports:	
Protocol	TCP/IP; DNP3; IEEE Std 1815;
Addressing: Address-based	X
Addressing: Name-based	
Spontaneous communication	X
Polling communication	x
Online browsing	x
Offline browsing	x
Real-time capable	x
Blockwrite	
Modem capable	
Serial logging	x
RDA numerical	
RDA String	
Hysteresis	x
extended API	
Supports status bit WR-SUC	x
alternative IP address	X

Requirements:	
Hardware PC	Serial interface; Standard LAN Adapter
Software PC	
Hardware PLC	
Software PLC	
Requires v-dll	X



Platforms:	
Operating systems	Windows CE 6.0, Embedded Compact 7; Windows 7, 8, 8.1, 10, Server 2008R2, Server 2012, Server 2012R2, Server 2016;
CE platforms	x86; ARM;

# 5. Requirements

This chapter contains information on the requirements that are necessary for use of this driver.

# 5.1 PC

#### HARDWARE

- Serial interface
- ► Ethernet TCP/IP

For dual endpoint, the configured listening socket must be configured in the firewall accordingly.

#### SOFTWARE

If not already present, copy the driver **DNP3\_NG.exe** to the zenon program folder and ensure that **DNP3\_NGV.dII** is also present.

#### CE

Copy the driver **DNP332.dll** to the zenon CE program directory. (The DN3\_NGV.dll is not required for Runtime.)



# 6. Configuration

In this chapter you will learn how to use the driver in a project and which settings you can change.

### Information

Find out more about further settings for zenon variables in the chapter Variables (main.chm::/15247.htm) of the online manual.

# 6.1 Creating a driver

Note that the **ADP** driver can only be created once per project. The driver can be found in the driver group COPA-DATA.

In the **Create driver** dialog, you create a list of the new drivers that you want to create.

Create driver		
Available drivers	Driver information	
Sprecher Automation     Ss	Description:     Data exchange with external programs on file basis. Values are read from a file and displayed resp. archived in zenon. Values can also     be written into a file by zenon.	
ABB     Control ABB     C	Supported PLC types:	
Alstom	Supported connection types: Local Supported communication protocols:	
BACnet Beckhoff Bernecker + Rainer Biff-Tyco Flow Control	unknown The driver is available for the following operating systems: Windows 7, 8, 8, 1, 10, Server 2008R2, Server 2012, Server 2012R2	
Booch Bookersen	The driver is available for the following CE processors:	
B CAN B CIMON E CIMON E COPA-DATA	Necessary additional hardware on the PC:	
Profile driver (RAW format)     PDE Client driver     PDE Client driver     PDP Client V2-0 driver     PDP CLIA Client driver     PDP CLIA Client driver     PDP CLIA Client driver		
Copalp     Costronic     CTI	Driver features: RDA supported: YES RDA Strips upported: NO Address based: YES	
	Name based: NO Blockvirte: NO Serial logging: NO External time stamping: YES Modem supported:NO	
erie Echelon EIB Elau ESA ESA	Polling: YES Spontaneous: NO Online browsing: NO Offline browsing: YES Hysteresis: NO un	
Euchner Festo	WR-SUC supported: NO Alternate IP Address: NO Driver EXE name: DATE132.exe	
Ganther     GE Automation&Controls	<u> </u>	
File driver		
	OK Cancel Help	



Parameter	Description
Available drivers	List of all available drivers.
	The display is in a tree structure: [+] expands the folder structure and shows the drivers contained therein. [-] reduces the folder structure
	Default: no selection
Driver name	Unique <b>Identification</b> of the driver.
	Default: Empty The input field is pre-filled with the pre-defined <b>Identification</b> after selecting a driver from the list of available drivers.
Driver information	Further information on the selected driver. Default: Empty The information on the selected driver is shown in this area after selecting a driver.

#### **CLOSE DIALOG**

Q

Option	Description
ок	Accepts all settings and opens the driver configuration dialog of the selected driver.
Cancel	Discards all changes and closes the dialog.
Help	Opens online help.

#### Information

The content of this dialog is saved in the file called Treiber\_[Language].xml. You can find this file in the following folder: C: \ProgramData\COPA-DATA\zenon[version number].

#### CREATE NEW DRIVER

In order to create a new driver:

 Right-click on Driver in the Project Manager and select New driver in the context menu. Optional: Select the New driver button from the toolbar of the detail view of the Variables. The Create driver dialog is opened.



2. The dialog offers a list of all available drivers.

	Create driver
Available drivers	Driver information
ISprecher Automation	A
B 🔁 35	
ABB	
Actisense	
Allen-Bradley	
B. Alstom	
areva	
B	
Bachmann	
B- BACnet	
B- Beddhoff	
Bernecker + Rainer	
B:	
Bosch Rexroth	
Brodersen	
B	
⊕ CAN ⊕ CIMON	
E-Copalp	
Costronic	
а 💼 сп	
Daimler	
🗄 🚞 Database	
Dateien	
B DNP3	
Echelon	
B. C EIB	
🗎 💼 Elau	
🗄 💼 ESA	
Esser	
B- Buchner	
Festo	
🗎 📋 Files	
B. Canther	
GE Automation&Controls	
@ GE Multilin	
Gossen Metrawatt	
Helmholz	
🕀 💼 Hilscher	
🗎 🧰 Hitachi	
Hydrometer	
IBH V	
Driver name	
	v
	OK Cancel Help

- Select the desired driver and name it in the Driver name input field. This input field corresponds to the Identification property. The name of the selected driver is automatically inserted into this input field by default. The following is applicable for the Driver name:
  - The Driver name must be unique.
     If a driver is used more than once in a project, a new name has to be given each time.
     This is evaluated by clicking on the OK button. If the driver is already present in the project, this is shown with a warning dialog.
  - The **Driver name** is part of the file name. Therefore it may only contain characters which are supported by the operating system. Invalid characters are replaced by an underscore (\_).
  - Attention: This name cannot be changed later on.
- Confirm the dialog by clicking on the **OK** button. The configuration dialog for the selected driver is opened.

Note: The language of driver names cannot be switched. They are always shown in the language in which they have been created, regardless of the language of the Editor. This also applies to driver object types.



#### DRIVER NAME DIALOG ALREADY EXISTS

If there is already a driver in the project, this is shown in a dialog. The warning dialog is closed by clicking on the **OK** button. The driver can be named correctly.

zenon Energy Edition	×
This driver name already exist: Please enter an unique driver	
	ОК

#### ZENON PROJECT

The following drivers are created automatically for newly-created projects:

- Intern
- MathDr32
- SysDrv



Only the required drivers need to be present in a zenon project. Drivers can be added at a later time if required.

# 6.2 Settings in the driver dialog

You can change the following settings of the driver:



### 6.2.1 General

The configuration dialog is opened when a driver is created. In order to be able to open the dialog later for editing, double click on the driver in the list or click on the **Configuration** property.

Configuration	X
General	
	ОК
Mode:	Cancel
Hardware	Help
	Пор
Keep update list in memory	
Outputs writeable	
Variable image remanent	
Stopped on Standby-Server	
☑ Update time global	
Global updatetime in ms:	
1000	
Priority normal: 1000 ms	
high: <b>500</b> ms	
higher: 300 ms	
highest: 100 ms	



Option	Description
Mode	Allows to switch between hardware mode and simulation mode
	<ul> <li>Hardware:</li> <li>A connection to the control is established.</li> </ul>
	Simulation - static: No communication between to the control is established, the values are simulated by the driver. In this modus the values remain constant or the variables keep the values which were set by zenon Logic. Each variable has its own memory area. E.g. two variables of the type marker with offset 79 can have different values in the Runtime and do not influence each other. Exception: The simulator driver.
	Simulation – counting: No communication between to the control is established, the values are simulated by the driver. In this modus the driver increments the values within a value range automatically.
	<ul> <li>Simulation - programmed: No communication is established to the PLC. The values are calculated by a freely programmable simulation project. The simulation project is created with the help of the zenon Logic Workbench and runs in a zenon Logic Runtime which is integrated in the driver. For details see chapter Driver simulation (main.chm::/25206.htm).</li> </ul>
Keep update list in the memory	Variables which were requested once are still requested from the control even if they are currently not needed. This has the advantage that e.g. multiple screen switches after the screen was opened for the first time are executed faster because the variables need not be requested again. The disadvantage is a higher load for the communication to the control.
Output can be written	<ul> <li>Active: Outputs can be written.</li> <li>Inactive: Writing of outputs is prevented.</li> </ul>
	Note: Not available for every driver.
Variable image remanent	This option saves and restores the current value, time stamp and the states of a data point.
	Fundamental requirement: The variable must have a valid value and time stamp.
	The variable image is saved in mode hardware if:



<ul> <li>one of the states S_MERKER_1(0) up to S_MERKER8(7), REVISION(9), AUS(20) or ERSATZWERT(27) is active</li> </ul>
The variable image is always saved if:
the variable is of the object type Driver variable
<ul> <li>the driver runs in simulation mode. (not programmed simulation)</li> </ul>
The following states are not restored at the start of the Runtime:
SELECT(8)
▶ WR-ACK(40)
WR-SUC(41)
The mode <b>Simulation - programmed</b> at the driver start is not a criterion in order to restore the remanent variable image.



Stop on Standby Server	Setting for redundancy at drivers which allow only one communication connection. For this the driver is stopped at the Standby Server and only started at the upgrade. Attention: If this option is active, the gapless archiving is no
	longer guaranteed.
	Active: Sets the driver at the not-process-leading Server automatically in a stop-like state. In contrast to stopping via driver command, the variable does not receive status switched off (statusverarbeitung.chm::/24150.htm) but an empty value. This prevents that at the upgrade to the Server irrelevant values are created in the AML, CEL and Historian.
	Default: Inactive
	Note: Not available if the CE terminal serves as a data server. You can find further information in the zenon Operator manual in the CE terminal as a data server chapter.
Global Update time	Setting for the global update times in milliseconds:
	<ul> <li>Active: The set Global update time is used for all variables in the project. The priority set at the variables is not used.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Inactive:</li> <li>The set priorities are used for the individual variables.</li> </ul>
	Exceptions: Spontaneous drivers ignore this option. They generally use the shortest possible update time. For details, see the <b>Spontaneous driver update time</b> section.
Priority	The polling times for the individual priority classes are set here. All variables with the according priority are polled in the set time.
	The variables are allocated separately in the settings of the variable properties. The communication of the individual variables can be graded according to importance or required topicality using the priority classes. Thus the communication load is distributed better.
	Attention: Priority classes are not supported by each driver, e.g. spontaneously communicating zenon drivers.

#### CLOSE DIALOG

Option	Description
ок	Applies all changes in all tabs and closes the dialog.



Cancel	Discards all changes in all tabs and closes the dialog.
Help	Opens online help.

#### UPDATE TIME FOR SPONTANEOUS DRIVERS

With spontaneous drivers, for **Set value**, **advising** of variables and **Requests**, a read cycle is triggered immediately - regardless of the set update time. This ensures that the value is immediately available for visualization after writing. The update time is generally 100 ms.

Spontaneous drivers are ArchDrv, BiffiDCM, BrTcp32, DNP3, Esser32, FipDrv32, FpcDrv32, IEC850, IEC870, IEC870\_103, Otis, RTK9000, S7DCOS, SAIA\_Slave, STRATON32 and Trend32.

### 6.2.2 Com

Configuration		
General Com Connection	\$	OK Cancel
Com: COM 1 Databit: 8 Stopbit: 1	Baudrate: 9600 ▼ Parity: No ▼ Protocol: NO ▼	



Parameter	Description
Com	Selection Com port.
	Default: 1
Baud rate	Selection baud rate. Adapting to PLC.
	Default: 9600
Data bits	Number of data bits. Adapting to PLC.
	Default: 8
Stop bit	Selection stop bit. Adapting to PLC.
	Default: 1
Parity	Selection parity. Adapting to PLC.
	Default: No
Protocol	Selection protocol. Adapting to PLC.
	Default: No

### Information

The exact settings depend on the used PLCs. Take the valid values from the manual of your PLC.



# 6.2.3 Connections

Configuration				×
General Com Connections				
Configuration file				ОК
DNP3_NG_DNP3_NG.iso				Cancel
Double Point Mapping	NP3 binary mapping	; •	Time as UTC	
Connections				
Connection name	Net address	Communication		
Defaultname	1	192.168.0.200		
New	Edit		Delete	



Parameter	Description		
Configuration file	Name of the file, in which the connection information is stored. For your information only. Cannot be changed.		
Double Point Mapping	Type of double point mapping (on page 30) to an integer value. Select from drop-down list:		
	SCADA default mapping		
	DNP3 binary mapping		
	Custom legacy mapping		
	Default: DNP3 binary mapping		
Time as UTC	All times from and to the control unit are treated as UTC and not as local time.		
Connections	Displays the configured connections.		
New	Opens the dialog for creating a new connection (on page 25).		
Edit	Opens dialog for editing the selected connection.		
Delete	Deletes the selected connection.		
ок	Accepts changes in all tabs and closes dialog.		
Cancel	Discards all changes and closes the dialog.		
Help	Opens online help.		

# Information

Maximum number of connections: 256 (0-255).

### **CREATE NEW CONNECTION**

- 1. click on the button **New**
- 2. Enter the connection details.
- 3. Click on Save



#### EDIT CONNECTION

- 1. select the connection in the connection list
- 2. click on the button **Edit**
- 3. change the connection parameters
- 4. finish with Save

#### **DELETE CONNECTION**

- 1. select the connection in the connection list
- 2. click on the button **Delete**
- 3. the connection will be removed from the list

#### **Configuration stations**

Click on the button **New** in the configuration dialog opens the dialog for the station configuration.

Connection			Connection t		
Net address Connection name			🔘 Serial	TC	P/IP
1	Defaultname	V Level 2	Link cor	nfirm	Keepalive
Own address (Master)	Link address (Slave)	Reply timeout	🔽 Timesyn	ic LAN	120 \$
3	1	30 s	IP-Address		TCP-Port
All classes	Integrity interval	3600 s	192.16	8.0.201	20000
	Event interval	1 s 📃 no auto-IIN	IP-Adress 2	2	TCP-Port 2
Class 1	Event interval	0 s 📄 unsolicited			20000
Class 2	Event interval	0 s 📃 unsolicited			Listen-Port
Class 3	Event interval	0 s 📃 unsolicited	📃 Dual Po	rt	20000
Authentication			- Pulse duratio		
None	Version 2			On time	Off time
Update key			Norm	1000 ms	1000 ms
			Trip	1000 ms	1000 ms
Session timer	Session counter	_	Close	1000 ms	1000 ms
900 s	1000	Short hash			
Response timeou					
2000 ms	2	Aggressive mode			
					e Cancel



Parameter	Description		
Connection	Connection settings		
Net address	Net address of the connection.		
	Value between 0 and 255.		
Connection name	Name of connection. Freely selectable.		
Level 2	Active: Commands and functions for Levels 2 and level 1 can be used.		
Own address (master)	Own address (DNP3 master driver).		
Link address (slave)	Link address of the PLC (of the DNP3 slave).		
SBO timeout	Time in seconds which is waited for an answer from the PLC after the Select. If the time expires, the Select is considered as denied.		
	Default: 30 s		
All classes	Integrationinterval and eventinterval for all classes.		
Integrity interval	Integrity poll of the driver in seconds.		
	Default: 3600		
Event interval	Prompting the driver for new events in seconds.		
	<ul> <li>Value: 0 to 99999</li> </ul>		
	▶ 0:no Polling		
	Default: 1		
no Auto-IIN	Compatibility: Driver ingors Internal Indication Flags IIN1.1, IIN1.2 and IIN 1.3 Make sure to poll for events regularly to avoid pufferoverflows in the Outstation.		
Class 1			
Event interval	Specific Intervals for event-polling in seconds for this class		
	▶ Value: 0 to 99999		
	▶ 0:no Polling		
	Default: 0		
unsolicited	Active: For this class, unsolicited Events are accepted. (See also chapter adressing (on page 33).)		
Class 2			
Event interval	Specific Intervals for event-polling in seconds for this class		
	Value: 0 to 99999		
	▶ 0:no Polling		
	Default: 0		



unsolicited	$\tt Active:$ For this class, unsolicited Events are accepted. (See also chapter adressing (on page 33) .)				
Class 3					
Event interval	Specific Intervals for event-polling in seconds for this class				
	Value: 0 to 99999				
	▶ 0:no Polling				
	Default: 0				
unsolicited	Active: For this class, unsolicited Events are accepted. (See also chapter adressing (on page 33).)				
Connection type	Type of connection. Possible selection via Radiobuttons:				
	▶ serial				
	► TCP/IP				
Serial	Actively: serial connection is used				
ТСР/ІР	Active: Connection via TCP/IP is used				
Link Confirm	Active: Link Layer Confirmation is active.				
	Only available for serial communication.				
Link Timeout	Time in seconds for connection timneout				
	Default: 30s				
Timesync LAN	Active: Use suitable time synchronization.				
	Only available for TCP-connection.				
	Use variation 3 of the time object. This is not accepted of all stations (for example Brodersen RTU) and can be deselected.				
IP address	IP address of PLC.				
TCP-port	Port that is used for communication.				
	Default: 20000				
IP ADDRESS 2	Backup address for redundant connection to the PLC.				
TCO Port 2	TCP Port on the backup address				
Dual Port	Active: Dual Endpoint communication is permitted.				



List Port	TCP Port that is used as local Dual Endpoint.
	Only active if property <b>Dual Port</b> is active.
	only active it property <b>Dual Fort</b> is active.
Authentication	Selection of the authentication:
	None
	Verion 2
None	Active: No authentication filter is used.
Verion 2	Active: Authentication version 2.
verion 2	Active: Authentication version 2.
Update Key	The authentications key for the secured communication via version 2. 32 Hexadecimal Digits expected.
	Permitted characters:
	Digits: 0 to 9
	Letters: a to f and A to F
	<ul> <li>Special characters: Space, points and colon</li> </ul>
	at the start: Header 0x or 0X permitted
	<ul> <li>All remaining letters are interpreted as 0 and will possibly fail during generating the session key.</li> </ul>
Session Timer	Validity of the session key in seconds.
	Value: <700000 s
	Default: 900 s
Session counter	Select how often a session key may be used.
	Value: <10000 s
	Default: 1000
Answer Timeout	Maximal time to the reply of an authentication inquiry in milliseconds.
	Value: 100 to 120000
	Default: 2000 ms
Mistake counter	Specification how many mistakes are reported in the authentication.
	Value: 0 bis 10
	Default: 2



Active: In serial communication, a shortened Hash value is used in the authentication.
Note: Only for serial connection and only with session Timer until 1800 s (30 minutes) allowed.
Active: Authentication is carried out in the aggressive mode.
Defines pulse duration for <b>Norm</b> , <b>Trip</b> and <b>Close</b> for each connection. <b>Norm</b> , <b>Trip</b> and <b>Close</b> define which relays are switched.
Equals NUL.
Pulse duration norm:
<ul> <li>On time: Period of time in milliseconds in which the output is ON Default: 1000</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Time off Period of time in milliseconds in which the output is OFF</li> <li>Default: 1000</li> </ul>
Pulse duration trip:
<ul> <li>On time: Period of time in milliseconds in which the output is ON Default: 1000</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Time off Period of time in milliseconds in which the output is OFF</li> <li>Default: 1000</li> </ul>
Pulse duration close:
<ul> <li>On time: Period of time in milliseconds in which the output is ON Default: 1000</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Time off Period of time in milliseconds in which the output is OFF</li> <li>Default: 1000</li> </ul>
Saves parameters for connection and deactivates editing mode.
Cancels changes and deactivates editing mode without saving.



#### **Double Point Mapping**

Offset 15	Offset 14	DNP3 binary	Custom Legacy	SCADA default
0	0	0	0	2
0	1	1	2	0
1	0	2	1	1
1	1	3	3	3

Double Point Mapping, dependent on the selection in the configuration daialog (on page 23)

# 7. Creating variables

This is how you can create variables in the zenon Editor:

# 7.1 Creating variables in the Editor

Variables can be created:

- as simple variables
- ▶ in arrays (main.chm::/15262.htm)
- ► as structure variables (main.chm::/15278.htm)

#### VARIABLE DIALOG

To create a new variable, regardless of which type:



Workspace 'C:\WSP6_PRJ      VARIABLE (Start pr	۰ 🍋	🌢   🖻	🖻 🖦 🗙   🕮 🔹	• • • •	mi ta ta	🏹 🗕 🌠	🖌 ્ર 🤻	<b>f</b> 🕖	
😑 🔷 Variables	Status	Name $ riangle$		nnit Unit	Net address	Data block	Offset	Bit num	Alignm
≣≩ Driver → A Datatypes			Filter text	Filter	Filter text 🗹 Fi	ilter text 🛛 🔽	Filter text	Filter	Filter
Beaction m		drv_a <sup>rith</sup>			0	0	0	0	0
Allocations		drv_C	Variable new		Ins	0	0	0	0
		drv_E	Create standard f	function		0	0	0	0
Units		drv_N	the test of a test of a test of a			0	0	0	0
🕀 🛒 Screens		drv_N	Linked elements		•	0	0	0	0
Functions		drv_N	Сору		Ctrl+C	0	0	0	0
🛛 🙀 Language table		drv_N	Paste		Ctrl+V	0	0	0	0
Recipes		drv_N				0	0	0	0
Time control		drv_S	Delete		Del	0	0	0	0
🗉 🥳 Programming interfa	+-	Interr	Expand/collapse	node	•	0	0	0	0
- 5 straton (IEC 6113	+-	Interr		node	,	0	0	0	0
Production & Facilit	+-	Interr	Activate all			0	0	0	0
Interlockings			Activate						
			Deactivate						
Message Control			Export XML selec	tad					
Menus				leu					
- 👔 Report Generator			Import XML						
🗈 😫 User administrati			Extended import/	export	•				
			Extended filter		•				
			Remove all filter						
	۲.		Edit selected cell		F2				Þ
	42 t	otal / 11	Edit selected cell		F 2	able			

1. Select the **New variable** command in the **Variables** node in the context menu

The dialog for configuring variables is opened

2. Configure the variable



Create variable	×
Settings Name: S_Variable	
S_Variable	
Driver	
SIMUL32 - SIMUL_WIZ	•
Driver object type	_
PLC marker	•
Datatype	_
REAL	
Array settings	
<ul> <li>Start index is 0</li> <li>Start index is 1</li> </ul>	
Dim 1 Dim 2 Dim 3	
	v
Addressing options	
Automatic addressing	
Addressing according to data type offset and start offset	
Manual addressing	
✓ Each datatype starts with new offset	
Automatic addressing	
Activate all elements	
<ul> <li>Activate element manually</li> </ul>	
Back Finish Cancel	Help

### 3. The settings that are possible depends on the type of variables

Property	Description
Name	Distinct name of the variable. If a variable with the same name already exists in the project, no additional variable can be created with this name.
	Maximum length: 128 characters
	Attention: The characters <b>#</b> and <b>@</b> are not permitted in variable names. If non-permitted characters are used, creation of variables cannot be completed and the <b>Finish</b> button remains inactive. Note: For some drivers, the addressing is possible over the property <b>Symbolic address</b> , as well.
Drivers	Select the desired driver from the drop-down list. Note: If no driver has been opened in the project, the driver for internal variables (Intern.exe (Main.chm::/Intern.chm::/Intern.htm)) is automatically loaded.
Driver Object Type (cti.chm::/28685.htm)	Select the appropriate driver object type from the drop-down list.



Data Type	Select the desired data type. Click on the button to open the selection dialog.
Array settings	Expanded settings for array variables. You can find details in the Arrays chapter.
Addressing options	Expanded settings for arrays and structure variables. You can find details in the respective section.
Automatic element activation	Expanded settings for arrays and structure variables. You can find details in the respective section.

#### SYMBOLIC ADDRESS

The **Symbolic address** property can be used for addressing as an alternative to the **Name** or **Identification** of the variables. Selection is made in the driver dialog; configuration is carried out in the variable property. When importing variables of supported drivers, the property is entered automatically.

Maximum length: 1024 characters.

#### **INHERITANCE FROM DATA TYPE**

Measuring range, Signal range and Set value are always:

- derived from the datatype
- Automatically adapted if the data type is changed

Note for signal range: If a change is made to a data type that does not support the set **signal range**, the **signal range** is amended automatically. For example, for a change from **INT** to **SINT**, the **signal range** is changed to 127. The amendment is also carried out if the **signal range** was not inherited from the data type. In this case, the **measuring range** must be adapted manually.

# 7.2 Addressing

The offset determines the DNP Point number. In combination with the driver object type, the DNP object group is determined.



Group/Property	Description					
General	Property group for general settings.					
Name	Freely definable name.					
	Attention: For every zenon project the name must be unambiguous.					
Identification	Freely definable identification. E.g. for Resources label, comments,					
Addressing						
Net address	Network address of variables.					
	This address refers to the bus address in the connection configuration of the driver. This defines the PLC, on which the variable resides.					
	Attention: The DNP address of the outstation is configured separately during the connection.					
Data block	not used for this driver					
Offset	DNP Point in the Outstation. To see always in combination with the driver object type. For example: Analog Input, Group 20, Point 0 here corresponds to Offset 0 with an analog input variable.					
Alignment	not used for this driver					
Bit number	not used for this driver					
String length	Only available for String variables. Maximum number of characters that the variable can take.					
Driver connection/Driver Object Type	Object type of the variables. Depending on the driver used, is selected when the variable is created and can be changed here.					
Driver connection/Data Type	Data type of the variable. Is selected during the creation of the variable; the type can be changed here.					
	Attention: If you change the data type later, all other properties of the variable must be checked and adjusted, if necessary.					
Command Mode	For Binary Output and Analog Output only. Determines whether the driver carries out a Direct operate, or a Select Before Operate.					
	Default: direct operate					



Variation	Only for variables in report direction, they are not either available in the classpoll or are supposed to be read for a special variation.				
	If you want a different variation than the reported variation from the outstation, the <b>Permanently read variable</b> property must be activated in the variable.				
	Variables are read explicit classless, not optimized:				
	<ul> <li>after every Integrity poll or</li> </ul>				
	manually activated via offset 9 of the class poll variables				

#### COMMUNICATION

The communication is mainly polling. The driver searches the outstation for events (value changes and status changes). The interval can be configed. These are assigned in the outstation classes (1, 2 or 3).

According to configuration in the Outstation more than one value for a single DNP object can be sent as an answer. (Sequence Of Events Buffer in contrast to Latest Value-in of the outstation).

The driver processes the received values and sends them to the Runtime.

If the Outstation supports this, you can activate **unsolicited** (on page 25) responses in the driver. In this case, the driver sends, at the end of the startup routine after the Integrity Poll has been concluded, the request to activate **unsolicited** responses for the respective class. The Outstation can send subsequently value changes without request of the master (Polling of eventclasses) to the master. In this case, it is not unconditionally required, to poll events regulary. The Polling cycle can then generally be adjusted to 0 or higher (Polling for eventklasses deactivated). The polling for events can be activated also manually by the Runtime (Class poll variables).

# 7.3 Driver objects and datatypes

Driver objects are areas available in the PLC, such as markers, data blocks etc. Here you can find out which driver objects are provided by the driver and which IEC data types can be assigned to the respective driver objects.

### 7.3.1 Driver objects

The following object types are available in this driver:



Driver Object Type	Channel type	Read	Write	Supported data types	Comment
Analog Inputs	68	х		REAL	
Analog Output Status	69	x	X	UDINT, DINT, REAL, UINT, INT	
Binary Inputs	64	Х		BOOL	
Binary Inputs Double	71	x		USINT	
Binary Output Statuses	65	x	х	BOOL, USINT	
Frozen Counters	67	x	X	BOOL, UDINT, DINT, USINT, UINT, INT, SINT	
Running Counters	66	x	x	BOOL, UDINT, DINT, USINT, UINT, INT, SINT	
String Data	70	х	x	STRING	
Communication details	35	X	X	BOOL, SINT, USINT, INT, UINT, DINT, UDINT, REAL, STRING	Variables for the static analysis of the communication; is transferred between driver and Runtime (not to the PLC). Note: The addressing and the behavior is the same for most zenon drivers. You can find detailed information on this in the Communication details (Driver variables) (on page 56) chapter.

Key:

**X**: supported

--: not supported



## COMMANDS

#### **BINARY OUTPUTS**

Command processing with binary output variables:

- Only double messages can be used.
- The Select Before Operate property must be deactivated for the variable; the DNP3\_NG driver uses Auto-SBO if necessary.

Use of the **qualifier of command** is recommended for the command processing in order to determine the type:

Туре	QoC
PULSE OFF/PULSE ON	1
LATCH OFF/LATCH ON	0
TRIP/CLOSE	2

The Qualifier of Command option can be used with both binary output variables of the BOOL data type as well as the USINT data type.

### ANALOG OUTPUTS

Use the write set value action text for analog outputs. According to the Command Mode option for the variable, for Analog Outputs either a direct operate or a select before operate is carried out. The Select Before Operate option must be deactivated for the variable. The Qualifier of Command option is not available for the Write set value action and has no influence with Analog Outputs.

For two-stage command processing, the command is only sent to the outstation at the second stage of the command, including Select with Auto-SBO.

## BEHAVIOR OF COMMAND MODE

The following is applicable for the Command Mode property for a variable:

- direct Operate: The value is written directly. (Default)
- automatic SBO: When writing from the stack, a Select is sent first, which is then confirmed with an immediate Operate if the answer is positive.

This applies for binary and analog outputs.



# ASSIGNMENT OF WRITE SET VALUE TO BINARY OUTPUT WITHOUT COMMAND PROCESSING

- ► For a binary output variable of BOOL datatype, LatchON is sent for High or LatchOFF for Low.
- ► For a USINT data type binary output variable, the set value is handled in accordance with the table below

value USINT	Action	Comment
0	None	
1	Pulse On	
2	Pulse Off	Not fully compatible. Is not necessarily supported by the outstation.
3	Latch On	
4	Latch Off	
65	Close	
129	Trip	

The **Command Mode** is also taken into account for direct writing of set values without a command processing

## RULES FOR SETTING THE STATUS BIT WHEN USING THE COMMAND PROCESSING

Status bits are set according to the rules in the table:

- ► As soon as a Select is sent, SE and CoT\_act are set.
- ▶ If an error occurs when sending, or a negative answer has been received, SE, P/N and CoT actcon are set (4).
- ▶ If a timeout follows instead of an answer, SE, P/N and CoT actterm are set (5).
- ► The status is SE and CoT\_actcon (1, 2, 3) after a positive response. The Operate is now sent automatically and the status is set to CoT\_act. If an error occurs when sending, or a negative response was received, P/N and CoT\_actcon are set (2).
- If, instead of a response, a timeout follows or if the answer a timeout of Select, P/N and CoT\_actterm are set (3).
- ► If the response to the Operate is positive, the status is initially set to CoT\_actcon and then to CoT\_actterm (1).
- ▶ The status after a DirectOperate is also handled (1, 2, 3).
- ▶ In the event of an error in sending, the invalid bit is set (2, 4).



Fa II	Action	Status	Succ ess	Status	Action	Status	Succe ss	Status	Status
1	select	act SE	ack	actcon SE	operate	act	ack	actcon	actterm
2	select	act SE	ack	actcon SE	operate	act	nack	actcon P/N	
3	select	act SE	ack	actcon SE	operate	act	t/o	actterm P/N	
4	select	act SE	nack	actcon SE P/N					
5	select	act SE	t/o	actterm SE P/N					

Meaning of the terms in the Success column:

- ► ack = positive
- nack = negative
- ► t/o = Timeout

# 7.3.2 Mapping of the data types

All variables in zenon are derived from IEC data types. The following table compares the IEC datatypes with the datatypes of the PLC.

PLC	zenon	Data type
	BOOL	8
	USINT	9
	SINT	10
	UINT	2
	INT	1
	UDINT	4
	DINT	3
	ULINT	27
	LINT	26
	REAL	5
	LREAL	6
	STRING	12
	WSTRING	21



DATE	18
TIME	17
DATE_AND_TIME	20
TOD (Time of Day)	19



## DRIVER OBJECT TYPES AND SUPPORTED IEC DATA TYPES FOR VARIABLES IN ZENON

Driver object types	Channel type	Supported data types	Read	Write	Comment
		(DataType)			
Binary Input	64	BOOL	х		
Group 1					
Event Group 2					
Binary Inputs Double	71	USINT	X		USINT-Mapping of 2 binary states with sequenced offsets. (No Couble-Bit Binary Input! Group 3 / 4)
Binary Output status	65	BOOL		X	Value 1: LATCH_ON Value 0: LATCH_OFF
Group 10					
Event Group 11					
Command Group 12					
Binary Output status	65	USINT		x	Value 1: PULSE_ON
Group 10					Value 2: PULSE_OFF Value 3: LATCH ON
Event Group 11					Value 4: LATCH_OFF
Comamnd Group 12					Value 65: CLOSE
					Value 129: TRIP
					Value 1 for PULSE_ON, LATCH_ON and CLOSE, value 0 for PULSE_OFF, LATCH_OFF and TRIP
Running Counter	66	UINT, UDINT	х		
Group 20					
Event Group 22					
Frozen Counter	67	UINT, UDINT	х	х	Writing freezes the counter
Group 21					
Event Group 23					
Analog Input	68	INT, DINT,	х		
Group 30		REAL, LREAL			
Event Group 32					
Analog Output	69	INT, DINT,		х	written value is mirrored as
status		REAL, LREAL			a response after successful writing
Group 40					



Event Group 41					
Command Group 42					
String Data	70	STRING	Х	Х	sent values are not
Group 110					mirrored. Get the latest values via update.
Event Group 111					values via upuate.
Class Scans	73	BOOL		x	status INVALID until Integrity Poll has finished after driver start.
					Classpoll value "1" when successful
					Cold Restart: Value "1" during Cold Restart
Device Attributes	72	UINT, STRING	x		
Group 0					

Data type: The property **Data type** is the internal numerical name of the data type. It is also used for the extended DBF import/export of the variables.

## EXAMPLE BINARY INPUTS DOUBLE

The driver does mapping via driver object type Binary Inputs Double according to the settings in the driver configuration.

For example: Using USINT Offset 14 combine the binary states with offset 14 and 15.

The mapping of two Binary Inputs to a Binary Input Double is a driver-internal function and should not be confused with the DNP3 group 3/4, driver object typeDouble-Bit Binary Inputs, which are currently not supported by the driver.

## RESULTS

Binary status bits SCADA default mapping	Binary status bits DNP3 binary logic mapping	P3 binary logic Custom legacy mapping	
both bits: off	<ul> <li>first bit (offset 14):</li></ul>	<ul> <li>first Bit (Offset 14): on</li></ul>	2 – intermediate
(false)	off (false) <li>second Bit (Offset</li>	(true) <li>second Bit (Offset 15):</li>	



		15): on (true)	off (false)	
•	<b>both bits:</b> on (true)	<pre>both bits: on   (true)</pre>	both bits: on (true)	3 - faulty
•	first Bit (Offset 14): on (true)	<pre>both bits: off (false)</pre>	<pre>both bits: off (false)</pre>	0 - off
•	<pre>second Bit (Offset 15): off (false)</pre>			
•	first Bit (Offset 14): off (false)	on (true)	<ul> <li>first Bit (Offset 14): off (false)</li> <li>second Bit (Offset 15):</li> </ul>	1 - on
•	second Bit (Offset 15): on (true)	15): off (false)	on (true)	

## **DEVICE ATTRIBUTES**

Currently device attributes are only read from the driver. Index 1 is always used (standard set of device attributes). The **Variation** matches the offset of the variable. The user must select the correct data type. When creating manually, the network address must be set according to the station number.

**Variation** 254 (all Device Attributes) can be read. Notice: This value is not send directly to the variable in the runtime. Instead, existing **Device Attributes** are automatically updated with the response to the read request from **Variation** 254.

## **BINARY OUTPUTS**

The writing of Binary Outputs is always carried out by means of a CROB (group 12), with a choice of Direct Operate or Select Before Operate. In doing so, the setting for the variable-specific property Command Mode (accessible via XML export/import and VBA COMMAND\_MODE) is used. Direct writing to group 10 is not supported by the driver.

After successful writing, the variable receives the value 0 for Binary Outputs with PULSE\_OFF, LATCH\_OFF and TRIP, and value 1 for PULSE\_ON, LATCH\_ON and CLOSE. The value is also updated if a binary output status (group 10) or binary output status event (group 11) object is received.

Binary Output Command Events (Group 13) are currently parsed by the driver, but not sent to the Runtime.



## ANALOG OUTPUTS

The writing of Analog Outputs is always carried out by means of a group 41, with a choice of Direct Operate or Select Before Operate. In doing so, the setting for the variable-specific property Command Mode (accessible via XML export/import and VBA COMMAND\_MODE) is used.

After successful writing, the variable first receives the value written in Runtime. The value is also updated if an Analog Output Status (group 40) or Analog Output Status (Group 42) object is received.

Analog Output Command Events(Group 43) are currently parsed by the driver, but not sent to the Runtime.

## **CLASS SCANS**

Variables of the Class Scan driver object type are control variables to influence driver behavior and are not read by the outstation. Class scan variables must be created manually. In doing so, the network address must correspond to the station address in the driver configuration. The offset of the variable determines the function that is executed by the driver.

Class Scan variables have the status INVALID in Runtime for as long as the integrity poll has not yet successfully been concluded by the driver. As soon as the Integrity Poll has been concluded, the variables are given the status SPONT.

The following offsets are currently supported:

Offset 0:

An integrity poll will be triggered when writing to this variable (Read Request Group 60, Variation 2,3,4,1). If reading is successful, the variable receives the return value 1. Any classless variables that may exist are then read.

▶ Offset 1:

During writing to this variable a class 1 poll will be triggered Read Request Group 60, Variation 2. If reading is successful, the variable receives the return value 1.

Offset 2:

During writing to this variable a class 2 poll will be triggered Read Request Group 60, Variation 3. If reading is successful, the variable receives the return value 1.

Offset 3:

During writing to this variable a class 3 poll will be triggered Read Request Group 60, Variation 4. If reading is successful, the variable receives the return value 1.

Offset 9:

During writing to this variable a reading of all classless variables will be triggered. If reading is successful, the variable receives the return value 1.

Offset 13:

A cold restart command is sent to the outstation when writing to this variable (Function Code 13). The object of group 52 contained in the response from the outstation (time delay) is evaluated by the driver and the driver sends no new requests to the outstation for the period



specified in the Time Delay object. In Runtime, the value of this variable is "0" as long as Cold Restart is active; the value becomes 1 after that.

# 7.4 Creating variables by importing

Variables can also be imported by importing them. The XML and DBF import is available for every driver.

## Information

You can find details on the import and export of variables in the Import-Export (main.chm::/13028.htm) manual in the Variables (main.chm::/13045.htm) section.

## 7.4.1 XML import

During XML import of variables or data types, these are first assigned to a driver and then analyzed. Before import, the user decides whether and how the respective element (variable or data type) is to be imported:

- Import:
   The element is imported as a new element.
- Overwrite:
   The element is imported and overwrites a pre-existing element.
- Do not import: The element is not imported.

Note: The actions and their durations are shown in a progress bar during import.

## REQUIREMENTS

The following conditions are applicable during import:

Backward compatibility

At the XML import/export there is no backward compatibility. Data from older zenon versions cannot be taken over. The handover of data from newer to older versions is not supported.

Consistency

The XML file to be imported has to be consistent. There is no plausibility check on importing the file. If there are errors in the import file, this can lead to undesirable effects in the project.

Particular attention must be paid to this, primarily if not all properties exist in the XML file and these are then filled with default values. E.g.: A binary variable has a limit value of 300.



### Structure data types

Structure data types must have the same number of structure elements. Example: A structure data type in the project has 3 structure elements. A data type with the same name in the XML file has 4 structure elements. Then none of the variables based on this data type in the file are imported into the project.



You can find further information on XML import in the **Import - Export** manual, in the **XML import (main.chm::/13046.htm**) chapter.

## 7.4.2 DBF Import/Export

Data can be exported to and imported from dBase.

## Information

Import and Export via CSV or dBase supported; no driver specific variable settings, such as formulas. Use export/import via XML for this.

## **IMPORT DBF FILE**

To start the import:

- 1. right-click on the variable list
- 2. in the drop-down list of Extended export/import... select the Import dBase command
- 3. follow the import assistant

The format of the file is described in the chapter File structure.

## Information

Note:

- Driver object type and data type must be amended to the target driver in the DBF file in order for variables to be imported.
- dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at import.



#### EXPORT DBF FILE

To start the export:

- 1. right-click on the variable list
- 2. in the drop-down list of Extended export/import... select the Export dBase... command
- 3. follow the export assistant

## Attention

DBF files:

- must correspond to the 8.3 DOS format for filenames (8 alphanumeric characters for name, 3 character suffix, no spaces)
- must not have dots (.) in the path name. e.g. the path C:\users\John.Smith\test.dbf is invalid. Valid: C:\users\JohnSmith\test.dbf
- must be stored close to the root directory in order to fulfill the limit for file name length including path: maximum 255 characters

The format of the file is described in the chapter File structure.

## Information

dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at export.

## FILE STRUCTURE OF THE DBASE EXPORT FILE

The dBaseIV file must have the following structure and contents for variable import and export:



## Attention

dBase does not support structures or arrays (complex variables) at export.

DBF files must:

- conform with their name to the 8.3 DOS format (8 alphanumeric characters for name, 3 characters for extension, no space)
- Be stored close to the root directory (Root)

## STRUCTURE

Identification	Тур e	Field size	Comment
KANALNAME	Char	128	Variable name.
			The length can be limited using the <b>MAX_LAENGE</b> entry in the <b>project.ini</b> file.
KANAL_R	С	128	The original name of a variable that is to be replaced by the new name entered under "VARIABLENNAME" (variable name) (field/column must be entered manually).
			The length can be limited using the <b>MAX_LAENGE</b> entry in the <b>project.ini</b> file.
KANAL_D	Log	1	The variable is deleted with the $1$ entry (field/column has to be created by hand).
TAGNR	С	128	Identification.
			The length can be limited using the <b>MAX_LAENGE</b> entry in the <b>project.ini</b> file.
EINHEIT	С	11	Technical unit
DATENART	С	3	Data type (e.g. bit, byte, word,) corresponds to the data type.
KANALTYP	С	3	Memory area in the PLC (e.g. marker area, data area,) corresponds to the driver object type.
HWKANAL	Num	3	Net address
BAUSTEIN	N	3	Datablock address (only for variables from the data area of the PLC)
ADRESSE	N	5	Offset
BITADR	N	2	For bit variables: bit address For byte variables: 0=lower, 8=higher byte For string variables: Length of string (max. 63 characters)
ARRAYSIZE	N	16	Number of variables in the array for index variables ATTENTION: Only the first variable is fully available. All others are only available for VBA or the Recipegroup Manager



LES_SCHR	L	1	Write-Read-Authorization 0: Not allowed to set value. 1: Allowed to set value.
MIT_ZEIT	R	1	time stamp in zenon (only if supported by the driver)
OBJEKT	N	2	Driver-specific ID number of the primitive object comprises TREIBER-OBJEKTTYP and DATENTYP
SIGMIN	Float	16	Non-linearized signal - minimum (signal resolution)
SIGMAX	F	16	Non-linearized signal - maximum (signal resolution)
ANZMIN	F	16	Technical value - minimum (measuring range)
ANZMAX	F	16	Technical value - maximum (measuring range)
ANZKOMMA	N	1	Number of decimal places for the display of the values (measuring range)
UPDATERATE	F	19	Update rate for mathematics variables (in sec, one decimal possible) not used for all other variables
MEMTIEFE	N	7	Only for compatibility reasons
HDRATE	F	19	HD update rate for historical values (in sec, one decimal possible)
HDTIEFE	N	7	HD entry depth for historical values (number)
NACHSORT	R	1	HD data as postsorted values
DRRATE	F	19	Updating to the output (for zenon DDE server, in [s], one decimal possible)
HYST_PLUS	F	16	Positive hysteresis, from measuring range
HYST_MINUS	F	16	Negative hysteresis, from measuring range
PRIOR	N	16	Priority of the variable
REAMATRIZE	С	32	Allocated reaction matrix
ERSATZWERT	F	16	Substitute value, from measuring range
SOLLMIN	F	16	Minimum for set value actions, from measuring range
SOLLMAX	F	16	Maximum for set value actions, from measuring range
VOMSTANDBY	R	1	Get value from standby server; the value of the variable is not requested from the server but from the Standby Server in redundant networks
RESOURCE	С	128	Resources label. Free string for export and display in lists.
			The length can be limited using the MAX_LAENGE entry in <b>project.ini</b> .
ADJWVBA	R	1	Non-linear value adaption: 0: Non-linear value adaption is used



			1: Non-linear value adaption is not used
ADJZENON	С	128	Linked VBA macro for reading the variable value for non-linear value adjustment.
ADJWVBA	С	128	ed VBA macro for writing the variable value for non-linear value adjustment.
ZWREMA	N	16	Linked counter REMA.
MAXGRAD	N	16	Gradient overflow for counter REMA.

# ▲ Attention

When importing, the driver object type and data type must be amended to the target driver in the DBF file in order for variables to be imported.

## LIMIT VALUE DEFINITION

Limit definition for limit values 1 to 4, or status 1 to 4:



Identification	Туре	Field size	Comment
AKTIV1	R	1	Limit value active (per limit value available)
GRENZWERT1	F	20	technical value or ID number of a linked variable for a dynamic limit value (see VARIABLEx) (if VARIABLEx is 1 and here it is -1, the existing variable linkage is not overwritten)
SCHWWERT1	F	16	Threshold value for limit value
HYSTERESE1	F	14	Is not used
BLINKEN1	R	1	Set blink attribute
BTB1	R	1	Logging in CEL
ALARM1	R	1	Alarm
DRUCKEN1	R	1	Printer output (for CEL or Alarm)
QUITTIER1	R	1	Must be acknowledged
LOESCHE1	R	1	Must be deleted
VARIABLE1	R	1	Dyn. limit value linking the limit is defined by an absolute value (see field GRENZWERTx).
FUNC1	R	1	Functions linking
ASK_FUNC1	R	1	Execution via Alarm Message List
FUNC_NR1	N	10	ID number of the linked function (if "-1" is entered here, the existing function is not overwritten during import)
A_GRUPPE1	N	10	Alarm/Event Group
A_KLASSE1	N	10	Alarm/Event Class
MIN_MAX1	С	3	Minimum, Maximum
FARBE1	N	10	Color as Windows coding
GRENZTXT1	С	66	Limit value text
A_DELAY1	N	10	Time delay
INVISIBLE1	R	1	Invisible

Expressions in the column "Comment" refer to the expressions used in the dialog boxes for the definition of variables. For more information, see chapter Variable definition.

# 7.4.3 Online import

To import variables online from the PLC:



- 1. select the driver
- 2. Select Import variables from driver in the toolbar or in the context menu
- 3. The dialog for the import is opened

Connection name	Net address	Communication	
Defaultname	1	192.168.0.201:20000	
ource			

- 4. Select the desired connection
- 5. Select Selection of PLC
- 6. Confirm the selection by clicking **OK**
- 7. The dialog for variable selection is opened

Select Variable					×
Name 🛆		Objecttype	Index		
Filtert	ext 🍸	Filtertext	7	Filtertext	
FS-X20_AnalogIn:0 FS-X20_AnalogIn:0 FS-X20_AnalogOut FS-X20_BinaryOut:1 FS-X20_counter:00 FS-X20_counter:00	1 :00 00	analoginput analoginput analogi0utput binaryOutput counter frozenCounter	0 1 0 0 0		OK Cancel
<6/0	III	Objecttype	Index	4	
		0,000,00			Add
0/0					

8. select the desired variables (multiple selection is possible)



Select Variable				
Name 🛆	Objecttype	Index		
Filtertext	Filtertext	7	Filtertext	[
FS-X20_AnalogIn:00	analogInput	0		OK
FS-X20_AnalogIn:01	analogInput	1		
FS-X20_AnalogOut:00	analogOutput	0		Cancel
FS-X20_BinaryOut:00	binaryOutput	0		
FS-X20_counter:00	counter	0		
FS-X20_counter:00.FRZ	frozenCounter	0		
٠ [	III		4	
/2			4	
/2	III Objecttype	Index	4	Add
V2 Name /		Index 0	•	Add
	Objecttype		•	Add
Name / FS:X20_counter:00	Objecttype counter	0	• • •	
Name / FS:X20_counter:00	Objecttype counter	0	• •	
V2 Name / FS:X20_counter:00	Objecttype counter	0	<u>۲</u>	

9. Add selected variables via click on button **Add** to the list of the variables to be imported.

- 10. You can also deselect variables again by clicking on **Remove**.
- 11. start the import by clicking on the **OK** button

The selected variables are generated automatically during import in the zenon project and are assigned the selected driver. The **Net address** of the variables is configured according to the selected station in the driver configuration (on page 25).

## **RULES FOR THE ONLINE IMPORT**

For Online-Import:

- The response to an integrity poll is evaluated.
- ▶ The name is created from Net address, connection name, group number and index.
- > The identification contains Net address, index and a description of the object type.
- Ensure that Runtime is not active if you start an online import; under certain circumstances, the outstation only supports a master or a connection from the same computer.
- ► Ensure that the response timeout in the driver configuration is set higher accordingly if you are using an outstation with a large point database and a slow (serial) connection.

## 7.4.4 Offline import

The driver supports the Offline import of variable out of a **DNP3 XML Device profile** file for the versions:

2.07 (January 2012)



▶ 2.08 (July 2012)

To import variables from a DNP3 XML Device profile file:

- 1. select the driver
- 2. Select Import variables from driver in the toolbar or in the context menu
- 3. The dialog for the import is opened

elect a station and source			x
Station			
Connection name	Net address	Communication	
Defaultname	1	192.168.0.200:20000	
Source			
PLC browsing			
File browsing			
		OK Cancel	

- 4. Select the desired connection
- 5. select Import from file
- 6. the dialog for file selection will be opened
- 7. select the desired file and confirm this selection by clicking **OK**



Select Variable			×
Name 🛆	Objecttype	Index	7
Filtertext	Filtertext	<b>7</b> Filtertext	
FS-X20_AnalogIn:00	analogInput	0	ОК
FS-X20_AnalogIn:01	analogInput	1	
FS-X20_AnalogOut:00	analogOutput	0	Cancel
FS-X20_BinaryOut:00	binaryOutput	0	
FS-X20_counter:00	counter	0	
FS-X20_counter:00.FRZ	frozenCounter	0	
<			>
6/0			
Name 🛆	Objecttype	Index	Add
			Remove
0/0			

8. The dialog for variable selection is opened

- 9. select the desired variables (multiple selection is possible)
- 10. Add selected variables via click on button **Add** to the list of the variables to be imported.

	Select Variable			×
Γ	Name /	Objecttype	Index	1
	Filtertext 7	Filtertext		-
	Theorem .			ок
	FS-X20_AnalogIn:00 FS-X20_AnalogIn:01	analoginput	1	
	FS-X20_Analog0ut:00	analogInput analogOutput	0	Cancel
	FS-X20_BinaryOut:00	binaryOutput	0	Cancer
	FS-X20_counter:00	counter	0	
	FS-X20_counter:00.FRZ	frozenCounter	0	
			•	
	۰ <u>۱۱۱</u> 6/2		•	
	Name /	Oliver Hand	Index	
		Objecttype		Add
	FS-X20_counter:00	counter	0	
	FS-X20_counter:00.FRZ	frozenCounter	0	Remove
	۲ الا		,	
	2/0			_

- 11. You can also deselect variables again by clicking on Remove.
- 12. start the import by clicking on the  $\mathbf{OK}$  button

The selected variables are generated automatically during import in the zenon project and are assigned the selected driver. The **Net address** of the variables is configured according to the selected station in the driver configuration (on page 25).



## **RULES FOR THE OFFLINE IMPORT**

For Offline-Import:

- Variable definition must contain a name.
- ► The variable name is made up of a composite name comprising the XML device profile document in accordance with the following scheme:

#### devicename\_variablename

It must be ensured that all DNP variables have a unique name in the document, including throughout the group.

- If the definition of the variable in the document contains a field Description, this information is stored in the Identification of the variable during import. The name of the variable and the variable ID can be changed after import.
- ► If a variable with the same name already exist in the project, you receive an error during a new import. The variable is not overwritten or merged. This error message can also be displayed:
  - if the document does not use unique names in the XML Device Profile
  - if the device name in the document is identical with already imported variable
- Only variables from the XML device profile document that are supported by the driver are offered for import.
- Frozen counters are not explicitly present in the XML device profile. If however the value for frozenCounterExists is set to true for a counter (1), the option to also import variables for frozen counter is offered.

## NOT IMPORTED VARIABLES

The following variables are not imported and must be created manually:

- Device attributes
- Control variables for classpoll, classless reading and cold restart.
- Binary inputs double

Note the correct Net address when creating variables manually

# 7.5 Communication details (Driver variables)

The driver kit implements a number of driver variables. This variables are part of the driver object type **Communication details**. These are divided into:

- Information
- Configuration



- Statistics and
- Error message

The definitions of the variables implemented in the driver kit are available in the import file **drvvar.dbf** (on the installation medium in the \Predefined\Variables folder) and can be imported from there.

Note: Variable names must be unique in zenon. If driver variables of the driver object type **Communication details** are to be imported from **drvvar.dbf** again, the variables that were imported beforehand must be renamed.

## Information

Not every driver supports all driver variables of the driver object type *Communication details*.

For example:

- Variables for modem information are only supported by modem-compatible drivers
- > Driver variables for the polling cycle only for pure polling drivers
- Connection-related information such as ErrorMSG only for drivers that only edit one connection at a a time



#### INFORMATION

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
MainVersion	UINT	0	Main version number of the driver.
SubVersion	UINT	1	Sub version number of the driver.
BuildVersion	UINT	29	Build version number of the driver.
RTMajor	UINT	49	zenon main version number
RTMinor	UINT	50	zenon sub version number
RTSp	UINT	51	zenon Service Pack number
RTBuild	UINT	52	zenon build number
LineStateIdle	BOOL	24.0	TRUE, if the modem connection is idle
LineStateOffering	BOOL	24.1	TRUE, if a call is received
LineStateAccepted	BOOL	24.2	The call is accepted
LineStateDialtone	BOOL	24.3	Dialtone recognized
LineStateDialing	BOOL	24.4	Dialing active
LineStateRingBack	BOOL	24.5	While establishing the connection
LineStateBusy	BOOL	24.6	Target station is busy
LineStateSpecialInfo	BOOL	24.7	Special status information received
LineStateConnected	BOOL	24.8	Connection established
LineStateProceeding	BOOL	24.9	Dialing completed
LineStateOnHold	BOOL	24.10	Connection in hold
LineStateConferenced	BOOL	24.11	Connection in conference mode.
LineStateOnHoldPendConf	BOOL	24.12	Connection in hold for conference
LineStateOnHoldPendTransfer	BOOL	24.13	Connection in hold for transfer
LineStateDisconnected	BOOL	24.14	Connection terminated.
LineStateUnknow	BOOL	24.15	Connection status unknown
ModemStatus	UDINT	24	Current modem status
TreiberStop	BOOL	28	Driver stopped
			For driver stop, the variable has the value TRUE and an OFF bit. After the driver has started, the variable has the value FALSE and no OFF bit.
SimulRTState	UDINT	60	Informs the status of Runtime for driver simulation.



ConnectionStates	STRING	61	Internal connection status of the driver to the PLC.
			Connection statuses:
			0: Connection OK
			1: Connection failure
			2: Connection simulated
			Formating:
			<netzadresse>:<verbindungszustand>;;;</verbindungszustand></netzadresse>
			A connection is only known after a variable has first signed in. In order for a connection to be contained in a string, a variable of this connection must be signed in once.
			The status of a connection is only updated if a variable of the connection is signed in. Otherwise there is no communication with the corresponding controller.

## CONFIGURATION

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
ReconnectInRead	BOOL	27	If TRUE, the modem is automatically reconnected for reading
ApplyCom	BOOL	36	Apply changes in the settings of the serial interface. Writing to this variable immediately results in the method SrvDrvVarApplyCom being called (which currently has no further function).
ApplyModem	BOOL	37	Apply changes in the settings of the modem. Writing this variable immediately calls the method SrvDrvVarApplyModem. This closes the current connection and opens a new one according to the settings <b>PhoneNumberSet</b> and <b>ModemHwAdrSet</b> .
PhoneNumberSet	STRING	38	Telephone number, that should be used
ModemHwAdrSet	DINT	39	Hardware address for the telephone number



GlobalUpdate	UDINT	3	Update time in milliseconds (ms).
BGlobalUpdaten	BOOL	4	TRUE, if update time is global
TreiberSimul	BOOL	5	TRUE, if driver in sin simulation mode
TreiberProzab	BOOL	6	TRUE, if the variables update list should be kept in the memory
ModemActive	BOOL	7	TRUE, if the modem is active for the driver
Device	STRING	8	Name of the serial interface or name of the modem
ComPort	UINT	9	Number of the serial interface.
Baudrate	UDINT	10	Baud rate of the serial interface.
Parity	SINT	11	Parity of the serial interface
ByteSize	USINT	14	Number of bits per character of the serial interface
			Value = 0 if the driver cannot establish any serial connection.
StopBit	USINT	13	Number of stop bits of the serial interface.
Autoconnect	BOOL	16	TRUE, if the modem connection should be established automatically for reading/writing
PhoneNumber	STRING	17	Current telephone number
ModemHwAdr	DINT	21	Hardware address of current telephone number
RxIdleTime	UINT	18	Modem is disconnected, if no data transfer occurs for this time in seconds (s)
WriteTimeout	UDINT	19	Maximum write duration for a modem connection in milliseconds (ms).
RingCountSet	UDINT	20	Number of ringing tones before a call is accepted
ReCallIdleTime	UINT	53	Waiting time between calls in seconds (s).
ConnectTimeout	UINT	54	Time in seconds (s) to establish a connection.



## STATISTICS

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
MaxWriteTime	UDINT	31	The longest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required for writing.
MinWriteTime	UDINT	32	The shortest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required for writing.
MaxBlkReadTime	UDINT	40	Longest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required to read a data block.
MinBlkReadTime	UDINT	41	Shortest time in milliseconds (ms) that is required to read a data block.
WriteErrorCount	UDINT	33	Number of writing errors
ReadSucceedCount	UDINT	35	Number of successful reading attempts
MaxCycleTime	UDINT	22	Longest time in milliseconds (ms) required to read all requested data.
MinCycleTime	UDINT	23	Shortest time in milliseconds (ms) required to read all requested data.
WriteCount	UDINT	26	Number of writing attempts
ReadErrorCount	UDINT	34	Number of reading errors
MaxUpdateTimeNormal	UDINT	56	Time since the last update of the priority group <b>Normal</b> in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHigher	UDINT	57	Time since the last update of the priority group <b>Higher</b> in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHigh	UDINT	58	Time since the last update of the priority group <b>High</b> in milliseconds (ms).
MaxUpdateTimeHighest	UDINT	59	Time since the last update of the priority group <b>Highest</b> in milliseconds (ms).
PokeFinish	BOOL	55	Goes to $1 \mbox{ for a query, if all current pokes were executed }$

## ERROR MESSAGE

Name from import	Туре	Offset	Description
------------------	------	--------	-------------



ErrorTimeDW	UDINT	2	Time (in seconds since 1.1.1970), when the last error occurred.
ErrorTimeS	STRING	2	Time (in seconds since 1.1.1970), when the last error occurred.
RdErrPrimObj	UDINT	42	Number of the PrimObject, when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrStationsName	STRING	43	Name of the station, when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrBlockCount	UINT	44	Number of blocks to read when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrHwAdresse	DINT	45	Hardware address when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrDatablockNo	UDINT	46	Block number when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrMarkerNo	UDINT	47	Marker number when the last reading error occurred.
RdErrSize	UDINT	48	Block size when the last reading error occurred.
DrvError	USINT	25	Error message as number
DrvErrorMsg	STRING	30	Error message as text
ErrorFile	STRING	15	Name of error log file

# 8. Driver-specific functions

The driver supports the following functions:



Parameter	Description
Blockwrite	Not supported.
Redundancy	if the outsation supports several masters
RDA	not supported <b>Sequence Of Events</b> is supported if activated in the Outstation.
Real time stamping	Yes, if the variation in the outstation is configured accordingly.
Browsing	Online and Offline.
Polling	Polling for event classes, in configurable cycles or controlled manually.
Spontaneous	Yes. Only value changes are transferred.
Number of PLCs	One driver can connect to any number of outstations. For serial communications, several outstations can be configured for a serial interface (bus). Mixed operation serial/TCP is also possible with a driver.

## ERROR FILE

The driver supports central logging in the Diagnosis Server.

## COMMUNICATION DETAILS

Driver statistics variables are not set by the DNP3\_NG driver. Communication monitoring is possible using the INVALID status bit.

## **EXTENDED ERROR FILE**

The driver supports extended logging in to the Diagnosis Server. Configuration is performed via the Diagnosis Viewer.

## **INTEGRITY POLL**

After the driver is started, an Integrity Poll is automatically sent by the driver to the outstation (**Read Request Group** 60, **Variation** 2, 3, 4 and 0, **Range** all). The values received are are available in Runtime accordingly. In this case, ensure that the outstation sends a variation that is different to a normal value change as a response to the integrity poll. (with/without time stamp, with/without flags.)

An integrity poll can also be instigated explicitly in Runtime by means of a class poll type control variable. If the driver is stopped and started using the driver command function, this also triggers an integrity poll.



## **INTERNAL INDICATIONS (IIN)**

The outstation can inform the master of its status via internal indication status bits.

The DNP3\_NG driver evaluates internal indication bits as follows:

▶ IIN 1.1 CLASS\_1\_EVENTS:

The outstation sets this bit if the event buffer for class 1 contains other DNP objects that are not included in the current answer. The DNP3\_NG master reacts to this bit in that a read query for group 60, variation 2,3,4 is immediately sent to the outstation. If the outstation frequently sets this status bit, this can lead to a higher read cycle that that defined in the driver configuration.

▶ IIN 1.2 CLASS\_2\_EVENTS:

The outstation sets this bit if the event buffer for class 2 events contains further DNP objects that are not included in the current response. The DNP3\_NG master reacts to this bit in that a read query for group 60, variation 2,3,4 is immediately sent to the outstation. If the outstation frequently sets this status bit, this can lead to a higher read cycle that that defined in the driver configuration.

- IIN 1.3 CLASS\_3\_EVENTS: The outstation sets this bit if the event buffer for class 3 contains other DNP objects that are not included in the current answer. The DNP3\_NG master reacts to this bit in that a read query for group 60, variation 2,3,4 is immediately sent to the outstation. If the outstation frequently sets this status bit, this can lead to a higher read cycle that that defined in the driver configuration.
- IIN 1.4 NEED\_TIME: The outstation sets this bit if a time synchronization is demanded by the master. The DNP3\_NG master reacts immediately and responds to the outstation depending on the selected time synchronization option in the driver configuration.
- IIN 1.7 DEVICE\_RESTART: Is set by the outstation in the event of a restart. If a cold restart is sent to the outstation by the DNP3\_NG master, the outstation sets this bit. It is reset by the DNP3\_NG master in this process.
- IIN 2.2 PARAMETER\_ERROR: Is set by the outstation, if, for example, an object that is not present in the outstation with this DNP3 index is explicitly read. In this case, the DNP3\_NG sets the INVALID status bit for the variable in Runtime.

If the NO\_AUTO\_IIN option is set to active in the driver configuration for the station, the driver ignores the **Internal Indication** flags IIN1.1, IIN1.2 and IIN1.3. The driver does not send an automatic read query for group 60, variation 2, 3, 4. This option can be activated in order to circumvent compatibility problems if the outstation of one of these flags is not reset in time, which leads to the driver only sending event polls.

In general, the outstation sets these flags in order to command the master to read again, because other data is available and this could therefore possibly avoid a buffer overflow in the outstation. Note this if you activate this option for compatibility reasons, and ensure that the driver polls the outstation for events at regular intervals.



### **DNP3 OBJECT FLAGS MAPPING**

The DNP object flags **ONLINE** and **COMM\_LOST** are currently evaluated by the DNP3\_NG driver. With **ONLINE** = false or **COMM\_LOST** = true, the INVALID bit of the variable is set in the Runtime. Note that the **Variation** configured in the outstation determines whether objects are sent with or without flags for an object group.

### TIME SYNCHRONIZATION

The DNP3\_NG driver supports time synchronization of outstations with the time of the master station. If the outstation reports a need for time synchronization by means of an internal indication flag 1.4 an, the DNP3\_NG driver sends the current system time in accordance with the options for UTC/local time and the LAN time synchronization.

It is not currently possible to send a time synchronization to the outstation cyclically without a request.

Ensure that the outstation gets the time from a different source in this case (such as a GPS receiver) and as a result may possibly not send any requirement for time synchronization to the master. In this case, ensure that the Runtime computer with the DNP3\_NG master station is synchronized with the same time source.

The DNP3 protocol does not allow the master to synchronize its own time with the time of the outstation.

## SELECT AND CANCEL

The DNP3\_NG driver immediately responds positively to a Select and Cancel with a corresponding COT. The Execute is carried out after a Select with the COT amended. Automatic Select and Execute are given preferential treatment in the process.

Furthermore, Select, Cancel and Execute have an additional status bit. As a result of this, orderly Runtime monitoring of the configured routing is possible.

## **DNP3 SECURE AUTHENTICATION V2**

#### **SELECT BEFORE OPERATE - DIRECT OPERATE**

The DNP3\_NG driver uses Direct operate (by default) or Select Before Operate, for writing Binary Output Status or Analog Output type variables. Configuration is carried out using the driver-specific variable property. Command Mode.

Ensure that the **Select Before Operate** property remains inactive for the variable. This property changes the behavior of the two-stage command processing and is not compatible with the DNP3 standard. If this property is active however:

Block the command processing for further commands if Direct operate is set for the variable



 Carry out the command at the first level and also for the second level if Auto SBO is set for the variable

Note: With the DNP332 driver, a **Select Before Operate** can only be carried out via this option. This is however not compliant with the rules for **Select Before Operate** defined in the DNP3 standard.

## **DNP3 SEQUENTIAL FILE TRANSFER**

DNP3 sequential file transfer Is not currently supported by the DNP3\_NG driver.

### **HYSTERESIS**

The driver supports hysteresis for spontaneous values (unsolicited responses). Hysteresis is not taken into account by:

- > Values that are received as a response to a read request for an event class
- Variables that are explicitly read as classless variables

If an identical value, however with a more recent time stamp is received, then this value is sent by the driver as a new value in Runtime.

# 9. Driver command function

The zenon **Driver commands** function is to influence drivers using zenon. You can do the following with a driver command:

- Start
- Stop
- Shift a certain driver mode
- Instigate certain actions

Attention: The zenon **Driver commands** function is not identical to driver commands that can be executed in Runtime with Energy drivers!

## Information

This chapter describes standard functions that are valid for most zenon drivers. However, not all functions described here are available for every driver. For example, a driver that does not, according to the data sheet, support a modem connection also does not have any modem functions.



### **CONFIGURATION OF THE FUNCTION**

Configuration is carried out using the **Driver commands** function. To do this:

- 1. Create a new function in the zenon Editor.
- 2. Navigate to the node Variable.
- 3. Select the Driver commands entry.

The dialog for configuration is opened

- 4. Select the desired driver and the required command.
- 5. Close the dialog by clicking on **OK** and ensure that the function is executed in Runtime. Heed the notices in the **Driver command function in the network** section.

## DRIVER COMMAND DIALOG

Drivers			
Drivers Driver commands Settings Drivers InternDriver for internal variables Current status Drivers Driver command <no command="">    Show this dialog in the Runtime</no>		×	
Show this dialog in the Runtime			



Option	Description
Driver	Selection of the driver from the drop-down list. It contains all drivers loaded in the project.
Current status	Fixed entry which has no function in the current version.
Driver command	Drop-down list for the selection of the command:
<no command=""></no>	No command is sent. A command that already exists can thus be removed from a configured function.
Start driver (online mode)	Driver is reinitialized and started.
Stop driver (offline mode)	Driver is stopped. No new data is accepted.
	Note: If the driver is in offline mode, all variables that were created for this driver receive the status switched off (OFF; Bit 20).
Driver in simulation mode	Driver is set into simulation mode. The values of all variables of the driver are simulated by the driver. No values from the connected hardware (e.g. PLC, bus system,) are displayed.
Driver in hardware mode	Driver is set into hardware mode. For the variables of the driver the values from the connected hardware (e.g. PLC, bus system,) are displayed.
Driver-specific command	Enter driver-specific commands. Opens input field in order to enter a command.
Activate driver write set value	Write set value to a driver is allowed.
Deactivate driver write set value	Write set value to a driver is prohibited.
Establish connecton with modem	Establish connection (for modem drivers) Opens the input fields for the hardware address and for the telephone number.
Disconnect from modem	Terminate connection (for modem drivers)
Driver in counting simulation mode	Driver is set into counting simulation mode. All values are initialized with $0$ and incremented in the set update time by $1$ each time up to the maximum value and then start at $0$ again.
Driver in static simulation mode	Driver is set into counting simulation mode. All values are initialized with 0.
Driver in programmed simulation mode	Driver is set into counting simulation mode. The values are calculated by a freely-programmable simulation project. The simulation project is created with the help of the zenon Logic Workbench and runs in the zenon Logic Runtime.
Show this dialog in the Runtime	The dialog is shown in Runtime so that changes can be made.



## DRIVER COMMAND FUNCTION IN THE NETWORK

If the computer on which the **Driver commands** function is executed is part of the zenon network, further actions are also carried out. A special network command is sent from the computer to the project server, which then executes the desired action on its driver. In addition, the Server sends the same driver command to the project standby. The standby also carries out the action on its driver.

This makes sure that Server and Standby are synchronized. This only works if the Server and the Standby both have a working and independent connection to the hardware.

# **10. Error analysis**

Should there be communication problems, this chapter will assist you in finding out the error.

## 10.1 Analysis tool

All zenon modules such as Editor, Runtime, drivers, etc. write messages to a joint log file. To display them correctly and clearly, use the Diagnosis Viewer (main.chm::/12464.htm) program that was also installed with zenon. You can find it under Start/All programs/zenon/Tools 8.00 -> Diagviewer.

zenon driver log all errors in the LOG files.LOG files are text files with a special structure. The default folder for the LOG files is subfolder **LOG** in the folder **ProgramData**. For example:

### %ProgramData%\COPA-DATA\LOG.

Attention: With the default settings, a driver only logs error information. With the Diagnosis Viewer you can enhance the diagnosis level for most of the drivers to "Debug" and "Deep Debug". With this the driver also logs all other important tasks and events.

In the Diagnosis Viewer you can also:

- Follow newly-created entries in real time
- customize the logging settings
- change the folder in which the LOG files are saved

#### Note:

- 1. The Diagnosis Viewer displays all entries in UTC (coordinated world time) and not in local time.
- 2. The Diagnosis Viewer does not display all columns of a LOG file per default. To display more columns activate property **Add all columns with entry** in the context menu of the column header.



- 3. If you only use **Error-Logging**, the problem description is in the column **Error text**. For other diagnosis level the description is in the column **General text**.
- 4. For communication problems many drivers also log error numbers which the PLC assigns to them. They are displayed in **Error text** or **Error code** or **Driver error parameter (1** and **2)**. Hints on the meaning of error codes can be found in the driver documentation and the protocol/PLC description.
- 5. At the end of your test set back the diagnosis level from **Debug** or **Deep Debug**. At **Debug** and **Deep Debug** there are a great deal of data for logging which are saved to the hard drive and which can influence your system performance. They are still logged even after you close the Diagnosis Viewer.

## Attention

In Windows CE errors are not logged per default due to performance reasons.

You can find further information on the Diagnosis Viewer in the Diagnose Viewer (main.chm::/12464.htm) manual.

# 10.2 Check list

Questions and hints for fault isolation:

## GENERAL TROUBLESHOOTING

- ▶ Is the PLC connected to the power supply?
- Analysis with the Diagnosis Viewers (on page 69):
   -> Which messages are displayed?
- ► Are the participants available in the **TCP/IP** network?
- Can the PLC be reached via the Ping command?

Ping: Open command line -> ping <IP address > (e.g.: ping 192.168.0.100) -> Press the Enter key.

Do you receive an answer with a time or a timeout?

Can the PLC be reached at the respective port via TELNET?

Telnet: Command line: enter: telent <IP address port number> (e. g. telnet 192,168,0,100 20000) -> press the enter key.

If the monitor turns black and the cursor blinks, a connection could be established.

 Analysis by using a network monitoring program (Sniffer, e.g. Wireshark, Microsoft Network Monitor / Microsoft Message Analyzer)



- Are you using the correct cable which is recommended by the manufacturer for the connection between the PLC and the PC?
- Did you select the right COM port?
- ▶ Do the communication parameters match (Baud rate, parity, start/stop bits,...)?
- ► Is the COM port blocked by another application?
- Did you configure the Net address in the address properties of the variable correctly?
  - Does the addressing match with the configuration in the driver dialog?
  - Does the net address match the address of the target station?
- Did you use the right object type for the variable? Example: Driver variables based on driver object type Communication details are purely statistics variables. They do not communicate with the PLC. You can find detailed information on this in the Communication details (Driver variables) (on page 56) chapter.
- Does the offset addressing of the variable match the one in the PLC?

## SOME VARIABLES REPORT INVALID.

- INVALID bits always refer to a net address.
- At least one variable of the net address is faulty.
- Class poll variables are INVALID after starting the driver as long as the integritypoll was not finished.

## VALUES ARE NOT DISPLAYED, NUMERIC VALUES REMAIN EMPTY

Under circumstances, no answer can be received from the PLC for a reading-request.

Driver is not working. Check the:

- Installation of zenon
- the driver installation
- The installation of all components
   -> Pay attention to error messages during the start of the Runtime.

#### VARIABLES ARE DISPLAYED WITH A BLUE DOT

The communication in the network is faulty:

With a network project: Is the network project also running on the server?



 With a stand-alone project or a network project which is also running on the server: Deactivate the property Read from Standby Server only in node Driver connection/Addressing.

#### VALUES ARE DISPLAYED INCORRECTLY

Check the information for the calculation in node Value calculation of the variable properties.

Check the configuration of the outsation, if the desired variation is sent (p. e.: **Float** with decimal places).

## VALUES ARE NOT DISPLAYED PROMPTLY

Check in the outstation, if events are generated for the selected values. Also check in which class they are generated. Check the polling of this event class in the driver configuration.

Check the configuration of unsolicited responses in the outstation.

#### THE TIME STAMP OF THE VARIABLE IS INCORRECT.

Check the configuration of the outstation to see whether the DNP3 objects are actually sent with a time stamp. (corresponding variation selected with time stamp.)

Check to see if the outstation uses local time or UTC and set the option in the driver configuration accordingly,

Check the time of the local computer and the time of the outstation, including settings for the time zone.

#### DRIVER FAILS OCCASIONALLY

Analysis with the Diagnosis Viewers (on page 69): -> Which messages are displayed?

Check the timeout of the response time in the driver configuration, especially with outstations with many data points and a slow connection.

With secure authentication, check to see if the **pre-shared update keys** in the driver and the outstation are identical.